

PUD-111 P15-0248, P15-0249 P15-0250 & P15-0390

EXHIBIT B

RECEIVED
JUL 21 2DIS

CITY OF PLEASANTON PLANNING DIVISION

June 25, 2015

Ms. Jenny Soo Associate Planner City of Pleasanton Post Office Box 520 Pleasanton, CA 94566

Re:

Centerpointe Presbyterian Church/Ponderosa Homes Development Application

3410 Cornerstone Court - REVISED

Dear Ms. Soo:

I am pleased to submit on behalf the of Church the enclosed development application requesting a General Plan Amendment (GPA) Rezoning (RZ), Planned Unit Development (PUD) CUP Amendments or Modifications and CEQA Initial Study for the 6.22 gross acre site bounded by Valley Avenue/Busch Road and Cornerstone Court. Twenty-seven new homes are proposed and the existing preschool will be retained. The approved private school will be constructed in the future by the operators of the preschool, however all other church structures, including the temporary stressed membrane structure (SMS) will be removed.

Background

In 2002, a GPA and RZ to the P&I land use designation was approved for this site as part of PUD-18 (authorizing the Busch/Ironwood community) along with the specific activities and hours of operation for an approximately 76,000 square foot church campus. A Design Review approval was later granted in 2004 for four buildings, including a pre-school, and a multi-level 900 seat worship sanctuary, fellowship hall and activity center. Other adjustments to the building sizes and heights were later authorized by the City bringing the campus to an overall total of approximately 90,000 square feet and on-site parking for roughly 380 vehicles.

Phase One of the master plan has been partially constructed and is now operating with a pre-school and a stressed membrane "tent" structure for worship services. The tent is permitted by a Conditional Use Permit (CUP) for a 10 year period, or through 2017. All of the on-site parking has been installed, including trees, bio-retention areas, and walkways between the buildings.

The Church has not been able to raise the funding necessary to construct the subsequent phases of the campus; therefore, the congregation has decided to sell the property with the objective of acquiring another smaller facility within the community to continue its ministry services. Ponderosa Homes and Centerpointe have had a long and established relationship built on trust and cooperation and as such, we have entered into an agreement to purchase and develop the property as presented.

Land Use Designation/Application Request

A GPA and RZ from PUD-P&I to the PUD-MDR classification is proposed for the approximate 4.28 acre portion. The approximate 1.94 acre private school site (Lot F & G) will retain the PUD-P&I however this application will also seek modification to the approved CUP to allow the private school as a stand alone use and eliminate the church campus.

The Project proposed a residential density of 6.3 units/gross acre (27 homes / 4.28 acres). This exceeds the General Plan mid-point density of 5 units/gross acre. However, it is noted for general reference purposes that the entire gross site plan is 6.22 acres.

The Montessori West requests the removal of the "Right Turn Out Only" sign on Busch Road, and approval of a new monument sign at the corner of Valley Avenue/Busch Road (see the landscape plan). Also, the school asks that there be a reassignment to a Busch Road address rather than the existing Cornerstone Court identity.

Site Planning

Our proposal consists of 27 new single-family homes on a minimum of a 3,633 square foot lot size (and and an overall average of 4,251 square feet in lot size) will essentially surround the pre-school facility which is to remain and be operated by Montessori West. The new homes and the pre-school will continue to be accessed from Cornerstone Court which is a private 20 foot wide (no parking) street. This street will be extended and widened to the west to a paved width of 28 feet to accommodate street parking on one side only. A second 24 foot wide private street (no parking) will be extended to the south of Cornerstone Court to serve six homes on Lot 22-27. Six stalls will be designated for these six residences at Lot G nearby, and a pedestrian connection is provided across the open space/bioretention area for resident access. An EVA is provided at the end of this private lane to allow emergency vehicles to exit onto Irowood Drive if necessary. A driveway travel aisle which runs north-south across Lot F and Lot G connecting Cornerstone Court and Busch Road has been redesigned, thus allowing an efficient and convenient access for the school without impacting the new homes. And yet, pedestrians will be able to walk to the school from various points of access within the Ironwood Community (such as Madsen Court, Ironwood Drive, etc.) as well as from the Iron Horse Trail.

These are the same homes approved by the City at the Wagner Property (aka "Ivy Lane") which are now under construction. The three, two-story floor plans will range in size from 2,211 - 2,262 - 2,685 square feet making the FAR a maximum of 0.69 (at five lots only). This maximum FAR Each floor plan will have two different elevation styles — a Cottage or Craftsman (Elevation 'A' and 'B' respectively) and a mix of six different exterior color schemes selected to provide variety across the 27 new homes. However, per Staff recommendations, a third elevation style — Spanish (Elevation C) was added for the Plan 3, thus providing more styles within the new neighborhood. Regarding FAR, the smallest lot of 3,633 square feet will have a maximum FAR of 0.62. The Site Plan shows a detailed break-down of the range of FAR and instances where pre-plotting of home and/or elevation style will occur. These lot sizes and corresponding FARs are not inconsistent with the Ivy Lane Community where FAR is a maximum of 0.71 on similarly sized lots. As well, the lots in Ironwood at the Villages and Classics have roughly 8 floor plans total ranging anywhere between 1,900 square feet to approximately 3,200 square feet. Thus, the Project presents yet another housing choice for buyers within Ironwood that is compatible with these surrounding neighborhoods.

The maximum height will be 30'-8" as indicated on the Plan 3, and the maximum permitted height is identified at 31 feet.

Two-car garages and driveways sufficient to accommodate another two vehicles are provided, and street parking will total 24 stalls for the 27 new homes. Due to a recent increase in the radius of the fire department cul-de-sac (96 feet curb-to-curb) additional street parking was limited at the bulb. This is consistent with the City's informal guideline to provide one street space per home.

Shared Access & Maintenance Agreement

A draft shared access and maintenance agreement was submitted to Staff to demonstrate areas of independent and shared responsibility for streets, open space/bioretention, parking, and landscape/irrigation areas between PPC/Ponderosa, Montessori West, and Busch Gardens. This will also clearly identify the parking stalls designated for the school, Gardens, and future residents. We will continue to work with the Gardens, PCP and Montessori West, as well as the Ironwood HOA to refine the scope and budget costs. However, Ponderosa is committed to a shared responsibility with the Ironwood HOA for the existing landscape/irrigation maintenance (within the PSE) along Busch Road and Valley Avenue.

<u>Pre-school / Future Private School Facility/Gardens Apartments</u>

The single-story facility has been leased with an option to purchase by a private operator, Montessori West, which had its Grand Opening in October 2014. The 1.64 acre site designated for the pre-school has been determined in consultation with the new owner(s) based on their needs for outdoor playground, location of drop-off and pick up. The pre-school will operate in the same hours and in compliance with the governing PUD and CUP which authorizing the facility when it was operated by the Church. The total of 44 stalls distributed in Lot F and Lot G for the facility exceeds the City's standard of one space per employee, including teachers and administrators, and the otherwise required one space for each four students in grade 10 or above is not applicable in this instance. In summary, per the City code, 28 stalls is required and the project provides a minimum of 44 stalls. This provides 16 extra spaces for drop-off/pick-up of children which Montessori West feels is appropriate per their experience.

The Project will provide additional parking for the Gardens apartments. Our experience over the past 10 years has shown that the originally required and constructed ratio of 0.726 stalls/unit (or 125 spaces for 172 apartments) does not fully meet the need of our senior residents and their visitors particularly during holiday and special events. Therefore, the Church and The Gardens have an agreement by which 16 spaces (12 in Lot F and four spaces along the north side of Cornerstone Court) are for the apartment residents' use.

Other Project Amenities

A masonry boundary wall will be constructed along the Iron Horse Trail corridor and along Busch Road to match the existing wall treatment within the Ironwood Community. This includes decorative pilasters at various intervals and the preservation (or extension) of the existing split-rail fencing along Ironwood Drive and Busch Road. This will help buffer traffic noise and lights, present additional security, and result in an attractive well-landscaped streetscape. When combined with the ample setbacks from either Valley and Busch (130-140 feet and a minimum of 26 feet respectively), the new masonry walls will be screened by a number of landscaped layers. New trees will also be planted in the Iron Horse Trail corridor and at the Valley/Busch intersection as a community amenity. As always, landscape/irrigation will be drought-tolerant and wind-resistant native-type species. We propose no-turf front yard areas,

but retaining turf at the bio-retention areas if needed. Trees will provide shading in the parking lot where canopies can shield the pavement due to sun orientation unless a median is used for bio-retention and water quality treatment of the surfaces. As an amenity to enhancing the streetscape, the Project will plant additional trees within the Iron Horse Trail Corridor, and we will work with the Ironwood HOA to remove and replace the existing turf within the Valley Avenue street right-of-way with a drought-tolerant, water conserving approach, if desired by that association. We will also enhance the landscape at the Valley/Busch intersection.

We look forward to presenting the Project to the Planning Commission and City Council as well as the community at the soonest opportunity. I always welcome questions and an opportunity to respond, so do not hesitate to contact me at phardy@ponderosahomes.com to discuss the project design and/or request additional information.

Very truly yours,

PONDEROSA HOMES II, INC.

Pamela J. Hardy Senior Manager

CC:

Jeff Schroeder, Senior VP Linda Morasch, CFO/ Gardens Managing Partner Mark Sweeney, Gardens Managing Partner Pastor Mike Barris, Cornerstone Presbyterian Church

ENC:

Project Plans - One (1) CD
Acoustic Report, Jeff Pack Associates, Jun 2015
Growth Management Application Fee, Check No. 3857

Master Plan for Preschool and Elementary School – Montessori West

Existing Bldg.

Existing Classroom Building 6 classrooms (Rooms1-6) – 20 children each, preschool program, 12 teachers.

Existing Administration Office 2 Administrators.

Existing Classroom Building, 2 classrooms (Rooms 7-8) – 15 children each, elementary program, 2 teachers.

New 2-Story Classroom Building 6 classrooms – 24 students each, elementary program, 12 teachers.

28 Staff at full capacity. 294 Students at full capacity.

20 drop-off spaces including handicapped parking.

Currently the preschool is licensed to serve 150 students utilizing rooms 1-8. The current CUP permits up to 200 students. Current operational hours are Monday to Friday, 7:00 AM. - 6:00 PM. Drop-off times in the morning begin at 7:00 AM. and are normally done by 9:30 AM. Approximately Usually about half of the students are part time and will depart between 11:00 AM and 12:30 PM with another 50 arriving between 12:30 PM and 1:00 PM for the afternoon session. We encourage carpooling and find in our present location that many parents do share carpooling duties. In the evenings, we expect that parents would begin picking up their children beginning at 3 PM. and ending at 6:00 PM.

PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT

THE VILLAS AT IRONWOOD

CITY OF PLEASANTON, ALAMEDA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

FOR: PONDEROSA HOMES

PUD-111 P15-0248, P15-0249 P15-0250 & P15-0390 RECEIVED July 21, 2015 EXHIBIT B



LEGEND

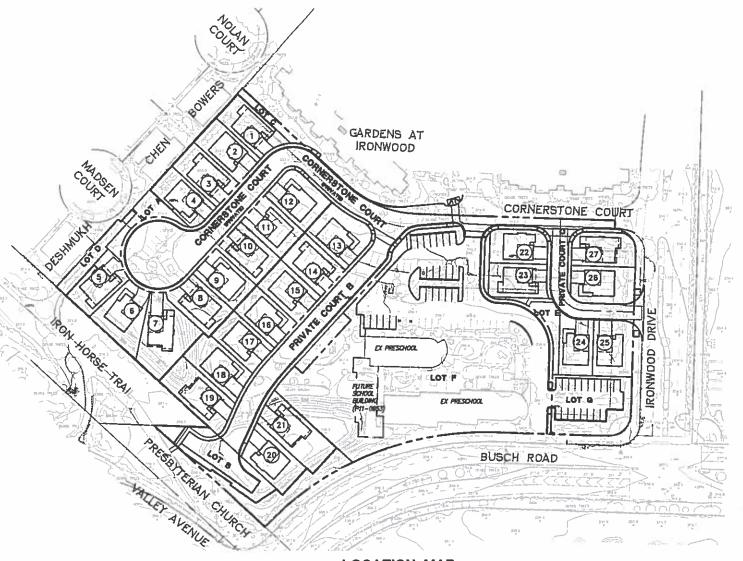
PROPOSED	DESCRIPTION	EXISTING
	TRACT BOUNDARY	
	LOT LINE	
	RIGHT OF WAY	
	CENTER LINE	
	MATCH LINE	
(RETAINING WALL	
	EASEMENT LINE	CV 10°CO
√ /2.50	STORM DRAIN	FX 12°50
	SANITARY SEWER	FX 12°SS
	WATER	EX 8"W
	CURB & GUTTER	NO RE
Company of the control of the contro	SIDEWALK	
	OVERHEAD UTILITIES	
•	JOINT POLE	-
~ ~ ~ ~ ·	EARTH OR GRASS SWALE	
	CONCRETE DITCH	
444444	EXISTING UTILITY TO BE REMOVED/ABONDONED,	AS NOTED
-	STORM WATER INLET	
8	FIELD INLET	
•	AREA DRAIN	
•	MANHOLE	0
◀	FIRE HYDRANT	ৰ
••	BLOW OFF	•
•	SANITARY SEWER CLEAN	OUT •
ы	WATER VALVE	M
- ≭	STREET LIGHT	-¤
⊕	MONUMENT	•
	TRAFFIC SIGN	-
+	STREET NAME SIGN	
-x-x-x-x-x	FENCE	
	BARRICADE	
}─ ─┤	SLOPE	
100	HANDICAP RAMP	
150	CONTOUR ELEVATIONS	746
* ziz's	SPOT ELEVATION	+525.2
	ASPHALT PAVEMENT	
ICC;CCI	BIORETENTION AREA	

ABBREVIATIONS

MAINTENANCE EASEMENT

AC	ASPHALT CONCRETE	MH	MANHOLE
AD	AREA DRAIN	OH	OVERHEAD UTILITIES
BC .	BEGINNING OF CURVE	PAE	PRIVATE ACCESS EASEMENT
BVC	BEGIN VERTICAL CURVE	PCC	POINT OF COMPOUND CURVE
80	BLOW OFF	PL	PROPERTY LINE
8W	BOTTOM OF WALL	PRC	POINT OF REVERSE CURVE
α	CENTER LINE	PSDE	PRIVATE STORM DRAIN EASEMENT
CMP	CORRUGATED METAL PIPE	PSE	PUBLIC SERVICE EASEMENT
CP .	CENTER POINT	PVC	POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE
DWY	DRIVEWAY	PV	POINT OF VERTICAL INTERSECTION
DIP	DUCTILE IRON PIPE	ROP	REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE
EC	END OF CURVE	RET	CURB RETURN
ESVT	EASEMENT	RW	RIGHT OF WAY
EVC	END VERTICAL CURVE	SDE	STORM DRAIN EASEMENT
EVAE	EMERGENCY VEHICLE ACCESS EASEMENT	SNS	STREET NAME SIGN
EX	EXISTING	50	SIDE OPENING INVERT
FC	FACE OF CURB	5500	SANITARY SEWER CLEAN OUT
FG	FINISHED GRADE	SSE	SANITARY SEWER EASEMENT
PH	FIRE HYDRANT	STA	STATION
F	FIELD INLET	51#	STORM WATER INLET
FL	FLOW LINE	5WK	SIDEWALK
GB .	GRADE BREAK	TC	TOP OF CURB
GR	GRATE	TW	TOP OF WALL
HP	HIGH POINT	149.4	WATER METER
INV	INVERT ELEVATION	VC	VERTICAL CURVE
JP -	JOINT POLE	VCP	VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE

LANDSCAPE EASEMENT LOW POINT



LOCATION MAP

PROJECT TEAM

Civil Engineering & Planning

Ruggeri-Jensen-Azar 4880 Chabot Drive, Suite 200 Pleasanton, CA 94588 Contact: Kirk Myers (925) 227-9100

Architecture

William Hezmaihaich Architects inc. 2850 Redhill Avenue, Suite 200 Santa Ana, CA 92705 Contact: Robert Lee (949) 250-0807

Landscape Architecture

Ripley Deelgn Group 1615 Bonanza Street, Suite S14 Walnut Creek, CA 94696 Contact: Annika Carpenter (925) 938-7377

Applicant

Ponderosa Homes II, Inc. 6130 Stoneridge Mall Road, 6185 Pleasanton, CA 94588 Contact: Jeff Schroeder 1925) 460-8910

SHEET INDEX

SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION

PLANNING, ENGINEERING

- C-1 COVER SHEET
- C-2 EXISTING EXISTING CONDITIONS
- C-3 PRELIMINARY SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN
- C-4 GRADING AND UTILITY PLAN
- C-5 STORMWATER TREATMENT PLAN
- C-6 SLOPE CLASSIFICATION MAP

PLANNING, ARCHITECTURE

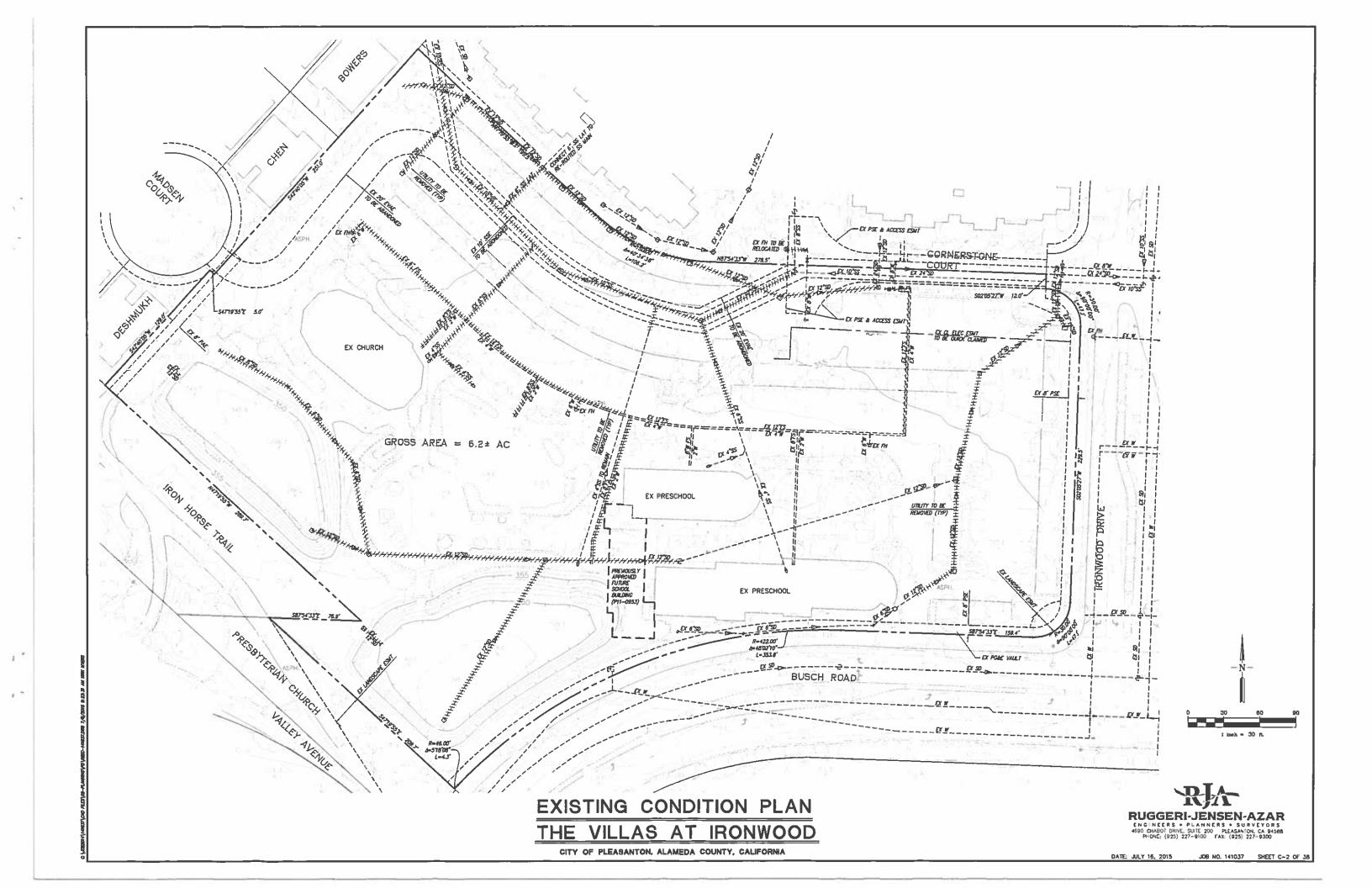
SS-1 SINGLE FAMILY CONCEPTUAL STREETSCENE
A1-1 PLAN 1 FIRST & SECOND FLOOR PLANS
A1-2 PLAN 1 ROOF PLANS
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CM-2 COLOR & MATERIALS SCHEME 2
CM-3 COLOR & MATERIALS SCHEME 4
CM-5 COLOR & MATERIALS SCHEME 5
CM-6 COLOR & MATERIALS SCHEME 6
CM-7 COLOR & MATERIALS SCHEME 6
CM-7 COLOR & MATERIALS SCHEME 6
CM-7 COLOR & MATERIALS SCHEME 6

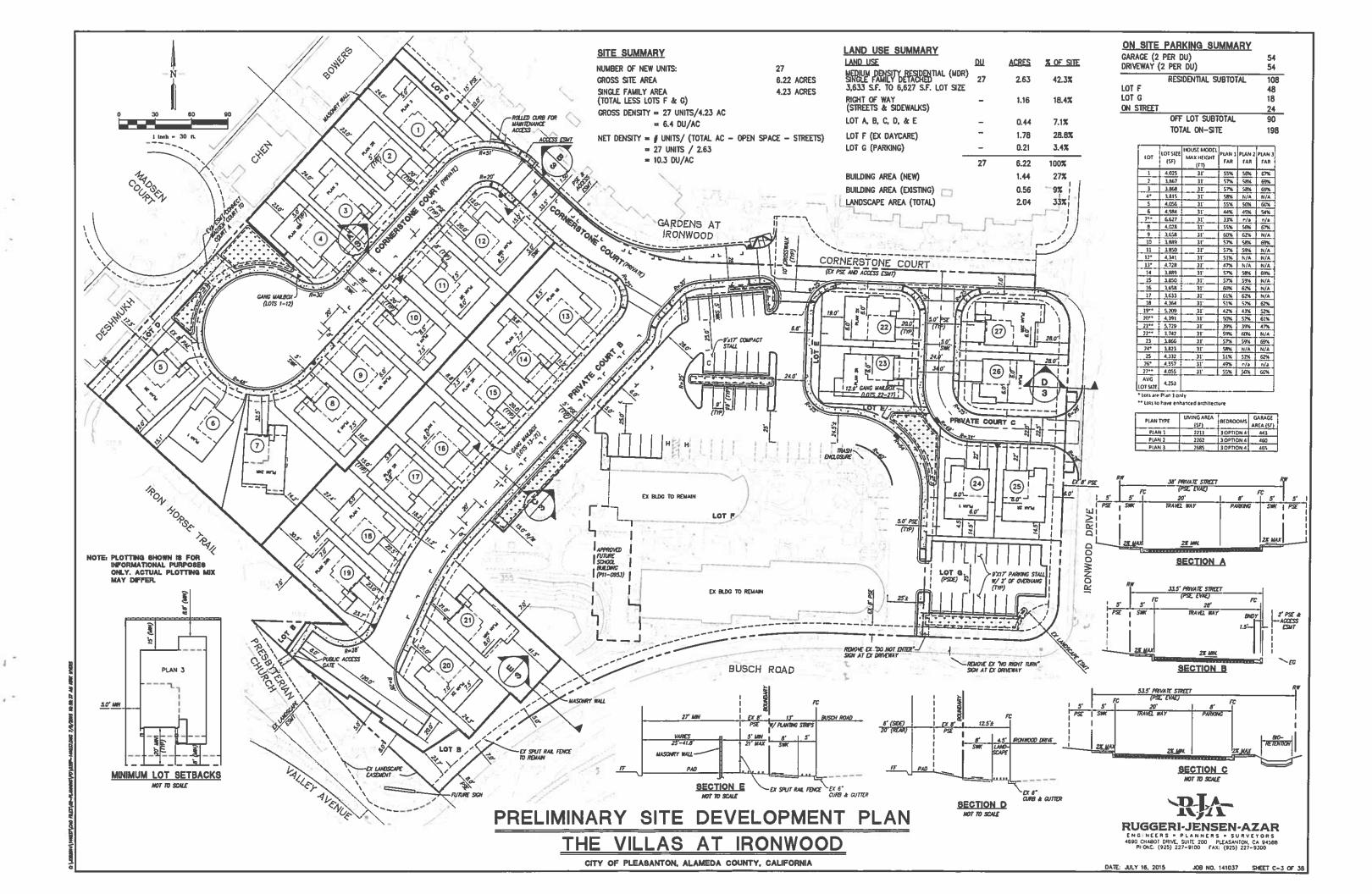
PLANNING, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

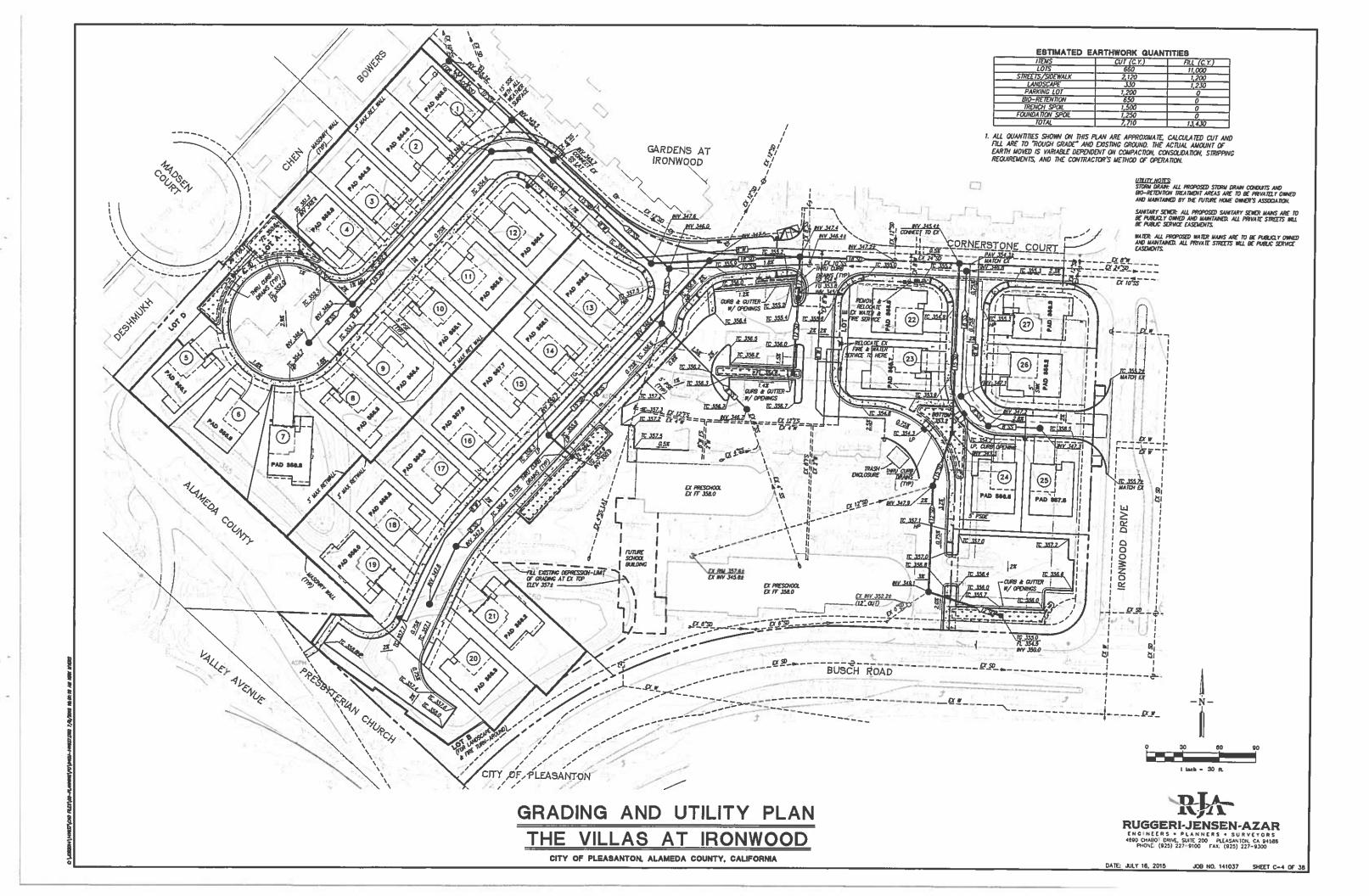
- L1 PRELIMINARY LANDSCAPE SITE PLAN
 L2 PRELIMINARY FRONT YARD TYPICAL PRODUCTION LANSCAPE
- L3 PRELIMINARY LANDSCAPE DETAILS

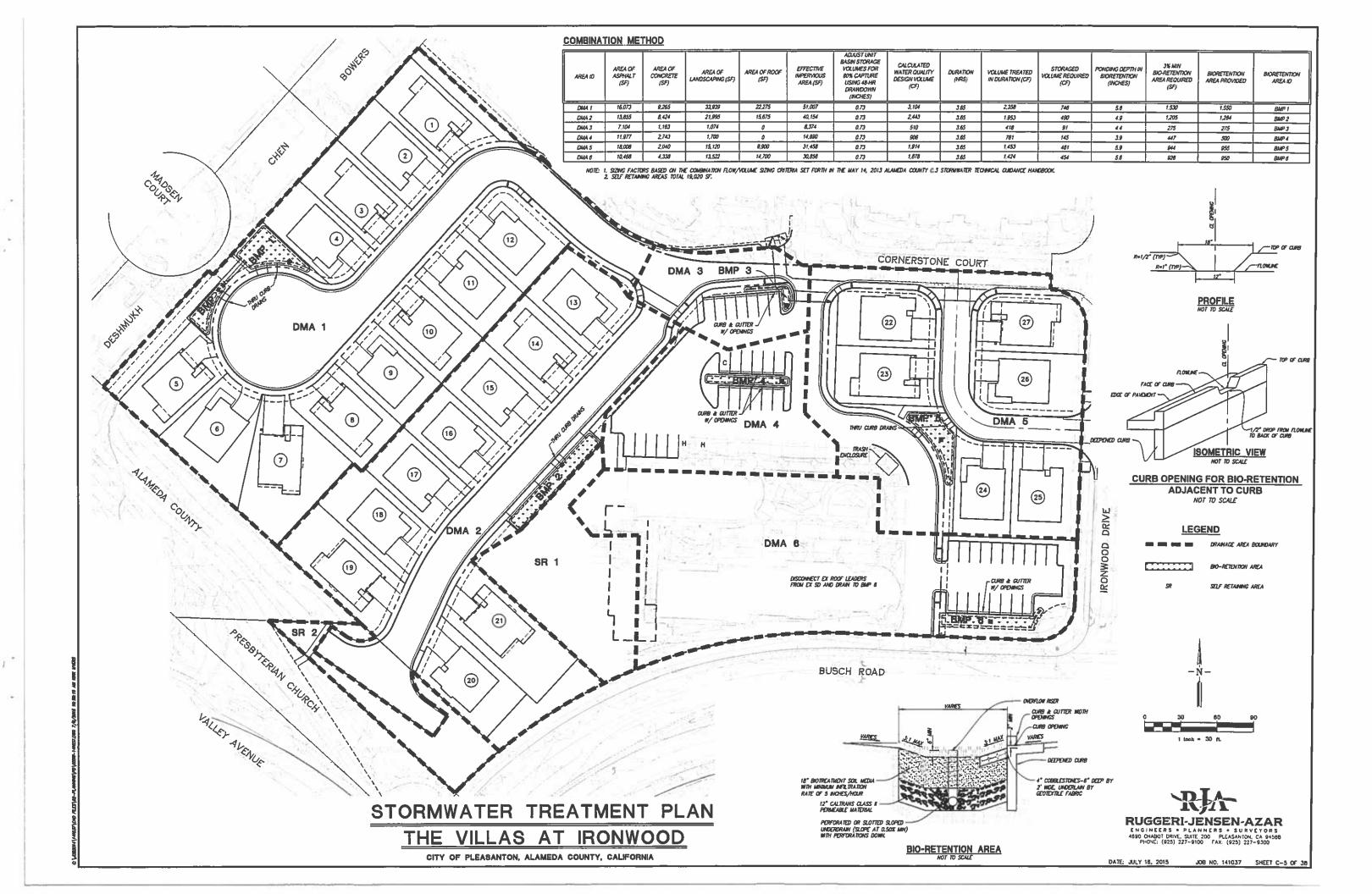
TREE ASSESSMENT PLAN

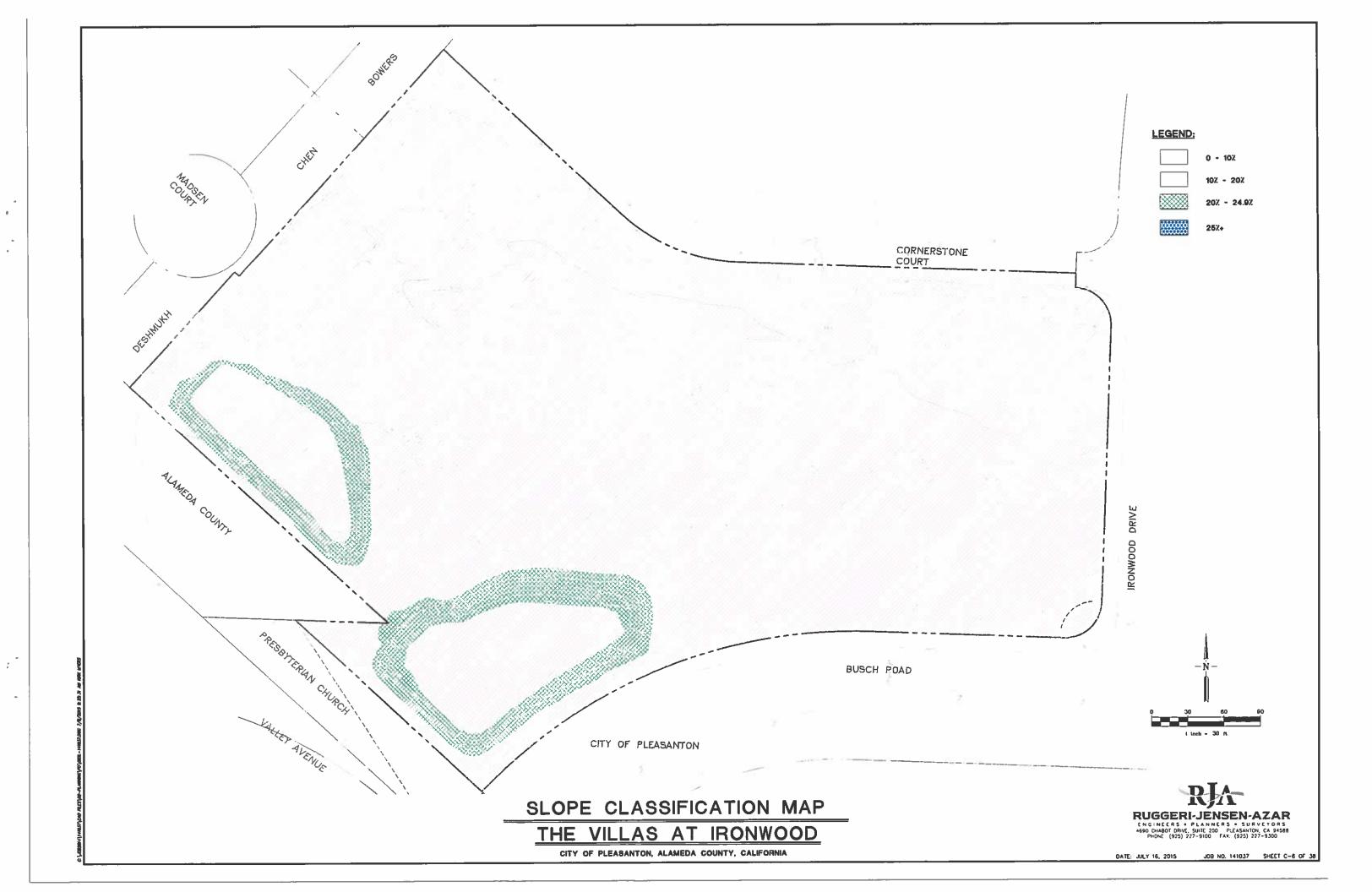
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PREPARED FOR:

PONDEROSA HOMES

CONTACT:

JEFF SCHROEDER

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T (650) 857-0122 F (650) 842-4471

PREPARED BY:



CONTACT:

ROBERT LEE ADAM GARDNER

WILLIAM HEZMALHALCH ARCHITECTS 5000 Executive Pkwy, Suite 375 San Ramon, CA 94583 T (925) 463-1700 F (949) 250-1529



Site Aerial

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PROJECT DATA:

SITE AREA : 6.2 AC (Gross)

LOCATION: CITY OF PLEASANTON, CA

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH







Plan 3B - Craftsman Plan 3C - Spanish Plan 2AR - Cottage Plan 1B - Craftsman

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JUNE 19, 2015

SINGLE FAMILY CONCEPTUAL STREETSCENE

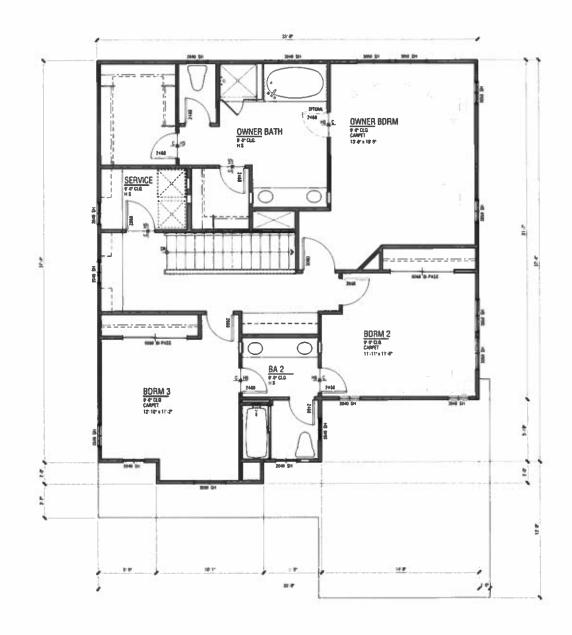
CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

City of Pleasanton, CA



NOTE - Artist conception; colors, materials and application may vary.

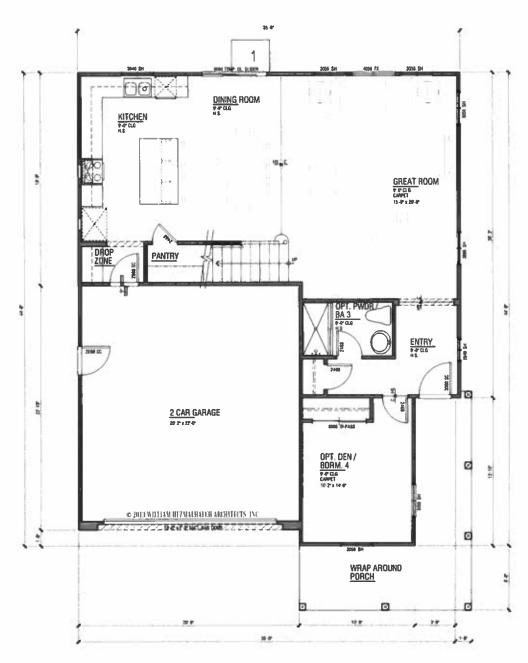




Upper Floor - 1,206 SF



Plan 1 2,211 SF 4 Bdrm/3 Ba 2 Car Garage



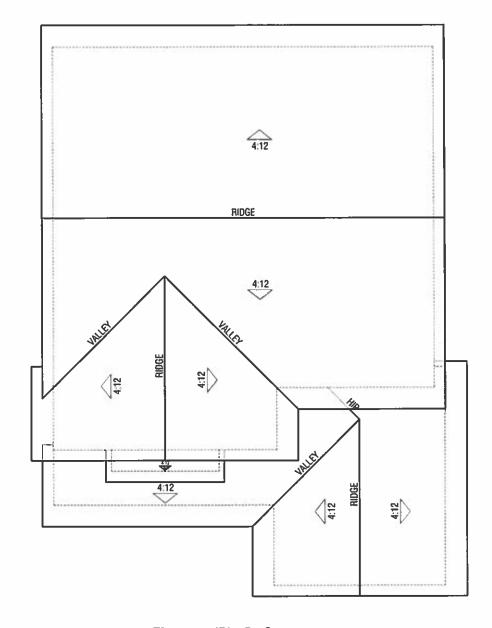
Lower Floor - 1,005 SF



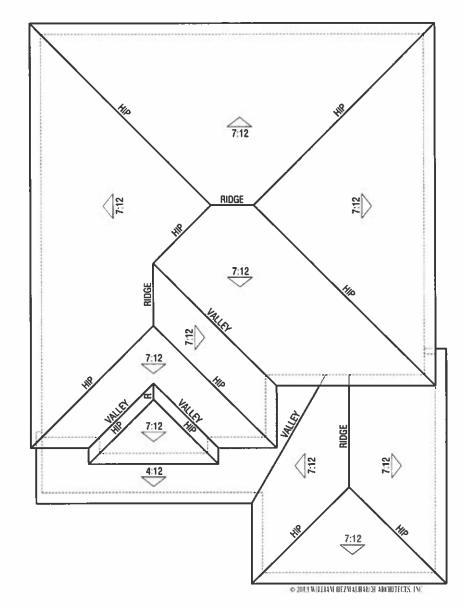


JUNE 17, 2015

2014036



Elevation 'B' - Craftsman



Elevation 'A' - Cottage



Plan 1 2,211 SF 4 Bdrm/3 Ba 2 Car Garage





JUNE 19, 2015

2014036







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Elevation 'B' - Craftsman: Color Scheme 5

ROOF: FASCIA: GABLE: WALL:

COMPOSITION SHINGLE ROOF

2 x 6 BARGE BOARD & WOOD OUTLOOKER
HORIZONTAL LAP SIDING
STUCCO OVER FOAM TRIM PER ARCHITECTURAL STYLE
VINYL WINDOW FRAMES WITH MULLION
WOOD COLUMN WITH MANUFACTURED STONE VENEER BASE
PREFABRICATED SHUTTERS AND EATHY DOOR ACCENT COLOR
METAL SECTIONAL DAIL LID CARAGE DOORD FED ARCHITECTURAL TRIM: WINDOW: ACCENTS: GARAGE INHIR:

METAL SECTIONAL ROLL-UP GARAGE DOOR PER ARCHITECTURAL STYLE, WITH GLASS LITES

Plan 1 2,211 SF 4 Bdrm/3 Ba 2 Car Garage

Elevation 'A' - Cottage: Color Scheme 2

COMPOSITION SHINGLE ROOF 2 x 6 BARGE BOARD ROOF: FASCIA: WALL:

TRIM:

WINDOW: ACCENTS:

2X O BARGE BUAND
STUCCO
STUCCO OVER FOAM TRIM PER ARCHITECTURAL STYLE
VINYL WINDOW FRAMES WITH MULLION
WOOD COLUMN WITH SHAPED BRACE AND WOOD RAILING AT PORCH
PREFABRICATED SHUTTERS AND EXTRY DOOR ACCENT COLOR
BYOOD ATTUS MEPLL BOTCHEL MEE

DECORATIVE METAL POTSHELVES
METAL SECTIONAL ROLL-UP GARAGE DOOR PER ARCHITECTURAL
STYLE WITH GLASS LITES GARAGE DOOR:

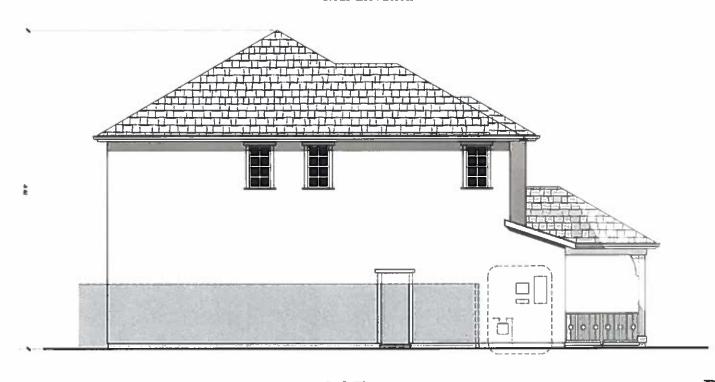
CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH







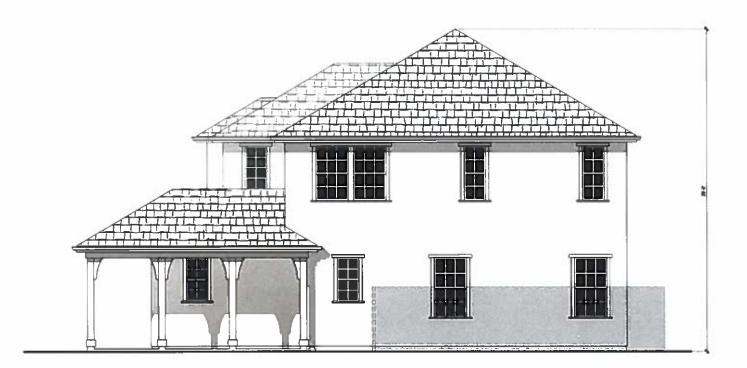
Rear Elevation



Left Elevation



Plan 1
Elevation 'A' - Cottage
2,211 SF



Right Elevation



Front Elevation





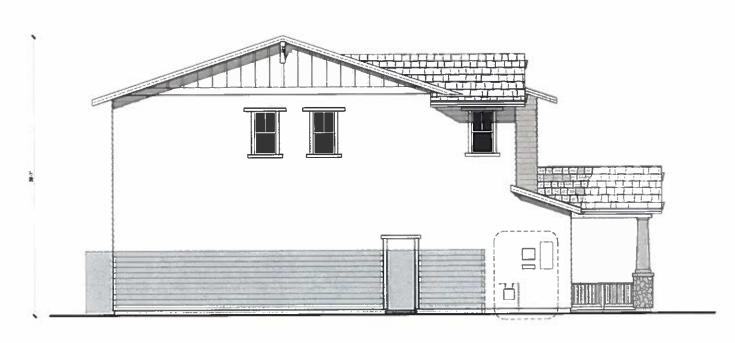




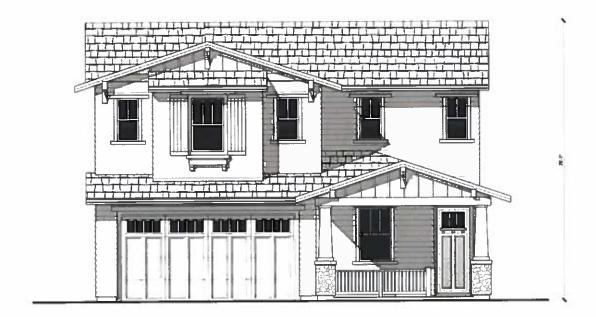
Rear Elevation



Right Elevation



Left Elevation



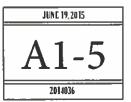
Front Elevation



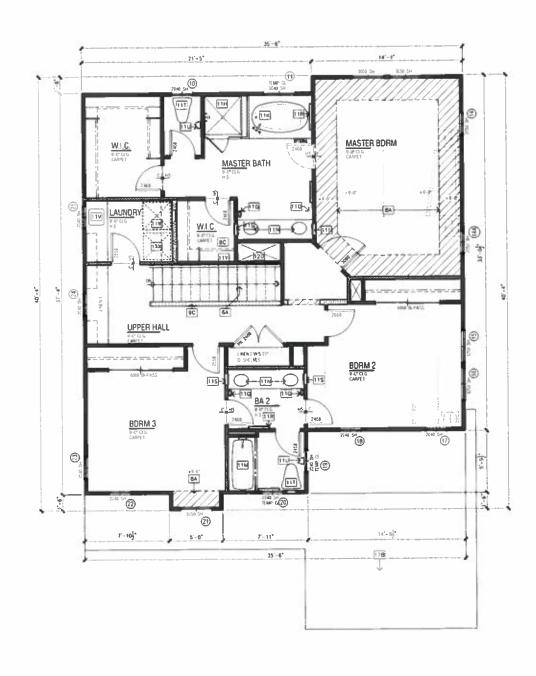
Plan 1 Elevation 'B' - Craftsman 2,211 SF





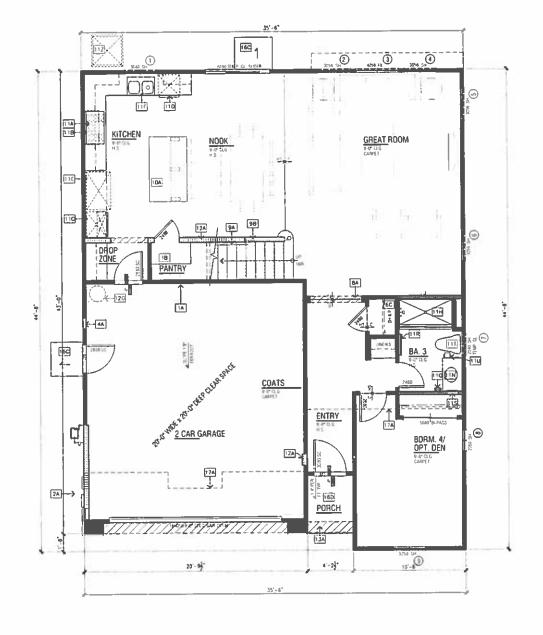


CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH





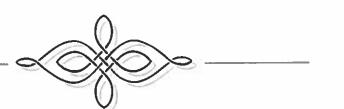
Upper Floor - 1,198 SF



Plan 2 2,233-2,241 SF 4 Bdrm/3 Ba 2 Car Garage

Lower Floor - 1,056 - 1,064 SF

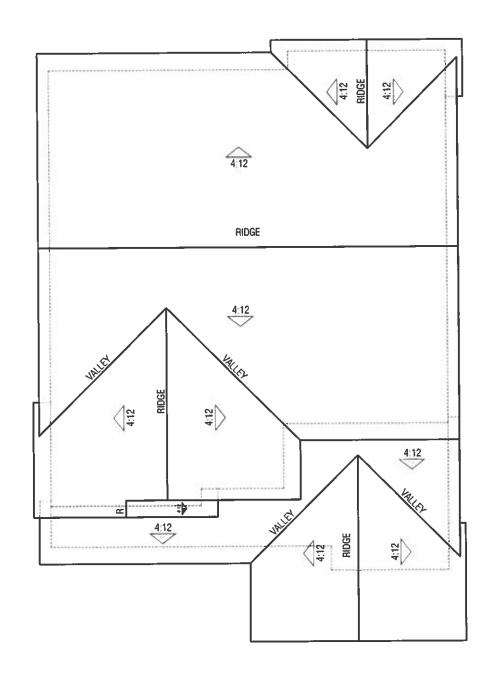


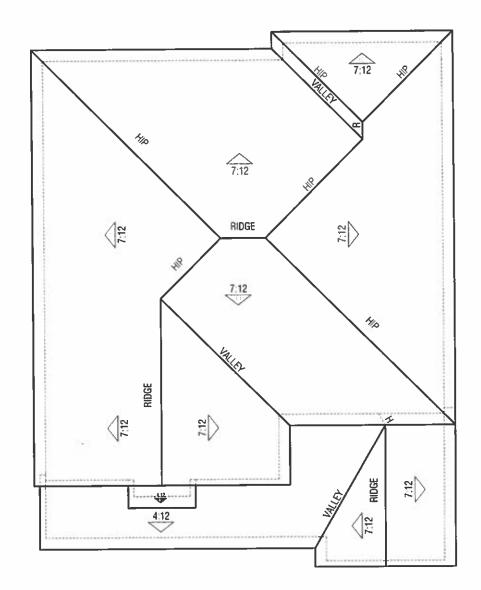




JUNE 19, 2015

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH





Plan 2 2,254-2,262 SF 4 Bdrm/3 Ba 2 Car Garage



CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

City of Pleasanton, CA





JUNE 19, 2015





Elevation 'B' - Craftsman: Color Scheme 4

COMPOSITION SHINGLE ROOF 2 x 6 BARGE BOARD & WOOD OUTLOOKER HORIZONTAL LAP SIDING

ROOF: FASCIA: GABLE: WALL: TRIM:

HORIZONTAL LAP SIDING
STUCCO R HORIZONTAL LAP SIDING
STUCCO OVER FOAM TRIM PER ARCHITECTURAL STYLE
VINYL WINDOW FRAMES WITH MULLION
WOOD COLUMN WITH MANUFACTURED STONE VENEER BASE
ENTRY DOOR ACCENT COLOR
METAL SECTIONAL ROLLUP GARAGE DOOR PER ARCHITECTURAL

WINDOW: ACCENTS:

GARAGE DOOR:

STYLE, WITH GLASS LITES

Plan 2

2,254-2,262 SF 4 Bdrm/3 Ba 2 Car Garage

Elevation 'A' - Cottage: Color Scheme 3

ROOF: FASCIA: GABLE:

WALL

WINDOW: ACCENTS:

COMPOSITION SHINGLE ROOF

2 x 6 BARGE BOARD
LOUVERED VENT WITH TRIM
STUCCO
STUCCO OVER FOAM TRIM PER ARCHITECTURAL STYLE
VINYL WINDOW FRAMES WITH MULLION
WOOD COLUMN WITH SHAPED BRACE
PREFABRICATED SHUTHERS AND ENTRY DOOR ACCENT COLOR
MANUFACTURED STONE VENEER
METAL SECTIONAL ROLL-UP GARAGE DOOR PER ARCHITECTURAL
STYLE. WITH GLASS LITES STONE: GARAGE DOOR:



CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

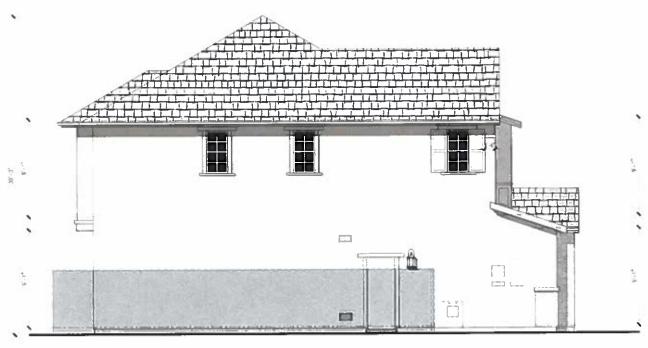




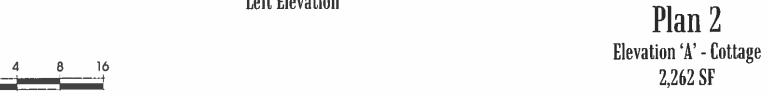




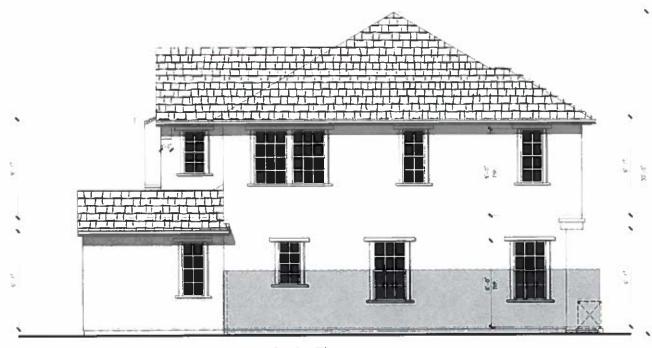
Rear Elevation



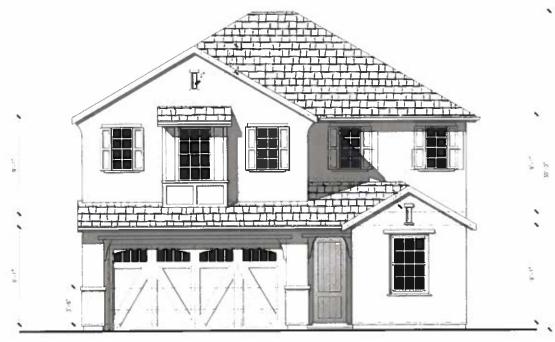
Left Elevation







Right Elevation



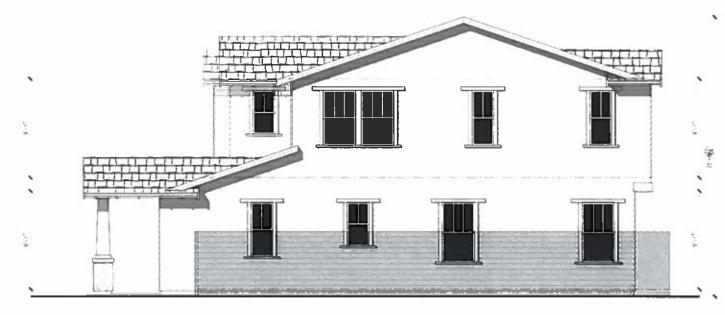
Front Elevation



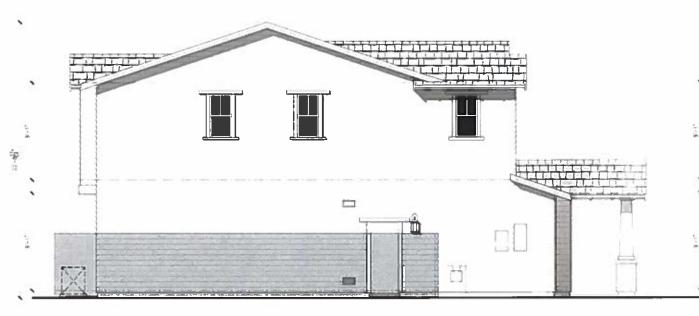




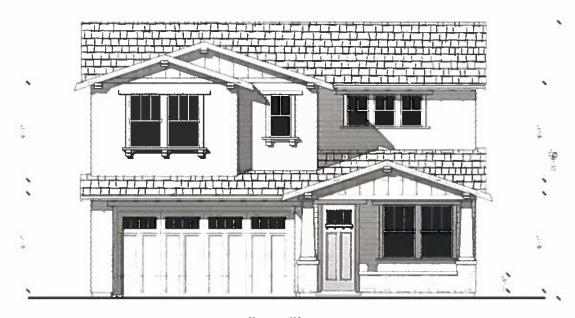
Rear Elevation



Right Elevation



Left Elevation



Front Elevation



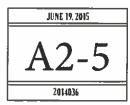
Elevation 'B' - Craftsman 2,254 SF

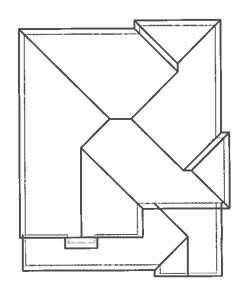


CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

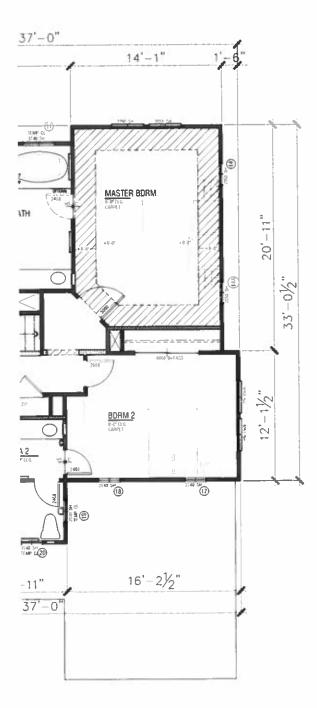






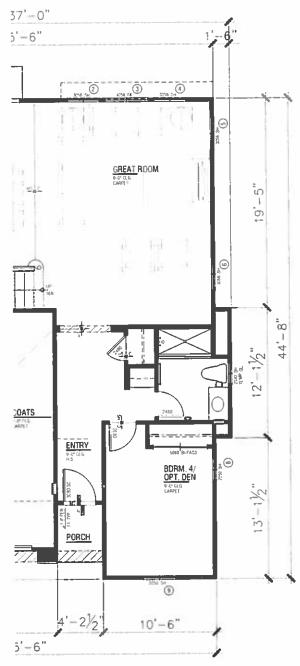


Roof Plan



Upper Floor - +18SF

Plan 2X
Partial Floor Plans



Lower Floor - +10 SF

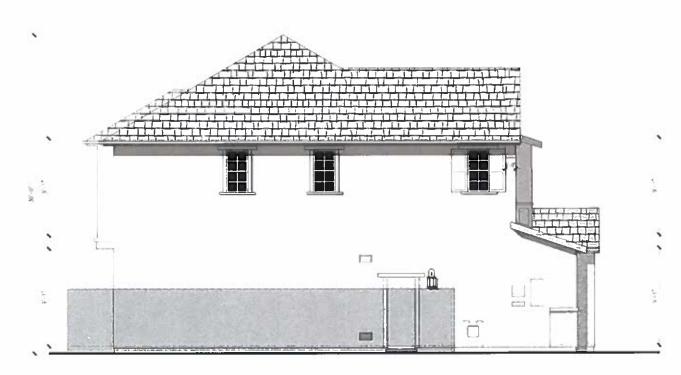


JUNE 19, 2015

2014036



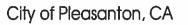
Rear Elevation

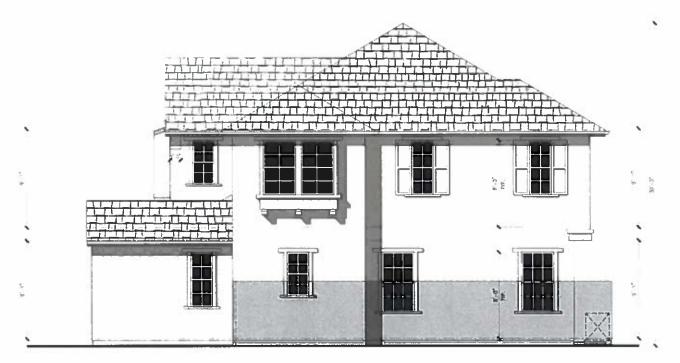


Left Elevation



CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH





Right Elevation

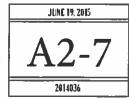


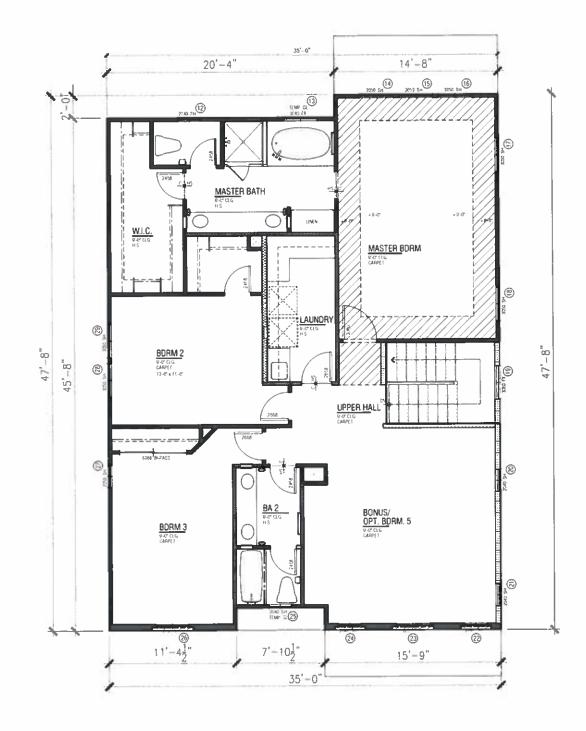
Front Elevation Color Scheme 3





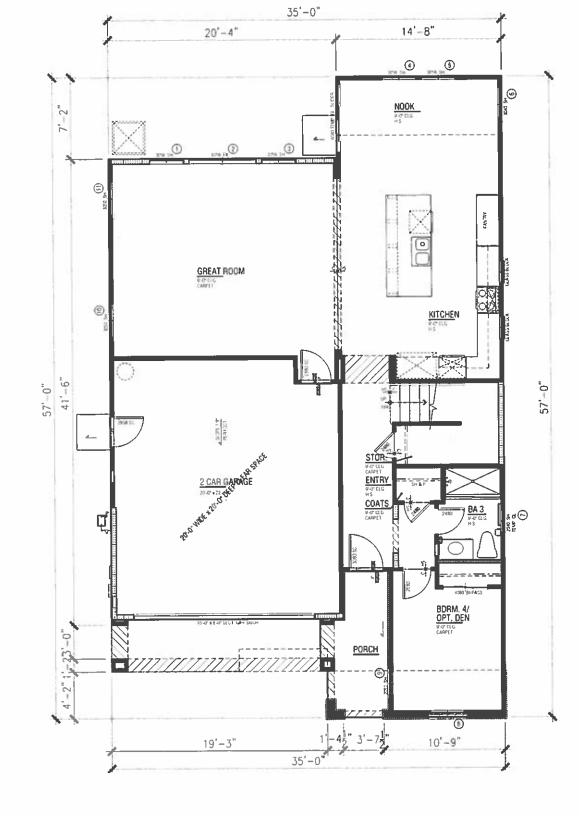








Plan 3 2,685 SF 4 Bdrm/3 Ba 2 Car Garage



Lower Floor - 1,177 SF



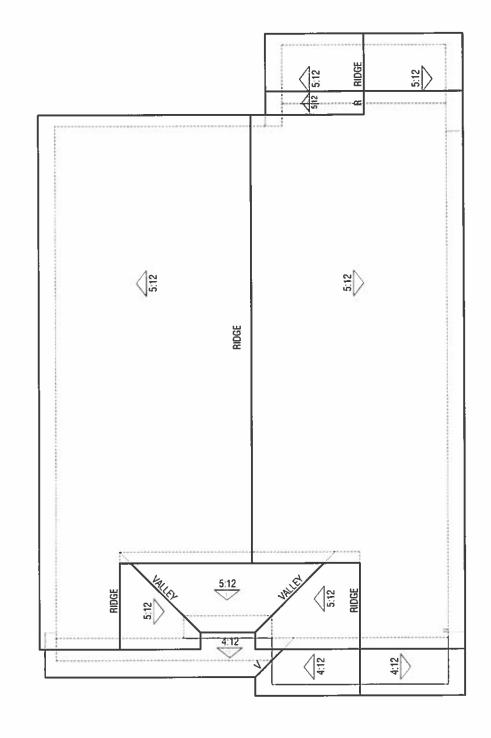
City of Pleasanton, CA





JUNE 19, 2015

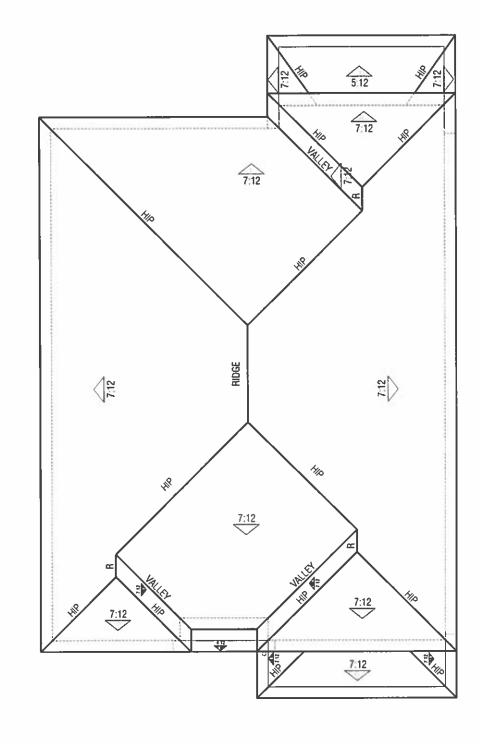
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Elevation 'B' - Craftsman





Elevation 'A' - Cottage



JUNE 19, 2015

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Elevation 'A' - Cottage

ROOE

COMPOSITION SHINGLE ROOF

FASCIA: WALL: 2 x 6 BARGE BOARD

TRIM:

STUCCO STUCCO OVER FOAM TRIM PER ARCHITECTURAL STYLE

WINDOW:

VINYL WINDOW FRAMES WITH MULLION PREFABRICATED SHUTTERS AND ENTRY DOOR ACCENT COLOR

ACCENTS: STONE:

MANUFACTURED STONE VENEER

GARAGE DOOR:

METAL SECTIONAL ROLL-UP GARAGE DOOR PER ARCHITECTURAL

STYLE WITH GLASS LITES

Elevation 'C' - SPANISH

ROOF: FASCIA: TERRA COTTA 'S' TILE ROOF 2 x 6 DARGE BOARD

FASCIA: WALL:

STUCCO

ž STI

TRIM: WINDOW: STUCCO OVER FOAM TRIM PER ARCHITECTURAL STYLE VINYL WINDOW FRAMES WITH MULLION

ACCENTS:

PREFABRICATED SHUTTERS AND ENTRY DOOR ACCENT COLOR

GARAGE DOOR:

METAL SECTIONAL ROLL-UP GARAGE DOOR ACCEST COURA

STYLE, WITH GLASS LITES



Elevation 'A' - Cottage

Color Scheme 1



Elevation 'C' - Spanish Color Scheme 7



Plan 3 2,685 SF 4 Bdrm/3 Ba 2 Car Garage



Elevation 'B' - CRAFTSMAN

FASCIA:

GABLE:

WALL:

TRIM:

WINDOW:

ACCENTS:

GARAGE DOOR:

COMPOSITION SHINGLE ROOF

HORIZONTAL LAP SIDING

EXTRY DOOR ACCENT COLOR

STYLE, WITH GLASS LITES

2 x 6 BARGE BOARD, WOOD OUTLOOKER & RAFTER TAILS

STUCCO OVER FOAM TRIM PER ARCHITECTURAL STYLE

WOOD COLUMNS WITH MANUFACTURED STONE VENEER BASE

METAL SECTIONAL ROLL-UP GARAGE DOOR PER ARCHITECTURAL

Elevation 'B' - Craftsman Color Scheme 5



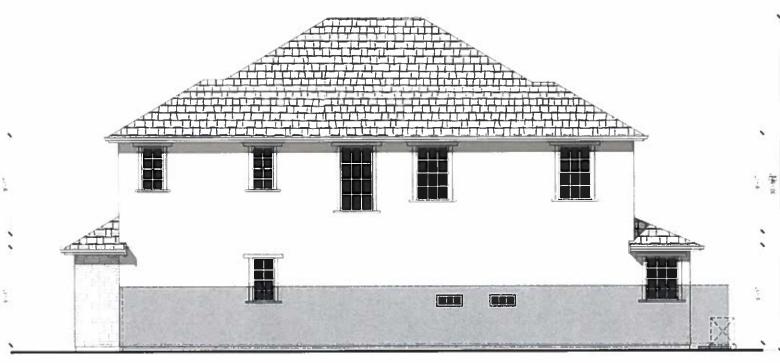


JUNE 19, 2015

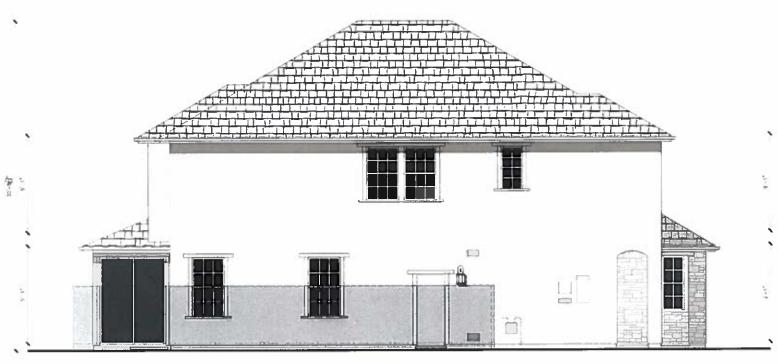
2014036



Rear Elevation



Right Elevation



Left Elevation



Front Elevation

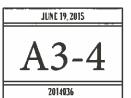


Plan 3
Elevation 'A' - Cottage
2,685 SF



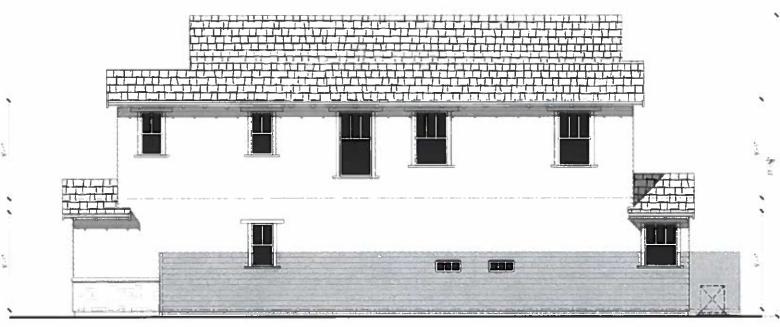




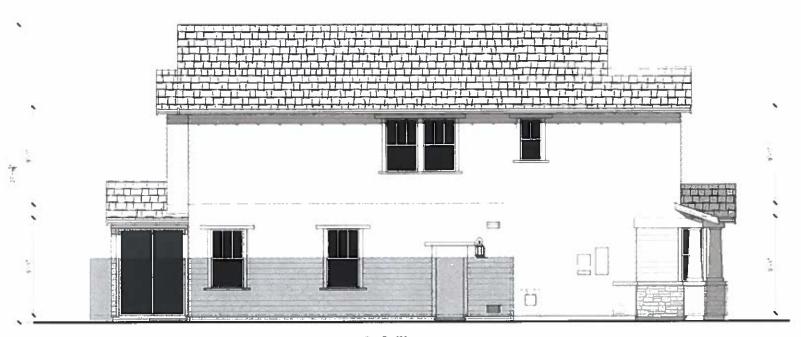




Rear Elevation



Right Elevation



Left Elevation



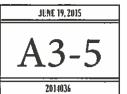
Front Elevation

Plan 3
Elevation 'B' - Craftsman 2,685 SF



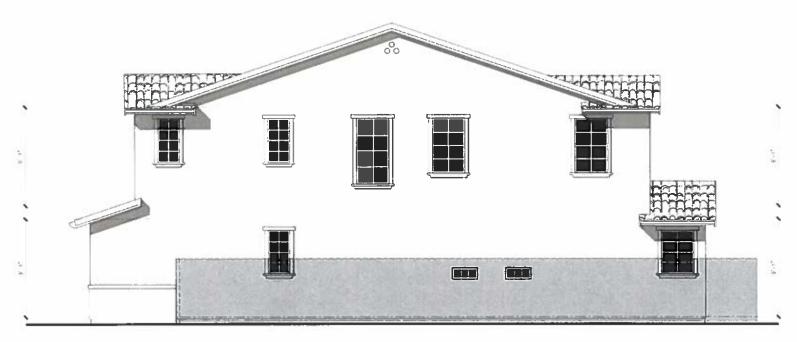




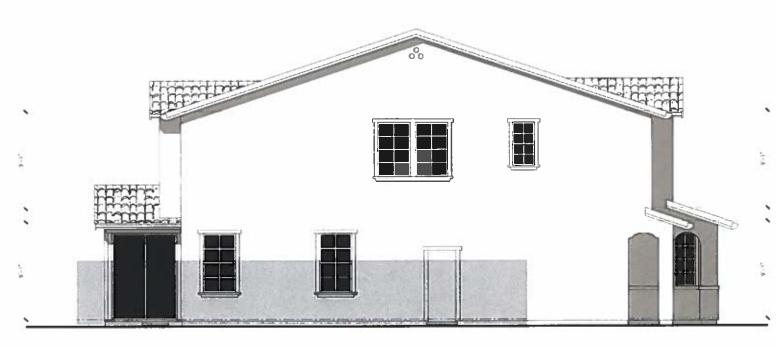




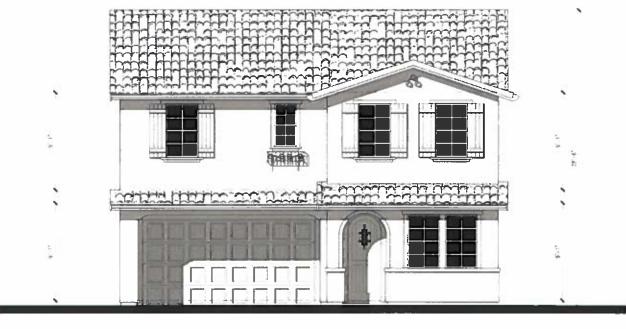
Rear Elevation



Right Elevation



Left Elevation



Front Elevation Color Scheme 7



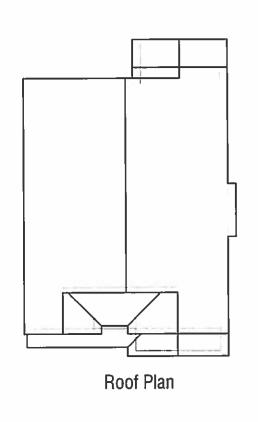


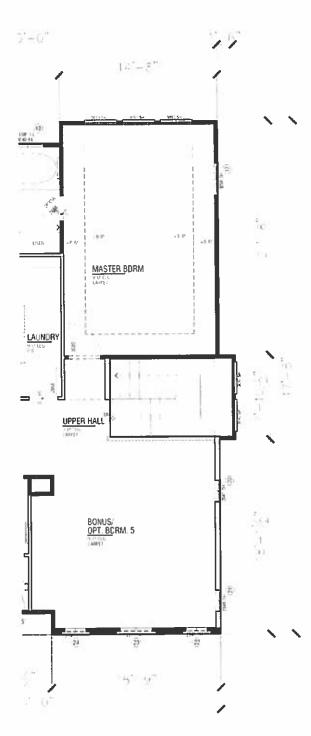
City of Pleasanton, CA



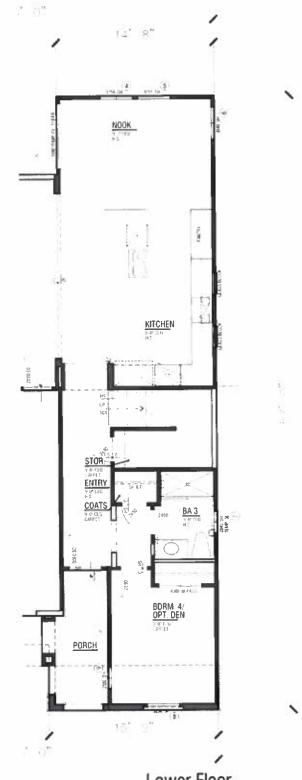


A3-6





Upper Floor - +12SF



Lower Floor

Plan 3X
Partial Floor Plans

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

City of Pleasanton, CA

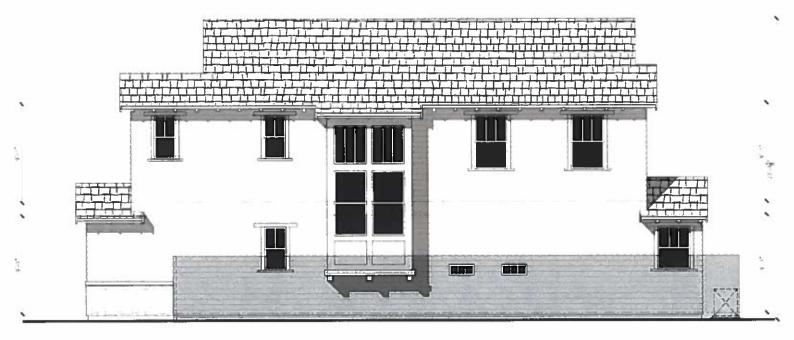




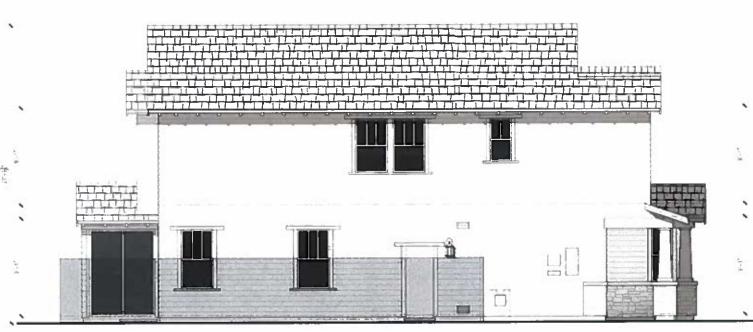
JUNE 19, 2015 2014036



Rear Elevation



Right Elevation



Left Elevation



Front Elevation Color Scheme 5

Plan 3X Elevation 'B' - Craftsman

2,697 SF

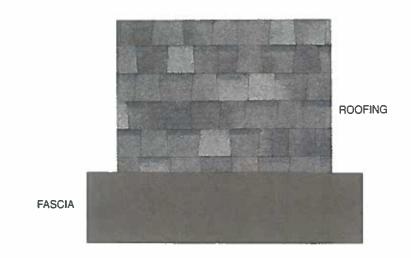
CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

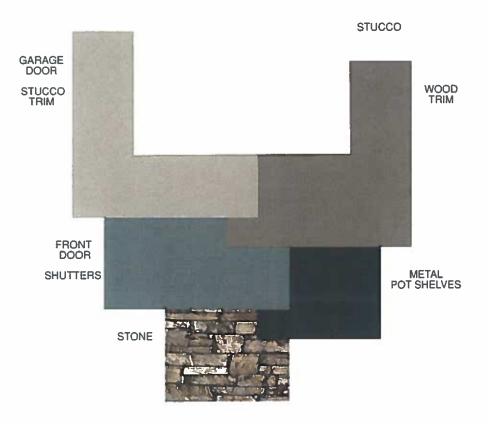
City of Pleasanton, CA





A3-8
2014036





SINGLE FAMILY 'A' ELEVATIONS ONLY - COTTAGE

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA

9/15/14

2014036

PONDEROSA HOMES

For exact color refer to manufacturers' actual samples

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

City of Pleasanton, CA





September 15, 2014

PONDEROSA HOMES

Project #2014036

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Pleasanton, California

EXTERIOR COLOR & MATERIALS

SCHEME 1 of 27

Single Family 'A' Elevations Only, Cottage

MATERIAL	COLOR	MANUFACTURER	
ROOFING: Composition Shingles	GEORGETOWN GRAY LANDMARK	CERTAINTEED	
BRICK (Standard Raked Joints)	ASPEN GROVE	H.C. MUDDOX	
MANUFACTURED STONE (Standard Raked Joints)	MONTECITO CLIFFSTONE	ELDORADO	
MORTAR @ BRICK & STONE	KHAKI	ORCO	
GUTTERS & DOWNSPOUTS	Match Adjacent Color	KELLY-MOORE	
STUCCO COLOR	KM 4641-1 BROWN MOUSE	KELLY-MOORE	
TRIM COLOR #1 (applied to): Garage Door Louvered Vents Secondary Doors Stucco Trim	KM 4601-2 DRIED GRASS	KELLY-MOORE	
TRIM COLOR #2 (applied to): Barge Boards Braces Eaves Fascia Wood Trim	KM 4581-3 BAT WING	KELLY-MOORE	
ACCENT COLOR (applied to): Front Door Shutters	KM 5821-3 SANDPIPER COVE	KELLY-MOORE	
METAL COLOR (applied to): Metal Pot Shelves	KMA 88-5 JAPANESE SABLE	KELLY-MOORE	

Color Designer: Donna Aldrich

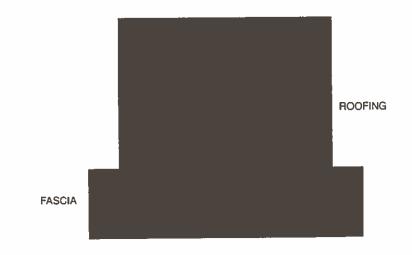
William Hezmalhalch Architects, Inc. © 2014

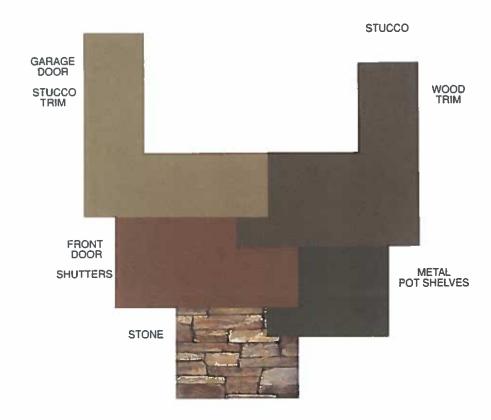
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	2	3/12/15	Scheme 7 deleted.	
	3	6/15/15	New Scheme 7 added.	





JUNE 19, 2015





SINGLE FAMILY 'A' ELEVATIONS ONLY - COTTAGE

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA

9/15/14

2 PONDEROSA HOMES

2014036

WILLIAM HEZMALHALCH ARCHITECTS INC # 2014

For exact color refer to manufacturers' actual samples

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

City of Pleasanton, CA





September 15, 2014

PONDEROSA HOMES

Project #2014036

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Pleasanton, California

EXTERIOR COLOR & MATERIALS

SCHEME 2 of 237

Single Family 'A' Elevations Only, Cottage

COLOR	MANUFACTURER	
BURNT SIENNA LANDMARK	CERTAINTEED	
FOLSOM GOLD	H.C. MUDDOX	
CAMBRIA CLIFFSTONE	ELDORADO	
CARAMEL	ORCO	
Match Adjacent Color	KELLY-MOORE	
KM 4689-1 GARDEN LATTICE	KELLY-MOORE	
KM 4630-3 HOWLING COYOTE	KELLY-MOORE	
KM 4560-5 MEXICAN CHOCOLATE	KELLY-MOORE	
KM 4526-5 COFFEE BAR	KELLY-MOORE	
KM 4568-5 TEA CHEST	KELLY-MOORE	
	BURNT SIENNA LANDMARK FOLSOM GOLD CAMBRIA CLIFFSTONE CARAMEL Match Adjacent Color KM 4689-1 GARDEN LATTICE KM 4630-3 HOWLING COYOTE KM 4560-5 MEXICAN CHOCOLATE KM 4526-5 COFFEE BAR KM 4568-5	

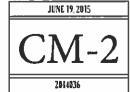
Color Designer: Donna Aldrich

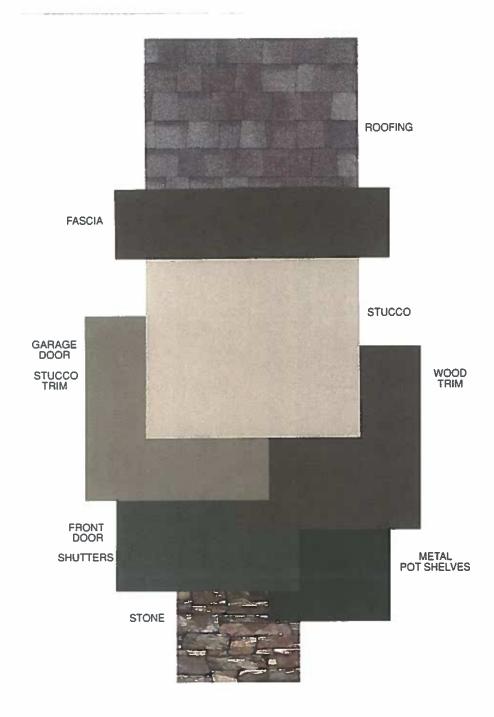
William Hezmalhalch Architects Inc = 20

EVISIONS:

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REVISION NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
11.	9/30/14	Brick added. Scheme 4 trim color #1 revised. Scheme 7 detail added.
2	3/12/15	Scheme 7 deleted
3	6/15/15	New Scheme 7 added







SINGLE FAMILY 'A' ELEVATIONS ONLY - COTTAGE

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA

9/15/14

2014036

PONDEROSA HOMES
WILLIAM HEZMALHALCH ARCHITECTS INC 12 2014

For exact color refer to manufacturers actual samples.

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

City of Pleasanton, CA





September 15, 2014

PONDEROSA HOMES

Project #2014036

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Pleasanton, Catifornia

EXTERIOR COLOR & MATERIALS

SCHEME 3 of 2 7

Single Family 'A' Elevations Only, Cottage

MATERIAL	COLOR	MANUFACTURER CERTAINTEED	
ROOFING: Composition Shingles	WEATHERED WOOD LANDMARK		
BRICK (Standard Raked Joints)	MIDNIGHT SMOKE	H.C. MUDDOX	
MANUFACTURED STONE (Standard Raked Joints)	MANZANITA CLIFFSTONE	ÉLDORADO	
MORTAR @ BRICK & STONE	BROWN	ORCO	
GUTTERS & DOWNSPOUTS	Match Adjacent Color	KELLY-MOORE	
STUCCO COLOR	KM 4543-2 COFFEE DIVA	KELLY-MOORE	
TRIM COLOR #1 (applied to): Garage Door Louvered Vents Secondary Doors Stucco Trim	KM 5779-3 EAGLE'S MEADOW	KELLY-MOORE	
TRIM COLOR #2 (applied to): Barge Boards Braces Eaves Fascia Wood Trim	KM 4568-5 TEA CHEST	KELLY-MOORE	
ACCENT COLOR (applied to): Front Door Shutters	KM 4792-5 FERN GULLY	KELLY-MOORE	
METAL COLOR (applied to); Metal Pot Shelves	KM 4820-5 CANNON BALL	KELLY-MOORE	

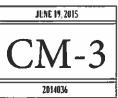
Color Designer: Donna Aldrich

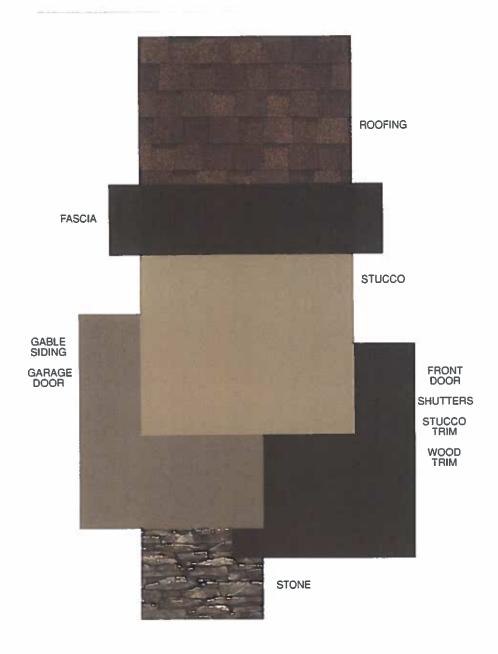
Wilkam Hezmalhatch Architects, Inc. € 2014

EVISIONS:

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1	REVISION NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
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	2	3/12/15	Scheme 7 deleted.
	3	6/15/15	New Scheme 7 added.







SINGLE FAMILY 'B' ELEVATIONS ONLY - CRAFTSMAN

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA

9/15/14

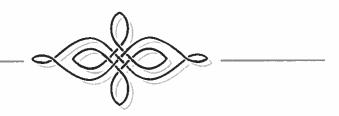
2014036

PONDEROSA HOMES WILLIAM HEZMALHALCH ARCHITECTS INC @ 2014

For exact color refer to manufacturers' actual samples.

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

City of Pleasanton, CA





September 15, 2014

PONDEROSA HOMES

Project #2014036

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Pleasanton, California

EXTERIOR COLOR & MATERIALS

SCHEME 4 of 27

Single Family 'B' Elevations Only, Craftsman

MATERIAL	COLOR	MANUFACTURER
ROOFING: Composition Shingles	HEATHER BLEND LANDMARK	CERTAINTEED
BRICK (Standard Raked Joints)	FOLSOM GOLD	H.C. MUDDOX
MANUFACTURED STONE (Standard Raked Joints)	PRESCOTT BLUFFSTONE	ELDORADO
MORTAR @ BRICK & STONE	LATTE	ORCO
GUTTERS & DOWNSPOUTS	Match Adjacent Color	KELLY-MOORE
STUCCO COLOR	KM 4608-3 EARTHLY DELIGHT	KELLY-MOORE
TRIM COLOR #1 (applied to): Barge Boards Braces Columns Eaves Fascia Front Door Louvered Vents Outlookers Pot Shelves Railing Shutters Stucco Trim Wood Trim	417 OXFORD BROWN	KELLY-MOORE
TRIM COLOR #2 (applied to): Gable Siding Garage Door Secondary Doors	KM 5709-5 MILL CREEK	KELLY-MOORE

Color Designer: Donna Aldrich

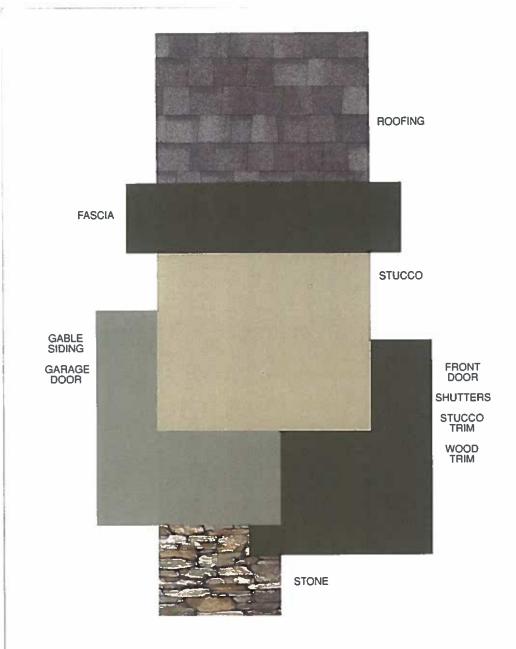
William Hezmalhalch Architects, Inc. © 2014

	HEVISIUMS.		
	REVISION NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
	1	9/30/14	Brick added. Scheme 4 trim color #1 revised. Scheme 7 detail added.
ľ	2	3/12/15	Scheme 7 deleted.
ľ	3	6/15/15	New Scheme 7 added.





JUNE 19, 2015



SINGLE FAMILY 'B' ELEVATIONS ONLY - CRAFTSMAN

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA

9/15/14

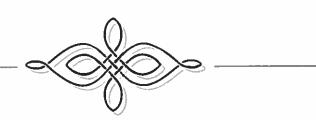
2014036

PONDEROSA HOMES WILLIAM HEZMALHALCH ARCHITECTS INC 4 2014

For exact color refer to manufacturers' actual samples

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

City of Pleasanton, CA





September 15, 2014

PONDEROSA HOMES

Project #2014036

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Pleasanton, California

EXTERIOR COLOR & MATERIALS

SCHEME 5 of 217

Single Family 'B' Elevations Only, Craftsman

MATERIAL	COLOR	MANUFACTURE
ROOFING: Composition Shingles	WEATHERED WOOD LANDMARK	CERTAINTEED
BRICK (Standard Raked Joints)	ASPEN GROVE	H.C. MUDDOX
MANUFACTURED STONE (Standard Raked Joints)	LA PLATA BLUFFSTONE	ELDORADO
MORTAR @ BRICK & STONE	CARAMEL	ORCO
GUTTERS & DOWNSPOUTS	Match Adjacent Color	KELLY-MOORE
STUCCO COLOR	KM 4678-3 HEMP ROPE	KELLY-MOORE
TRIM COLOR #1 (applied to): Barge Boards Braces Columns Eaves Fascia Front Door Louvered Vents Outlookers Pot Shelves Railing Shutters Stucco Trim Wood Trim	KM 5762-5 HIKING BOOTS	KELLY-MOORE
TRIM COLOR #2 (applied to): Gable Siding Garage Door Secondary Doors	KM 5768-3 SAGE ADVICE	KELLY-MOORE

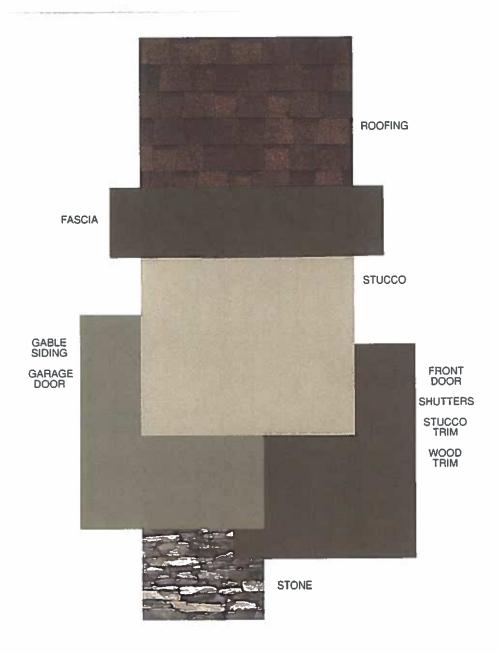
Color Designer: Donna Aldrich

William Hezmalhalch Archdects, Inc. € 2014

REVISION NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	9/30/14	Brick added, Scheme 4 trim color #1 revised. Scheme 7 detail added.
2	3/12/15	Scheme 7 deleted
3	6/15/15	New Scheme 7 added.







SINGLE FAMILY 'B' ELEVATIONS ONLY - CRAFTSMAN

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA

9/15/14

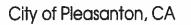
6

2014036

PONDEROSA HOMES

For exact color refer to manufacturers' actual samples

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH







September 15, 2014

PONDEROSA HOMES

Project #2014036

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Pleasanton, California

EXTERIOR COLOR & MATERIALS

SCHEME 6 of 37

Single Family 'B' Elevations Only, Craftsman

MATERIAL	COLOR	MANUFACTURER
ROOFING: Composition Shingles	HEATHER BLEND LANDMARK	CERTAINTEED
BRICK (Standard Raked Joints)	MIDNIGHT SMOKE	H.C. MUDDOX
MANUFACTURED STONE (Standard Raked Joints)	MINERET BLUFFSTONE	ELDORADO
MORTAR @ BRICK & STONE	CARAMEL	ORCO
GUTTERS & DOWNSPOUTS	Match Adjacent Color	KELLY-MOORE
STUCCO COLOR	KM 4643-3 STICKS & STONES	KELLY-MOORE
TRIM COLOR #1 (applied to): Barge Boards Braces Columns Eaves Fascia Front Door Louvered Vents Outlookers Pot Shelves Railing Shutters Stucco Trim Wood Trim	KM 4554-5 Buffalo Dance	KELLY-MOORE
TRIM COLOR #2 (applied to): Gable Siding Garage Door Secondary Doors	KM 4707-3 HIDDEN COTTAGE	KELLY-MOORE

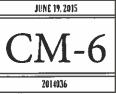
Color Designer: Donna Aldrich

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REVISIONS:

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REVISION NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
11	9/30/14	Brick added. Scheme 4 trim color #1 revised. Scheme 7 detail added.
2	3/12/15	Scheme 7 deleted.
3	6/15/15	New Scheme 7 added.









SINGLE FAMILY 'C' ELEVATIONS ONLY - SPANISH

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA

2014036

PONDEROSA HOMES

WILLIAM HEZMALHALCH ARCHITECTS INC 🙎 2015

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

6/15/15







June15, 2015

PONDEROSA HOMES

Project #2014036

CENTERPOINTE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Pleasanton, California

EXTERIOR COLOR & MATERIALS

SCHEME 7 of 7

Single Family 'C' Elevations Only, Spanish

MATERIAL	COLOR	MANUFACTURER
ROOFING: Concrete 'S' Tile	3645 SUNRISE	EAGLE
METAL BIRD STOP @ 'S' TILE (Factory Finish)	TERRA COTTA	EAGLE
GUTTERS & DOWNSPOUTS	Match Adjacent Color	KELLY-MOORE
STUCCO COLOR	14 FROST	KELLY-MOORE
TRIM COLOR #1 (applied to): Secondary Doors Stucco Trim	230 GRAYSTONE	KELLY-MOORE
TRIM COLOR #2 (applied to): Barge Boards Eaves Fascia Garage Door Rafter Tails Wood Trim	KM 5706-5 BONNIE'S BENCH	KELLY-MOORE
ACCENT COLOR (applied to): Front Door Shutters	KM 4841-5 Theatre Dress	KELLY-MOORE
METAL COLOR (applied to): Decorative Metal	407 Carbon	KELLY-MOORE
PREFAB PIPES	KM 5699-5 TAMARIND TART	KELLY-MOORE

Color Designer: Donna Aldrich

William Hezmathalch Architects, Inc. © 2014

HE FIGURE.		
REVISION NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	9/30/14	Brick added, Scheme 4 trim color #1 revised. Scheme 7 detail added.
(2)	3/12/15	Scheme 7 deleted.
3	6/15/15	New Scheme 7 added.







PRELIMINARY TREE PALETTE

BOTANICAL NAME AURUS N. 'SARATOGA WESTERNI REDBUD CRAPE MYRTLE FRUTLESS OLIVE CAROLINA CHERRY PURPLE LEAF PLUI CERCIS OCCIDENTALIS LAGERSTROEMIA INDICA OLEA EUOPAEA 'SAN GABRIEL' PRUNUS CAROLIANA PRIMITS C XRAUTER VESTANIS OPEN SPACE TREES **BIO RETENTION AREA SHRUB PALETTE** BOTANICAL NAME WATER LISE BHRUBB - BIO-RETENTION AREAS BUDDLEJA DAVIDU CAREX TUMICOLA DIANELLA NIFERNIDIA DESTES BICOLOR ILEX VOMITORIA TUANA' JUNICIS PATENS NAHONA DOMESTICA GULT STREAM NEPETA FAASSENII NEW ZEALAND FLAX ROSA CALIFORNICA GROUNDCOVER - BIO-RETENTION AREAS MYOPORUM PARVIFOLIA | GALLON • 36' O.C.

EXISTING STONE SIGN MONUMENT TO REMAIN

The Villas at Ironwood

Pleasanton, California

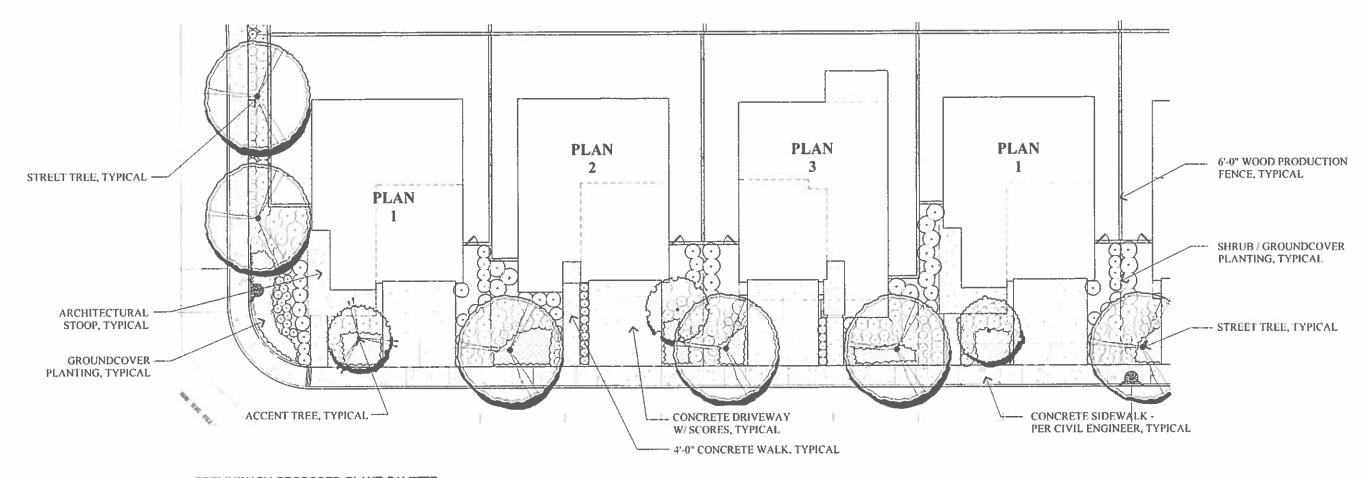
JULY 2015

L1

Preliminary Landscape Site Plan

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAND PLANNING

1615 BONANZA STREET WALNUT CREEK, CA 94596 TTEL: 925 938.7377 FAX. 925.9387436





PRELIMINARY PROPOSED PLANT PALETTE

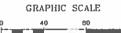
F	TREES
,	ARBUTUS YMARINA' LAUHUS N. 'SARATOGA' PISTACHIA CHENENSIS
	ACCENT TREES
	CERCIS OCCIDENTALIS LACERSTROEMIA INDICA OLEA EUOPAEA 'SAN GABRIE PRUNUS CAROLIANA PRUNUS C. WRAUTER VESUV

ALL STREET TREES TO BE PLANTED WITE ROOT BARRIERS PER CITY OF PLEASANTON STANDARD DETAILS.

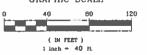
ALL PLANTING TO CONFORM TO CITY OF PLEASANTON WATER ETFICIENT LANDSCAPE ORDINANCE

GENERAL NOTES









LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAND PLANNING 1615 BONANZA STREET SITH E-314 WALNUT CREEK, CA 94596 TEL: 925 938.7377 FAX: 925 9387436

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	BIZE	WATER USE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	BIZE	WATER USE		BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	BIZE	WATER USE
TREES				SHRUBS - (CONT)					VINES			
ARBUTUS MARINA' LAUHUS N. 'SARATOGA' PISTACHIA CHINENSIS	MARINA STRAWBERRY TREE SARATOGA LAUREL CHINESE PISTACHE	24"B0X 24" B0X 24" B0X	LOW LOW LOW	STUCA GLAUCA GREVILLEA 'NOE LI HE CTOTRICHON SEMPERVILENS EX C BURFORD	BLUE FESCUE WOOLY CREVILLEA BLUE OAT GRASS BURIORD HOLLY	I GALLON 5 GALLON 1 GALLON 5 GALLON	FOM FOM FOM		MACFADYENA UNGUS CATI HUSA BANKSIAE GROUNDCOVERS	YELLOW TRUMPET VINE LADY BANKS ROSE	5 GALLON 5 GALLON	row
ACCENT TREES				JUNIPERUS S. MEDORA	DWARF YAUPON HOLLY COLUMNAR JUNIPER	F GALLON 5 GALLON	FOM	- Contract	ARCTOSTAPHYLOS D. EMEHALD CARPET	BEARDLRRY		LOW
CERCIS OCCIDENTALIS LACERSTROEMIA INDICA DLEA EUOPAEA "SAN GABRIEL"	WISTERN REDBUD CRAPE MYRTLE TRUTLESS OLIVE	IS GALLON IS GALLON IS GALLON	LOW LOW	LANTANA MONTEVIDENSIS LAVATERA MARITIMA LOROPETALUM CHINENSE	TRAILING LANTANA TREE MALLOW CHINESE FRINGE FLOWER	I GALLON 5 GALLON 5 GALLON	LOW LOW	Bellinith	I GALLON = 36" O.C.	MYOPORUM		LOW
PRUMUS CAROLIANA PRUMUS C. WRAUTER VESUVIUS	CAROLINA CHERRY PURPLE-LEAF PLUM	5 GALLON 5 GALLON	row rom	LOROPETALUM C. "RAZ71 EBERRI MUHLENBERGIA RIGENS MYRTUS C. "COMPACTA"	RED FRINGE FLOWER DEER GRASS DWARF MYRTLE HEAVENLY RAMBOO	5 GALLON 5 GALLON 5 GALLON 5 GALLON	LOW LOW LOW	120/48/55	SCAEVOLA MAUVE CLUSTERS' I GALLON + 36" O.C.	FAN FLOWER		I Ow
ARBUTUS U. "COMPACTA" ARBUTUS U. "COMPACTA" ARETOSTAPHYLOS "HOWARD MCMINN"	COMPACT STRAWNERRY TRI	EE 5 GALLON 5 GALLON	FOM	NAKONA DOMESTCA NAMONA D. COMPACTA NAMONA D. GULF STREAM MEPETA FAASSENMI	DWAIF HEAVENLY BAMBOO CULF STREAM BAMBOO CALMINI	5 GALLON I GALLON I GALLON	FOM FOM FOM		BHRUBS - BIO-SWALE			
BERBERIS 'CRIMSON PYGMY' BERBERIS 'AUREA' BUDDLEJA DAVIDH CISTUS HYBRIDUS DIETES BICOLOR	DWARF RED BARBERRY DWARF GOLD BARBERRY BUTTERFLY BUSH RECKROSE FORTMIGHT LILY	I GALLON I GALLON 5 GALLON 5 GALLON I GALLON	OW COW COW	OLEA E. "LITTLE OLLIE" PENNISTIUM HAMELN" PHORMIUM T. "MAORI MADEN" PHORMIUM "SEA MIST!"	DWARF OLIVE DWARF FOUNTAIN GRASS NEW ZEALAND FLAX DWARF NEW ZEALAND FLAX BRIGHT & TIGHT LAUREL	5 GALLON 1 GALLON 5 GALLON	FOM FOM FOM FOM		BUDDLEJA DANDH CAREX TUNCOLA DIANELA INTERMEDIA DIETES BICOLOR ILEX YOMITORIA 'NAMA' JUNCUS PATENS	BUTTERFLY BUSH BUTKELLY SEDGE ND COMMON NAME FORTINIGHT LILY DWARF YAUPON CALIFORNIA RUSH	5 GALLON I GALLON I GALLON I GALLON I GALLON I GALLON	FOM FOM FOM FOM FOM
DIETES IRIDADES EURMYMUS J. THICROPHYLLUS' EURTOPS P. MUNICIKIN FEMOA SELLOWIANA	FORTNICHT LILY BOXLEAF CUDNYMUS DWARF EURYOPS PINEAPPLE GUAVA	I GALLON 5 GALLON I GALLON 5 GALLON	OW LOW	PYRACANTHA "SANTA CRUZ" RHAPHIOLEPIS I. "BALLERINA" RHAPHIOLEPIS I. "WHITE ENCHANTRESS" ROSA "CECKE BRUNNER" ROSMARINUS "COLLINGWOOD INGRAM"	PROSTRATE FIRETHORN INCIA HAWTHORN INDIA HAWTHORN CECRE BRUNNER ROSE ROSEMARY ROSEMARY	I GALLON I GALLON S GALLON S GALLON S GALLON S GALLON S GALLON	FOM FOM FOM FOM FOM		NAMDINA DOMESTICA COLF STREAM' NEPETA FAASSENI PHORNOUM T. MAORI MADEN' HOSA CALFORNICA STACHYS SPP. TRICHICSTEMA SPP.	DWARF HEALVERLY BAMBOO CATAINT NEW ZEALAND FLAX CALIFORNIA WILD ROSE LAMBS EAR WOOLY BLUE CURES	I GALLON I GALLON S GALLON GALLON I GALLON I GALLON I GALLON	FOM FOM FOM FOM FOM
				ROSMARINUS "TUSCAN ĐƯƯC" SYRINGA VUI GARIS XYLOSMA C. "COMPACTA"	COMMON LILAC COMPACT XYLOSMA	5 CALLON 5 CALLON	LOW	2007	GROUNDCOVERS - BIO-SWALE	·		E OW
									ARCTOSTAPHYLOS D. TMERALD CARPET I GALLON # 36" O C.	MANJANHA		EOW
									MYOPORUM PARVIFOLM	MYOPORUM		LOW

PONDEROSA HOMES

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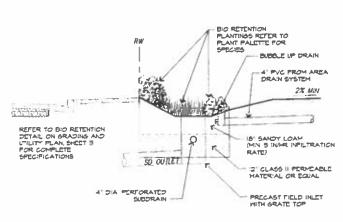
Preliminary Front Yard Typcial Production Landscape

The Villas at Ironwood

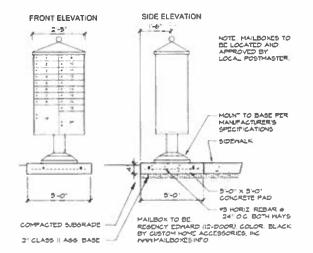
Pleasanton, California

JULY 2015

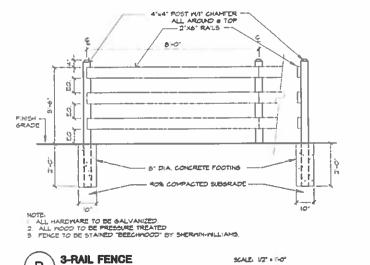
L2

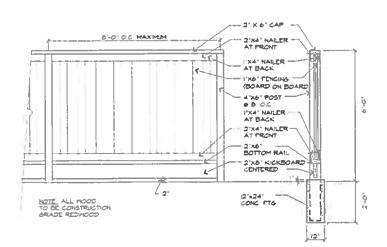


A BIO-RETENTION PLANTING SCALE MO" + P-OT

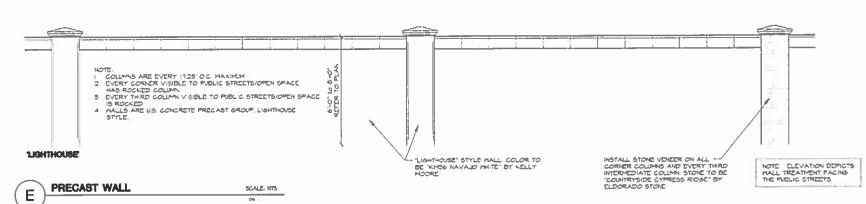


COMMUNITY MAILBOXES



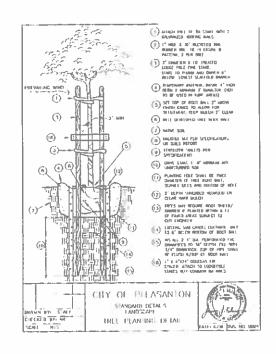


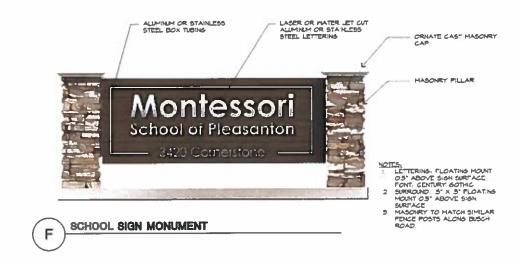
WOOD FENCE W/KICKERBOARD SCALE: 1/2" + 1'-0"



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LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAND PLANNING 1615 BOINANZA STRIET SUITE 314 WALNUT CREEK, CA 94596 TEL: 925 938 7377 FAX: 925 938 7416 PONDEROSA HOMES

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Pleasanton, California

The Villas at Ironwood

JULY 2015

L3



NEW HOME RATING SYSTEM, VERSION 6.0

SINGLE FAMILY CHECKLIST

The GreenPoint Rated checklist tracks green features incorporated into the home. GreenPoint Rated is administered by Build It Green, a non-profit

The minimum requirements of GreenPoint Rated are verification of 50 or more points, Earn the following minimum points per category. Communaly (2), Energy (25), Indoor Air Quality/Health (6). Resources (6), and Weter (6), and meet the prerequistes CALGreen Mandatory, H6 1, J5 1, O1

C16. Meintenance Contract with Certified Professional



PUD-111 P15-0248, P15-0249 P15-0250 & P15-0390 RECEIVED July 21, 2015 EXHIBIT B

Points Achieved

74

Certification Level:

POINTS REQUIRED

Certified

The criteral for the green building practicell listed below are described in the GreenPoint Rated Single Family Rating Manual For more information please visit www.builditgreen.org/greenpointrated Build it Green is not a code enforcement seency.

whose mission is to promote healthy, energy and resource efficient buildings in Caldomia

Minimum Points
Achieved Points

25 13.5 A home is only GreenPoint Rated if all features are verified by a Certified GreenPoint Rater through Build it Green. Single Family New Home Version 6.0.2 Center Point Property 3410 COKNERSTONE CT, PLS CA 9456 MEASURES NOTES Poselble Points CALGreen Res (REQUIRED) A SITE TBD A1 Construction Footprint A2. Job Site Construction Waste Diversion A2 1 65% C&D Waste Diversion(Including Alternative Daily Cover) A2 2 65% C&D Waste Diversion (Excluding Atternative Daily Cover) A2 3 Recycling Rates from Third-Party Verified Mixed-Use Weste Feedity A3. Recycled Content Base Material TBD A4. Heat Island Effect Reduction (Non-Roof) A5: Construction Environmental Quality Management Plan Including Flush-Out A6. Stomwater Control: Prescriptive Path A6.1 Permeable Paving Material Tab A6 2 Filtration and/or Bio-Retention Features A6 3 Non-Leaching Roofing Materials A6 4 Smart Stormwater Street Design TBD A7, Stormwater Control: Performence Path 8 FOUNDATION B1 Fly Ash and/or Slag in Concrete TBD B2. Redon-Realistant Construction B3. Foundation Drainage System TBD B4. Moisture Controlled Crawlapeca B5. Structural Past Controls TBD B5 1 Termite Shelds and Separated Exterior Wood-to-Concrete Connections B5 2 Plant Trunks, Bases, or Stems at Least 36 Inches from the Foundation C LANDSCAPE Enter the landscape area percentage C1. Plants Grouped by Water Needs (Hydrozoning) C2. Three Inches of Mulch in Planting Beds C3. Resource Efficient Landscapes C3 1 No Invesive Species Listed by CaHPC C3 2 Plants Chosen and Located to Grow to Natural Size Yes C3 3 Drought Tolerant, California Native, Mediterranean Species, or Other Appropriate Species Yes C4. Minimal Turf in Landscape C4 1 No Turf on Stopes Exceeding 10% and No Overhead Spnnklers Installed in Areas Less Then Eight Feet Wide
C4 2 Turf on a Small Percentage of Landscaped Area
C5. Trees to Moderate Building Temperature Yes ×10% TOO C6. High-Efficiency Irrigation System
C7. One inch of Compost in the Top Six to Twelve inches of Soil TBD C8, Rainwater Harvesting System C9. Recycled Wastewater Irrigation System TBD C10. Submeter or Dedicated Meter for Landscape Irrigation C11 Landscape Meets Water Budget TBD C12. Environmentally Preferable Materials for Site C12.1 Environmentally Preferable Materials for 70% of Non-Plant Landscape Elements and Fericing TBD C13. Reduced Light Pollution C14. Lerge Stature Tree(s) TAD TBD C15. Third Party Landscape Program Certification

TBD

Single Family New Home		
D. STRUCTURAL FRAM	E AND BUILDING ENVELOPE	
TBD	D1, Optimal Value Engineering D1 1 Joists, Rafters, and Studs at 24 Inches on Center	1 1 2 1
Yes	D1 2 Non-Load Bearing Door and Window Headers Sized for Load	
180	D1 3 Advanced Framing Measures	2
TBD	D2. Construction Material Efficiencies D3. Engineered Lumber	1
Yee	D3 1 Engineered Beams and Headers	
Yes	D3 2 Wood I-Joists or Web Trusses for Floors	
TBD	D3.3 Enginered Lumber for Roof Rafters	
TBD	D3 4 Engineered or Finger-Jointed Stude for Vertical Applications	
Yes Yes	D35 OSB for Subfloor D36 OSB for Wall and Roof Sheathing	0.8
TBD	D4. Insulated Headers	0.5
	D5. FSC-Certified Wood	
TBD	D5.1 Dimensional Lumber, Studs, and Timber	4
TBD	D5.2 Panel Products D6. Solid Wall Systems	3
TBD	Of 1 Afteest 90% of Floors	
TBD	D6 2 At Least 90% of Exterior Walts	
TBD	D6 3 At Least 90% of Roofs	i
TBD	D7 Energy Heels on Roof Trusses	1
TBU	D8. Overhangs and Gutters D9. Reduced Pollution Entering the Home from the Garage	
TBD	D9 1 Detached Garage	
Yes	D9 2 Mitigation Strategies for Attached Gazage	1 1 1
	D10. Structural Pest and Rot Controls	
780	D10 1 All Wood Located At Least 12 Inches Above the Soil	
TBD	D10 2 Wood Framing Treated With Borates or Factory-Impregnated, et Wall- Materials Other Trian Wood	
TBD	D11 Moisture-Resistant Materiels in Wet Areas (such as Kitchen, Bathrooms,	
	Utility Rooms, and Basements)	1 1
E. EXTERIOR		and the same of th
TBD	E1 Environmentally Preferable Decking	
TBD	E2. Flashing Installation Third-Party Varified E3. Rain Screen Wall System	2
Yes	E4. Durable and Non-Combustible Cladding Materials	2
	E5. Durable Roofing Materials	
TBD	E5 1 Durable and Fire Resistant Rooting Materials or Assembly	
TBD	E6. Vegetaled Roof	2 2
F. INSULATION		
Yes	F1 Insulation with 30% Post-Consumer or 60% Post-Industriel Recycled Content F1 1 Walls and Floors	
Yes	F12 Ceilings	
	F2. Insulation that Meets the CDPH Standard Method—Residential for	
-	Low Emissions	
TBD	F2 1 Walls and Floors F2 2 Ceilings	
100	F3. Insulation That Does Not Contain Fire Retardants	
Yes	F3 1 Cavity Wells and Floors	
Yes	F3 2 Ceilings	1
Yes	F3 3 Interior and Exterior	1
G PLUMBING		
TBD	G1. Efficient Distribution of Domestic Hot Water	
	G1 I Insulated Hot Water Pipes	
TRO	G1 2 WeterSense Volume Limit for Max Weter Detroition	1
TBD TBD	G1 2 WaterSense Volume Limit for Het Water Distribution G1 3 Increased Efficiency in Hot Water Distribution	1 1
TBO	G1 3 Increased Efficiency in Hot Water Distribution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures	1 1 2
	G1.3 Increased Efficiency in Hot Water Distribution	
TBO	G1.3 Increased Efficiency in Hot Water Distribution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Showerheads with Natching Compensation Valve	2 2
TBD Yee Yes	G1.3 Increased Efficency in Hot Water Distribution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Showerheads with Matching Compensation Valve G2.2 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets	2
TBD Yee Yes Yes	G1.3 Increased Efficiency in Hot Water Distribution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Showerheads with Matching Compensation Valve G2.2 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G2.3 WaterSense Tollets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No Less Than 500 Grams	2 2
TBD Yes Yes TBD	G1.3 Increased Efficiency in Hot Water Distribution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Showerheads with Matching Compensation Velve G2.2 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G2.3 WaterSense Tolets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No	2 2
TBD Yes Yes Yes TBD TBD	G1.3 Increased Efficiency in Hot Water Distribution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Showerheads with Matching Compensation Velve G2.2 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G2.3 WaterSense Tolets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No Less Than 500 Grams G3. Pre-Plumbling for Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TBD Yes Yes Yes TBD TBD	G1.3 Increased Efficiency in Hot Water Distribution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Showerheads with Natching Compensation Velve G2.2 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G2.3 WaterSense Tolets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No Less Than 500 Grams G3. Pre-Plumbing for Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System G9. Operational Graywater System DN, AND AIR CONDITIONING	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TBD Yes Yes Yes TBD TBD H. HEATING, VENTRATIO	G1.3 Increased Efficency in Hot Water Dathbution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Showerheads with Matching Compensation Valve G2.2 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G3.3 WaterSense Tolets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No Less Than 500 Grams G3. Pre-Plumbling for Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System G9. AND AIR CONDITIONING H1. Sealed Combustion Units	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TBD Yes Yes Yes TBD TBD H. HEATING, VENTRATIO	G1.3 Increased Efficiency in Hot Water Distribution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G2.2 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G2.3 WaterSense Tokets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No Less Than 500 Grams G3. Pre-Plumbing for Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System M1. Sealed Combustion Funce	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TBD Yes Yes Yes TBD TBD H. HEATING, VENTRATIO	G1.3 Increased Efficency in Hot Water Dathbution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Showerheads with Matching Compensation Valve G2.2 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G3.3 WaterSense Tolets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No Less Than 500 Grams G3. Pre-Plumbling for Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System G9. AND AIR CONDITIONING H1. Sealed Combustion Units	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TBD Yes Yes TBD TBD H. HEATING, VENTRATIO Yes TBD TBD	G1.3 Increased Efficiency in Hot Water Distribution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G2.2 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G2.3 WaterSense Tolets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No Less Than 500 Grams G3. Pre-Pfumbling for Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System DN, AND AIR CONDITIONING H1. Sealed Combustion Units H1.1 Sealed Combustion Units H1.1 Sealed Combustion Water Heater H2. High Performing Zoned Hydronic Radient Heating System H3. Effective Ductwork	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TBD Yes Yes Yes TBD TBD H. HEATING, VENTRATIO Yes TBD TBD	G1.3 Increased Efficency in Hot Water Distribution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Showerheads with Matching Compensation Valve G2.2 WaterSense Tolets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No Less Than 500 Grams G3. Pre-Plumbling for Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System G9. AND AIR CONDITIONING H1. Sealed Combustion Furnace H1.2 Sealed Combustion Water Heater H2. High Performing Zoned Hydronic Redient Heating System H3. Effective Ductwork H3.1 Duct Mastic on Duct Joints and Seems	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TBD Yes Yes TBD TBD H. HEATING, VENTRATIC Yes TBD TBD Yes TBD	G1.3 Increased Efficency in Hot Water Databution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Showerheads with Matching Compensation Velve G2.2 WaterSense Databuser Faucets G2.3 WaterSense Tolets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No Less Than 500 Grams G3. Pre-Plumbing for Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System B1. AND AR CONDITIONING H1. Sealed Combustion Units H1.1 Sealed Combustion Furnace H1.2 Sealed Combustion Furnace H2. High Performing Zoned Hydronic Redient Heating System H3. Effective Ductwork H3.1 Duct Mastic an Duct Joints and Seams H3.2 Pressure Balence the Ductwork System	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TBD Yes Yes Yes TBD TBD H. HEATING, VENTRATIO Yes TBD TBD	G1.3 Increased Efficency in Hot Water Distribution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G2.3 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G2.3 WaterSense Tolets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No Less Than 500 Grams G3. Pre-Plumbing for Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System DN, AND AIR CONDITION ING H1. Sealed Combustion Units H1.1 Sealed Combustion Units H1.1 Sealed Combustion Water Heater H2. High Performing Zoned Hydronic Radient Heating System H3. Effective Ductwork H3.1 Duct Mastic an Duct Joints and Seams H3.2 Pressure Balance the Ductwork System H4. EMERGY STAR® Bathroom Fans Per HVI Standards with Air Flow Verified	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TBD Yes Yes TBD TBD H. HEATING, VENTRATIC Yes TBD TBD Yes TBD	G1.3 Increased Efficency in Hot Water Databution G2. Install Water-Efficient Fixtures G2.1 WaterSense Showerheads with Matching Compensation Velve G2.2 WaterSense Bathroom Faucets G2.3 WaterSense Tolets with a Maximum Performance (MaP) Threshold of No Less Than 500 Grams G3. Pre-Plumbing for Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System G4. Operational Graywater System B1. AND AR CONDITIONING H1. Sealed Combustion Fundce H1.2 Sealed Combustion Fundce H1.2 Sealed Combustion Water Heater H2. High Performing Zoned Hydronic Redient Heating System H3. Effective Ductwork H3.1 Duct Mastic an Duct Joints and Seams H3.2 Pressure Balence the Ductwork System H4. ENERGY STAR© Bathroom Fans Per HVI Standards with Air Flow Verified H5. Advanced Practices for Cooling H5.1 ENERGY STAR Cellog Fans in Living Areas and Bedrooms	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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Single Family New Home	Version 6.0.2				(P. P.		-	
K. FINISHES			-	-	-	_	-	
	K1 Entryways Designed to Reduce Tracket-in Contaminants	-	-	_	-	_		
TBD	K1 1 Individual Entryways	ALC: NO		1	1	-	-	
TBD	K2. Zero-VOC Interior Walt and Calling Paints				2			
Yes	K3. Low-VOC Caulks and Adhesives	1			1		-	
	K4. Environmentally Preferable Meterials for Interior Finish						100	
TBD	K4 1 Cabinets		1			2		
TBD TBD	K42 Interior Trim					2		
TBD	K4 3 Shelving K4 4 Doors		1			2	-	
TBD	K45 Countertops		4	-	-	2	-	
	K5. Formaldehyde Emissions in Interior Finish Exceed CARB		-	1		1 1	_	
TBD	KS 1 Doors	-	-	7-		1	-	
Yes	K5 2 Cabinets and Countertops	2	_	1	2		-	
TBD	K5 3 Interior Trym and Shelving	-		-	2	1	-	-
TBD	K6. Products That Comply With the Health Product Declaration Open Standard	-	_	1	2	-	-	
TBD	K7. Indoor Air Formeldehyde Level Less Than 27 Parts Per Billion				2		1	
No	K8. Comprehensive Inclusion of Low Emitting Finishes	. 0		1	1	1	1	
L FLOORING		1				_	_	
TBD	L1 Environmentally Preferable Flooring				_	3		<u> </u>
TBD	L2. Low-Emitting Flooring Meets CDPH 2010 Standard Method - Residential			+	3	1-3-	-	
TBD	13 Durable Flooring	1200	-	-	1	1	-	
TBD	L4. Thermal Mass Flooring	200		1		-	-	
APPLIANCES AND LIGHT		-		-	-		-	
TBD	M1 ENERGY STAR® Dishwasher	-	_	-	T			
TBD	M2 CEE-Rated Clothes Washer	-	-	1	-	-		
TBO	M3. Size-Efficient ENERGY STAR Refrigerator	-	-	1 2	-		2	
	M4. Permanent Centers for Waste Reduction Strategies		-	1 4	1	1	-	
TBD	M4 1 Buit-In Recycling Center			T	1	1 .		
TBD	M4.2 Bult-In Composting Center		-	-	-	1	-	
	M5. Lighting Efficiency					-		
TBD		-		1	-		1	
100	MS 1 High-Efficacy Lighting		1	2	2.74			Property and the second
TBD	MS 2 Lighting System Designed to IESNA Footcandle Literatures Consigned by		1	1		-		
	Lighting Consultant			2		j		
N. COMMUNITY				80==0		ALC: UNK		The state of the s
	N1. Smart Development		10 10			J _ J _ J _ J	-	
TBD	NT 1 Infd Site		. 1			1	0	
TBD TBD	N1 2 Designated Brownfield Site		1		1		4.00	
TBD	N1 3 Conserve Resources by Increesing Density		-	2		2		
180	N1 4 Cluster Homes for Land Preservation N1 5 Home Size Efficiency		1	-	-	1		
	Enter the eres of the home, in square feet			-		9		
	Enter the number of bedrooms	-	-					
Yes	N2. Home(s)/Development Located Within 1/2 Mile of a Major Transit Stop	2	3	1		1	-	
	N3. Pedestrian and Bicycle Access	-	-		_		-	
	N3 1 Pedestrian Access to Services Within 1/2 Mile of Community Services	0	2	_	1			
0	Enter the number of Tier 1 services							
0	Enter the number of Tier 2 services							
Yes	N3 2 Connection to Padestrian Pathways	1	1					
TBD	N3.3 Traffic Calming Strategies		2				Design of the last	
TBD	N4. Outdoor Gethering Places	-	-		-		-	
	N4 1 Public or Sami-Public Outdoor Gethering Places for Residents		1	-	-			
TBD	N4.2 Public Outdoor Gathering Places with Direct Access to Tier 1 Community Services							
	NS. Social Interaction		1	-	_			
TBD	N5 1 Residence Entries with Views to Callers	-	-	1	1			
TBD	NS 2 Entrances Visible from Street and/or Other Front Deers	-	1	1			-	
Yee	NS 3 Perches Oriented to Street and Public Space	1	1	-		9.5	-	
TBD	NS 4 Social Gathering Space		. 1			7		
	N6. Passiva Solar Design	1,000						
TBO	N6 1 Heating Load	1		2				
TBD	N6 2 Cooling Load		-	2		1111		
TBD	N7. Adaptable Building				,			
TBD	N7.1 Universal Design Principles in Units N7.2 Full-Function Independent Rental Unit		- 1	-	-1-			
	121.9 - And Andrews has a best reason of the		,		1	1		11.50
OTHER Van	Of Court Part Res of Court Part C		VC.					
Yes	O1. GreenPoint Reled Checklist in Blueprints	Y	H	R	R	· P	R	
TBD	O2. Pre-Construction Kickoff Meeting with Rater and Subcontractors			0.5		1	0.5	
TBO	03. Orientation and Training to Occupants—Conduct Educational Walkthroughs	-		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Yes	O4. Builder's or Developer's Management Staff are Certified Green Building Professionals	1000		3.53				
TBD	O5. Home System Monitors	2	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	
- whi	O6. Green Building Education		-	1			1	
TBD	O8 1 Marketing Green Building		2			-	-	
TBD	O6 2 Green Building Signage	100		04		-	0.5	
Yes	O7 Green Appraisal Addendum	Y	R	0.5 R	R	R	0.5 R	
TBO	OS. Detailed Durability Plan and Third-Party Verification of Plan Implementation					1	-	
Contract of the second							-	
	Summary					-	Sund	
the state of the s	Total Available Points In Specific Categories	12,127	65387	0.00	7,2555	97000	/48/5	
		342	26	131	54	83	48	
200	Minimum Points Required in Specific Categories	50	2	25	6	6	6	
	Total Points Achieved							
	Total Forms Acrileved	74.0	4.0	28.5	17,5	13.5	10.5	In the Read of Land Street

PUD-111 P15-0248, P15-0249 P15-0250 & P15-0390 RECEIVED July 21, 2015 EXHIBIT B

Arborist Report

Centerpointe Pleasanton CA

Prepared for:
Ponderosa Homes Inc.
6130 Stoneridge Mall Road, Suite 185
Pleasanton CA 94588

Prepared by: HortScience, Inc. 325 Ray Street Pleasanton, CA 94566

March 2015



Arborist Report Centerpointe, Pleasanton CA

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Tree Assessment Form

Tree Assessment Map

Introduction and Overview

Ponderosa Homes is proposing to redevelop a portion of the Centerpointe church site, located at the corners of Busch Rd. and Ironwood Dr., in Pleasanton CA. Current site use consists of the church, a preschool, parking lot and landscaping. Ponderosa Homes requested that HortScience, Inc. prepare an **Arborist Report** for the site. This report provides the following information:

This report provides the following information:

- An evaluation of the health and structural condition of the trees within the proposed project area based on a visual inspection from the ground.
- 2. An assessment of the development impacts to the trees based on the drawings provided by Ponderosa Homes.
- Guidelines for tree preservation during the design, construction and maintenance phases of development.
- 4. A *Tree Assessment Form*, providing a description of each tree and a *Tree Assessment Map* showing the location of trees by tag number.

Assessment Methods

Trees were assessed on February 16, 2015. The assessment included all trees 6" and larger in diameter, within and adjacent to the proposed project. The assessment procedure consisted of the following steps:

- 1. Identifying the tree as to species;
- 2. Tagging each tree with a numerically coded metal tag and recording its location on a map;
- 3. Measuring the trunk diameter at a point 54" above grade;
- 4. Evaluating the health and structural condition using a scale of 1 5:
 - 5 A healthy, vigorous tree, reasonably free of signs and symptoms of disease, with good structure and form typical of the species.
 - 4 Tree with slight decline in vigor, small amount of twig dieback, minor structural defects that could be corrected.
 - 3 Tree with moderate vigor, moderate twig and small branch dieback, thinning of crown, poor leaf color, moderate structural defects that might be mitigated with regular care.
 - 2 Tree in decline, epicormic growth, extensive dieback of medium to large branches, significant structural defects that cannot be abated.
 - 1 Tree in severe decline, dieback of scaffold branches and/or trunk; most of foliage from epicormics; extensive structural defects that cannot be abated.
- Rating the suitability for preservation as "high", "moderate" or "low". Suitability for preservation considers the invasiveness of the species, health, age and structural condition of the tree, and its potential to remain an asset to the site.

High: Trees with good health and structural stability that have the potential for longevity at the site.

Moderate: Trees with somewhat declining health and/or structural defects than can be abated with treatment. The tree will require more intense management and monitoring, and may have shorter life span than those in 'high' category.

Low: Trees in poor health or with significant structural defects that cannot be mitigated. The tree is expected to continue to decline, regardless of treatment. The species or individual may have characteristics that are undesirable for landscapes, and generally are unsuited for use areas.

Description of Trees

Seventy-one (71) trees, representing 5 species, were assessed. Included in this group were four off-site trees with portions of their canopies extending into development areas (#312, 313, 317 and 318). Descriptions of each tree are found in the *Tree Assessment Form* and locations are shown on the *Tree Assessment Map* (see attachments).

Trees at the site were located either within the PSE, just behind the back of the sidewalks along Busch Rd. and Ironwood Dr., or in parking lot islands. The site had been redeveloped in the recent past, so many of the trees on the site were below the 6" diameter threshold for inclusion in the assessment.

London plane, with 35 trees, represented 49% of the population (**Table 1**, following page). These were the backbone of the landscaping and included the trees along Busch Rd. and Ironwood Drive. Thirty-four (34) were young, with diameters between 6" and 10", and #251 was semi-mature at 13". All 35 of the London planes were in good condition and most had full crowns and good form and structure (**Photo 1**). Where they had been planted in close proximity to one another, crowns tended to be narrow and upright. The good condition of the trees was a reflection of the age of the trees and quality of the maintenance practices.

Photo 1: Looking northeast at London planes #79 (background R) to 83 (foreground L). This double row of London planes was located along the northern property line and included many trees smaller than 6" in diameter.

London plane was the dominant species at the Centerpointe site. Most of the trees were young and had good form and structure. There was no evidence of topping or other poor pruning practices.



Seventeen (17) purple-leaf plums were located throughout the parking lot. All were young, with trunks measuring 6" or 7" in diameter. Tree form was characterized by multiple stems at 3-5' and narrow attachments. Three (3) had the rubber stake tie embedded between the attachments. Condition of the purple-leaf plums was also good, with 16 trees in that category and #303 in fair condition.

Thirteen (13) African sumac trees had been planted along the western property boundary. Trees were planted adjacent to the wall and had been pruned to reduce their crowns, producing trees with fair structure. Trunk diameters ranged from 6" to 10" and condition was fair (4 trees) to good (9 trees).

The remaining two species included the following trees:

- Four coast redwoods had been planted on the west side of the church building. They were young (6" to 8" in diameter) and in good condition. All had minor dieback and thinning of canopies, indicative of drought stress.
- Two coast live oaks were located just off-site along the northern edge of the Iron Horse trail (#312 and 313). These trees were also young (6" and 8" in diameter, respectively) and in good condition.

Average tree condition was good, with 66 trees in that category, or 93% of the population. Five (5) trees, or 7% were in good condition and no trees were in poor. With the exception of the reduction pruning of the African sumacs, trees on the site had been well maintained.

The City of Pleasanton defines a *Heritage* trees as having a trunk diameter of 18" or greater or a height of 35' or more. For trees with more than one stem, trunk diameter is determined by adding together the 2 largest stems. Using these criteria, none of the trees assessed at the Centerpointe site qualified as *Heritage*.

Table 1. Condition ratings and frequency of occurrence of trees.

Centerpointe, Pleasanton CA.

Common name	Scientific name	Соп	dition	No. of
		Fair (3)	Good (4-5)	trees
London plane	Platanus x hispanica	-	35	35
Purple-leaf plum	Prunus cerasifera 'Atropurpurea'	1	16	17
Coast live oak	Quercus agrifolia	-	2	2
African sumac	Rhus lancea	4	9	13
Coast redwood	Sequola sempervirens	•	4	4
Total		5	66	71
		7%	93%	100%

Suitability for Preservation

Trees that are preserved on development sites must be carefully selected to make sure that they may survive development impacts, adapt to a new environment and perform well in the landscape. Our goal is to identify trees that have the potential for long-term health, structural stability and longevity. Evaluation of suitability for preservation considers several factors:

Tree health

Healthy, vigorous trees are better able to tolerate impacts such as root injury, demolition of existing structures, changes in soil grade and moisture, and soil compaction than are non-vigorous trees.

Structural integrity

Trees with significant amounts of wood decay and other structural defects that cannot be corrected are likely to fail. Such trees should not be preserved in areas where damage to people or property is likely.

Species response

There is a wide variation in the response of individual species to construction impacts and changes in the environment. In our experience, for example, purple-leaf plum and African sumac are moderately sensitive to construction impacts; while London plane and coast live oak are tolerant of site disturbance.

Tree age and longevity

Old trees, while having significant emotional and aesthetic appeal, have limited physiological capacity to adjust to an altered environment. Young trees are better able to generate new tissue and respond to change.

Species invasiveness

Species which spread across a site and displace desired vegetation are not always appropriate for retention. This is particularly true when indigenous species are displaced. The California Invasive Plant Inventory Database (http://www.cal-ipc.org/ip/inventory/weedlist.php?#key) lists species identified as having being invasive. Pleasanton is part of the Central West Floristic Province. Purple-leaf plum was the only species identified as invasive at the Centerpointe site.

Each tree was rated for suitability for preservation based upon its age, health, structural condition and ability to safely coexist within a development environment. Table 2 provides a summary of suitability ratings. Suitability ratings for individual trees are provided in the *Tree Assessment Forms* (see attachments).

Table 2: Tree suitability for preservation. Centerpointe, Pleasanton CA.

High

These are trees with good health and structural stability that have the potential for longevity at the site. Forty seven (47) trees were highly suitable for preservation, including 32 London planes, eight (8) purple-leaf plums, four (4) coast redwoods, two (2) coast live oaks, and one (1) African sumac.

Moderate

Trees in this category have fair health and/or structural defects that may be abated with treatment. These trees require more intense management and monitoring, and may have shorter life-spans than those in the "high" category. Twenty-four (24) trees were of moderate suitability for preservation, including 12 African sumacs, nine (9) purple-leaf plums and three (3) London planes.

Low

Trees in this category are in poor health or have significant defects in structure that cannot be abated with treatment. These trees can be expected to decline regardless of management. The species or individual tree may possess either characteristics that are undesirable in landscape settings or be unsuited for use areas. None of the trees at the Centerpointe site were of low suitability for preservation.

We consider trees with high suitability for preservation to be the best candidates for preservation. We do not recommend retention of trees with low suitability for preservation in areas where people or property will be present. Retention of trees with moderate suitability for preservation depends on the intensity of proposed site changes.

Evaluation of Impacts and Recommendations for Action

Appropriate tree retention develops a practical match between the location and intensity of construction activities and the quality and health of trees. The tree assessment was the reference points for tree condition and quality. Impacts from the proposed project were assessed using the Site Plan prepared by RJA Associates (dated January 15, 2015).

The plan proposes to construct 29 new residential units on the site. The existing pre-school buildings and landscaping would remain but the church building, parking lots and landscaping would be demolished. A portion of Cornerstone Ct. would be realigned and two new cul-de-sacs constructed. Bioswales would be installed in the landscape across the site. An approximately 4' wide sewer easement is proposed to be relocated onto the existing apartment complex to the north.

Tree canopy outlines were included on the plan but trunks had not been located. Potential impacts from construction were estimated for each tree given the project information available to date. The most significant impacts to trees would be associated with demolition of existing buildings and parking lots. However, several trees are within the existing easements along Busch Rd. and Ironwood Dr., providing an opportunity for tree preservation in these areas.

Based on my evaluation of the plans, removal would be required for 54 of the trees. This would include 36 that fall within the lot grading, 16 within the new road alignment, and two (2) within the bioswales. None of the trees identified for removal qualified as *Heritage*. Table 3 (following page) provides the recommended action for each tree, reasons for removal, and their *Heritage* status.

Seventeen (17) trees can be preserved, provided the design recommendations listed in the *Tree Preservation Guidelines* (page 10) can be accommodated. Four (4) of the trees identified for preservation were off-site and the remaining 13 were within the Busch Rd. and Ironwood Dr. easements.

I was aksed to comment specifically on a row of off-site trees located on the northern property line. These trees were in the landscape area between the existing curb and the apartments. None were large enough to include in the assessment, per the City of Pleasanton criteria (6" in diameter and larger, measured at 54" above grade). I measured the distances between the existing trees and the back of the curb (northern edge) to estimate impacts from the proposed utility work in this area. The trees varied from 5' to 11' north of the back of curb. Because of their young agea, I believe these trees will tolerate any root loss associated with the utility work and can be preserved.

Table 3. Recommended action for trees. Centerpointe. Pleasanton CA.

Tree No.	Species	Trunk Diameter (in.)	Heritage?	Recommended action
248	London plane	8	No	Preserve, within PSE
249	London plane	10	No	Preserve, within PSE
250	London plane	10	No	Preserve, within PSE
251	London plane	13	No	Preserve, within PSE
252	London plane	8	No	Preserve, within PSE
253	London plane	9	No	Preserve, within PSE
254	London plane	8	No	Preserve, within PSE
	•	(Continue	d, following p	

Table 3. Recommended action for trees, continued. Centerpointe, Pleasanton CA.

Tree No.	Species	Trunk Diameter (in.)	Heritage?	Recommended action
255	London plane	8	No	Preserve, within PSE
256	London plane	8	No	Preserve, within PSE
257	London plane	8	No	Preserve, within PSE
258	London plane	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
259	Purple-leaf plum	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
260	Purple-leaf plum	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
261	Purple-leaf plum	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
262	London plane	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
263	London plane	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
264	Purple-leaf plum	6,4,3	No	Remove, within lot grading
265	Purple-leaf plum	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
266	Purple-leaf plum	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
267	Purple-leaf plum	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
268	London plane	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
269	London plane	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
270	London plane	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
271	London plane	6	No	Remove, within road
272	London plane	8	No	Remove, within road
273	London plane	7	No	Remove, within road
274	London plane	6	No	Remove, within road
275	London plane	7	No	Remove, within road
276	London plane	7	No	Remove, within road
277	London plane	7	No	Remove, within road
278	London plane	6	No	Remove, within road
279	London plane	6	No	Remove, within road
280	London plane	7	No	Remove, within road
281	London plane	6	No	Remove, within road
282	London plane	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
283	London plane	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
284	London plane	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
285	London plane	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
286	London plane	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
287	Purple-leaf plum	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
288	Purple-leaf plum	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
289	Purple-leaf plum	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
290	African sumac	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
291	African sumac	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
292	African sumac	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
293	African sumac	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
294	African sumac	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
295	African sumac	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
296	African sumac	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
297	African sumac	6	No	Remove, within bioswale
298	African sumac	7	No	Remove, within bioswale

(Continued, following page)

Table 3. Recommended action for trees, continued.
Centerpointe, Pleasanton CA.

Tree No.	Species	Trunk Diameter (in.)	Heritage?	Recommended action
299	Coast redwood	8	No	Remove, within road
300	Coast redwood	6	No	Remove, within road
301	Coast redwood	7	No	Remove, within road
302	Coast redwood	8	No	Remove, within road
303	Purple-leaf plum	7	No	Remove, within road
304	Purple-leaf plum	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
305	Purple-leaf plum	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
306	Purple-leaf plum	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
307	Purple-leaf plum	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
308	Purple-leaf plum	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
309	Purple-leaf plum	7	No	Remove, within lot grading
310	African sumac	8	No	Remove, within lot grading
311	African sumac	6	No	Remove, within lot grading
312	Coast live oak	8	No	Preserve, off-site
313	Coast live oak	6	No	Preserve, off-site
314	London plane	7	No	Preserve, within PSE
315	London plane	6	No	Preserve, within PSE
316	London plane	6	No	Preserve, within PSE
317	African sumac	10	No	Preserve, off-site
318	African sumac	7	No	Preserve, off-site

Appraisal of Value

The City of Pleasanton requires that the value of all trees be established. To establish the value of the surveyed trees, I employed the standard methods found in *Guide for Plant Appraisal*, 9th edition (published in 2000 by the International Society of Arboriculture, Savoy IL). In addition, I referred to *Species Classification and Group Assignment* (2004), a publication of the Western Chapter of the International Society of Arboriculture. These two documents outline the methods employed in tree appraisal.

The value of landscape trees is based upon four factors: size, species, condition and location. Size is measured as trunk diameter, normally 54" above grade. The species factor considers the adaptability and appropriateness of the plant in the East Bay area. The *Species Classification* and *Group Assignment* lists recommended species ratings and evaluations. Condition reflects the health and structural integrity of the individual. The location factor considers the site, placement and contribution of the tree in its surrounding landscape. In this case, trees were located in a well maintained residential part of Pleasanton.

The appraised value of the 17 trees recommended for preservation was \$18,900 (Table 4, following page).

The appraised value of the 54 trees recommended for removal was \$32,900 (Table 5, following page).

Table 4. Appraised value of trees recommended for preservation Centerpointe, Pleasanton CA

Tree No.	Common Name	Size (in.)	Appraised Value (\$)
248	London plane	8	1,000
249	London plane	10	1,550
250	London plane	10	1,550
251	London plane	13	2,600
252	London plane	8	1,000
253	London plane	9	1,300
254	London plane	8	800
255	London plane	8	1,000
256	London plane	8	1,000
257	London plane	8	1,000
312	Coast live oak	8	1,000
313	Coast live oak	6	600
314	London plane	7	600
315	London plane	6	450
316	London plane	6	450
317	African sumac	10	2,000
318	African sumac	7	1,000
Total			18,900

Table 5. Appraised value of trees recommended for removal.

Centerpointe, Pleasanton CA

Tree	Common Name	Size	Appraised
No.		(in.)	Value (\$)
258	London plane	7	700
259	Purple-leaf plum	6	400
260	Purple-leaf plum	7	500
261	Purple-leaf plum	7	500
262	London plane	6	550
263	London plane	6	550
264	Purple-leaf plum	6,4,3	1,750
265	Purple-leaf plum	6	400
266	Purple-leaf plum	6	400
267	Purple-leaf plum	7	500
268	London plane	6	550
269	London plane	7	700
270	London plane	7	550
271	London plane	6	450
272	London plane	8	800
273	London plane	7	800
274	London plane	6	450
275	London plane	7	800
276	London plane	7	600
277	London plane	7	600
278	London plane	6	600
	(Continued,	following page)	

Table 5. Appraised value of trees recommended for removal.

Centerpointe, Pleasanton CA

Tree No.	Common Name	Size (in.)	Appraised Value (\$)
279	London plane	6	600
280	London plane	7	600
281	London plane	6	600
282	London plane	7	800
283	London plane	7	800
284	London plane	6	450
285	London plane	6	450
286	London plane	6	450
287	Purple-leaf plum	6	400
288	Purple-leaf plum	7	500
289	Purple-leaf plum	6	400
290	African sumac	7	1,000
291	African sumac	6	550
292	African sumac	6	750
293	African sumac	7	700
294	African sumac	6	750
295	African sumac	6	550
296	African sumac	7	1,000
297	African sumac	6	750
298	African sumac	7	1,000
299	Coast redwood	8	600
300	Coast redwood	6	350
301	Coast redwood	7	450
302	Coast redwood	8	600
303	Purple-leaf plum	7	350
304	Purple-leaf plum	7	500
305	Purple-leaf plum	6	400
306	Purple-leaf plum	6	400
307	Purple-leaf plum	6	400
308	Purple-leaf plum	6	400
309	Purple-leaf plum	7	500
310	African sumac	8	950
311	African sumac	6	750
Total			32,900

Tree Preservation Guidelines

The goal of tree preservation is not merely tree survival during development but maintenance of tree health and beauty for many years. Impacts can be minimized by coordinating any construction activities inside the TREE PROTECTION ZONE.

The following recommendations will help reduce impacts to trees from development and maintain and improve their health and vitality through the clearing, grading and construction phases.

Design recommendations

- Have the vertical and horizontal locations of all the trees identified for
 preservation established and plotted on all plans. Forward these plans to the
 Consulting Arborist for review and finalization of the assessment of impacts to
 trees.
- Any plan affecting trees should be reviewed by the Consulting Arborist with regard to tree impacts. These include, but are not limited to, improvement plans, utility and drainage plans, grading plans, landscape and irrigation plans and demolition plans.
- 3. A TREE PROTECTION ZONE must be established for trees to be preserved, in which no disturbance is permitted. TREE PROTECTION ZONES for trees identified for preservation are identified in the following table. No grading, excavation, construction or storage of materials shall occur within that zone.

Specific Tree Protection Zones

Tree No.	TPZ
#248 and 249	5' N. DL in all other directions
#250-257	5' W., DL in all other directions
#314, 315 and 316	5' NW., DL in all other directions
#312 and 313	PL N. and DL in all other directions.
#317 and 318	7' S. (@ PL) and DL in all other directions.

- Tree Preservation Notes, prepared by the Consulting Arborist, should be included on all plans.
- Underground services including utilities, sub-drains, water or sewer shall be routed around the TREE PROTECTION ZONE. Where encroachment cannot be avoided, special construction techniques such as hand digging or tunneling under roots shall be employed where necessary to minimize root injury.
- 6. Irrigation systems must be designed so that no trenching will occur within the TREE PROTECTION ZONE.
- Any herbicides placed under paving materials must be safe for use around trees and labeled for that use.

Pre-construction treatments and recommendations

- The demolition contractor shall meet with the Consulting Arborist before beginning work to discuss work procedures and tree protection.
- Cap and abandon all existing underground utilities within the TPZ in place.
 Removal of utility boxes by hand is acceptable but no trenching should be performed within the TPZ in an effort to remove utilities, irrigation lines, etc.
- Fence trees to completely enclose the TREE PROTECTION ZONE prior to demolition, grubbing, or grading. Fences shall be 6 ft. chain link or equivalent as approved by the City of Mountain View. Fences are to remain until all construction is completed.
- 4. Trees to be preserved may require pruning to provide construction clearance. Pruning of off-site trees should be performed with the property owner's permission. All pruning shall be completed by a Certified Arborist or Tree Worker. Pruning shall adhere to the latest edition of the ANSI Z133 and A300 standards as well as the Best Management Practices -- Tree Pruning published by the International Society of Arboriculture.
- 5. Structures and underground features to be removed within the TREE PROTECTION ZONE shall use the smallest equipment, and operate from outside the TREE PROTECTION ZONE. The consultant shall be on-site during all operations within the TREE PROTECTION ZONE to monitor demolition activity.

Recommendations for tree protection during construction

- Prior to beginning work, the contractors working in the vicinity of trees to be preserved are required to meet with the Consulting Arborist at the site to review all work procedures, access routes, storage areas and tree protection measures.
- Fences have been erected to protect trees to be preserved. Fences define a
 specific TREE PROTECTION ZONE for each tree or group of trees. Fences are to
 remain until all site work has been completed. Fences may not be relocated or
 removed without permission of the Consulting Arborist.
- 3. Any excavation within the dripfine or other work that is expected to encounter tree roots should be approved and monitored by the Consulting Arborist. Roots shall be cut by manually digging a trench and cutting exposed roots with a sharp saw. The Consulting Arborist will identify where root pruning is required.
- 4. If injury should occur to any tree during construction, it should be evaluated as soon as possible by the Consulting Arborist so that appropriate treatments can be applied.
- 5. Prior to grading, pad preparation, excavation for foundations/footings/walls, trenching, trees may require root pruning outside the TREE PROTECTION ZONE by cutting all roots cleanly to the depth of the excavation. Roots shall be cut by manually digging a trench and cutting exposed roots with a <u>sharp</u> saw or other approved root pruning equipment. The Consulting Arborist will identify where root pruning is required.

- All underground utilities, drain lines or irrigation lines shall be routed outside the TREE PROTECTION ZONE. If lines must traverse through the protection area, they shall be tunneled or bored under the tree as directed by the Consulting Arborist.
- No materials, equipment, spoil, waste or wash-out water may be deposited, stored, or parked within the TREE PROTECTION ZONE (fenced area).
- 8. Any additional tree pruning needed for clearance during construction must be performed by a Certified Arborist and not by construction personnel.

Maintenance of impacted trees

Trees preserved at the Centerpointe site may experience a physical environment different from that pre-development. As a result, tree health and structural stability should be monitored. Occasional pruning, fertilization, mulch, pest management, replanting and irrigation may be required. In addition, provisions for monitoring both tree health and structural stability following construction must be made a priority. As trees age, the likelihood of branches or entire trees falling will increase. Therefore, annual inspection for hazard potential is recommended.

HortScience, Inc.

John Leffingwell

Board Certified Master Arborist WE-3966B Registered Consulting Arborist #442

Attached:

Tree Assessment Form

Tree Assessment Maps

Multiple attachments at 3; narrow attachments.

Good form and structure; slight lean E. Good form and structure; slight lean E. Good form; crown bowed E.

E E E E

4 10 10 4

2222

7 9 7 7

London plane London plane London plane

267 268 269 270

Purple-leaf plum

Tree Assessment

Centerpointe Pleasanton, Califomia Februaru 2015

COMMENTS	Good form and structure: small study S	Good form and structure: small stub S.	Good form and structure: low branches N. & S.	Good form and structure: slight lean E.: lateral N.	Good form and structure; corrected lean E.	Good form and structure.	Codominant trunks at 15': slight lean E.	Good form and structure.	Good form and structure; low branches N.	Good form and structure.	Good form and structure: low branch N.	Multiple attachments at 3'; narrow attachments;	embedded stake tie.	Multiple attachments at 3'; narrow attachments;	embedded stake tie.	Multiple attachments at 3"; narrow attachments.	Good form and structure; slight lean E.	Good form and structure.	Multiple attachments at 3"; narrow attachments.	Multiple attachments at 3: narrow attachments.	Multiple attachments at 5°; narrow attachments;	embedded stake tie.	
SUITABILITY FOR PRESERVATION	High	Ē	Ë	High	五	High	Egh	王gh	更	High	完工	Moderate		Moderate		High	High	High	HgH	High	Moderate		
CONDITION 1=POOR 5=EXCELLENT	ĸ	ស	ιΩ	ĸ	S.	ຜ	4	ιΩ	S	22	ιΩ	4		4		4	ιΩ	ιΩ	4	4	4		•
Heritage?	Š	8	ž	ž	2	욷	2	ž	Š	ž	2	2		ž		£	Š	ž	2	£	Š		
SIZE DIAMETER (in inches)	80	10	10	13	œ	o	æ	80	60	œ	7	9		7		7	9	ø	6,4,3	9	9		1
SPECIES	London plane	London plane	London plane	London plane	London plane	London plane	London plane	London plane	London plane	London plane	London plane	Purple-leaf plum		Purple-leaf plum		Purple-leaf plum	London plane	London plane	Purple-leaf plum	Purple-leaf plum	Purple-leaf plum		Deal Lank merin
TREE No.	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259		260		261	262	263	5 94	265	566		100





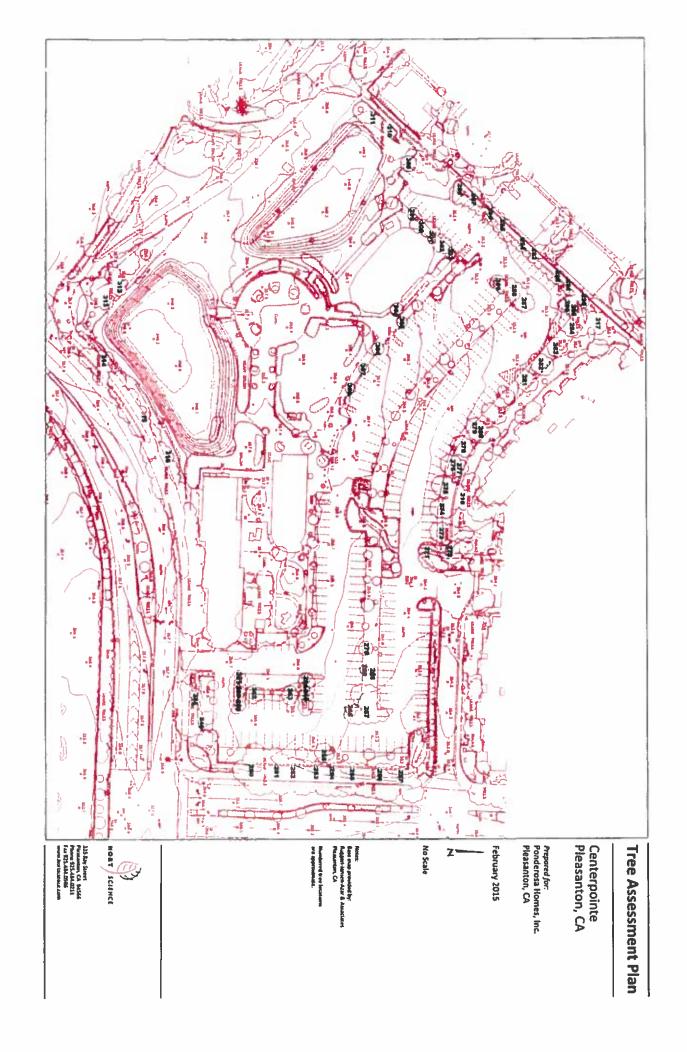
TREE No.	SPECIES	SIZE DIAMETER (in inches)	Heritage?	CONDITION 1=POOR 5=EXCELLENT	SUITABILITY FOR PRESERVATION	COMMENTS
271	London plane	9	2	4	Moderate	Fair structure: Jeans F
272	London plane	00	2	4	High	Militials attachments at 10° cood form
273	London plane	7	2	· ro	Ë	Good form and structure
274	London plane	φ	Š	4	Figh	Crown sweeps SE
275	London plane	7	Š	ເດ	High	Good form and structure.
276	London plane	7	ž	4	Eig.	Crown sweeps SE
277	London plane	7	°N	4	T.	Codominant frunks at 8': good form.
278	London plane	9	S S	ເກ	Ë	Good form and structure
279	London plane	9	Š	Ŋ	High	Good form and structure: narrow form.
280	London plane	7	2	4	Moderate	Corrected lean E.: fair structure.
281	London plane	9	Š	ເນ	High	Good form and structure: surface roots.
282	London plane	7	S _o	ດ	High	Good form and structure.
283	London plane	7	ž	r2	High	Good form and structure: surface roots.
284	London plane	9	ž	4	Moderate	Corrected lean SE.
285	London plane	9	8 S	4	High	Multiple attachments at 8": good form.
286	London plane	9	S.	4	ĘĒ	Multiple attachments at 8", upright form.
287	Pumle-leaf plum	9	8 8	4	High	Multiple attachments at 4"; narrow attachments.
288	Purpie-leaf plum	7	ž	4	High	Multiple attachments at 5", narrow attachments.
289	Purple-leaf plum	9	Š	4	High	Multiple attachments at 5; narrow attachments.
290	African sumac	7	Š	4	Moderate	Multiple attachments at 6°; fair structure.
291	African sumac	9	<u>8</u>	ო	Moderate	Multiple attachments at 6'; heavily reduced; fair
						structure.
292	African sumac	9	2	4	Moderate	Multiple attachments at 6'; fair structure.
293	African sumac	7	<u>8</u>	က	Moderate	Multiple attachments at 7"; crown bowed E.; reduced; fair
						structure.
294	African sumac	9	2	4	Moderate	Multiple attachments at 7'; reduced; fair structure.

Tree Assessment

Centerpointe Pleasanton, California Februaru 2015



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TREE No.		295	296		-	299	300	301	302	303		304		306	307	308	309	310		-		313	314	315	316	317	318





EDWARD L. PACK ASSOCIATES. INC.

1975 HAMILTON AVENUE SUITE 26 SAN JOSE: CA 95125 **Acoustical Consultants**

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June 25, 2015 Project No. 47-049

Mr. Jeff Schroeder Ponderosa Homes 6130 Stoneridge Mall Road Suite 185 Pleasanton, CA 94588

Subject: Noise Assessment Study for the Planned "Centerpointe" Single-Family

Development, Ironwood Drive, Pleasanton

Dear Mr. Schroeder:

This report presents the results of a noise assessment study for the planned "Centerpointe" single-family development along Ironwood Drive in Pleasanton, as shown on the Site Development Plan, Ref. (a). The noise exposures and noise levels at the site were evaluated against the standards of the City of Pleasanton General Plan Noise Element, Ref. (b). An analysis of the on-site noise measurements indicates that the noise environment is created primarily by traffic sources on Valley Avenue and Busch Road. Noise from Ironwood Drive or the City of Pleasanton Corporation Yard does not significantly impact the site. The results of the study reveal that the traffic noise exposures Valley Avenue traffic exceeds the limits of the standards. Traffic noise from Busch Avenue is within the limits of the standards. Noise mitigation measures for Valley Avenue traffic sources will be required.

Sections I and II of this report contain a summary of our findings and recommendations, respectively. Subsequent sections contain site, traffic and project descriptions, analyses and evaluations. Appendices A, B and C contain the list of references, descriptions of the standards, definitions of the terminology, descriptions of the instrumentation used for the field survey, general building shell controls and the on-site noise measurement data and calculation tables.

I. <u>Summary of the Findings</u>

The noise exposures presented herein were evaluated against the noise standards of the City of Pleasanton Noise Element, which utilizes the Day-Night Level (DNL) 24-hour descriptor to define acceptable noise levels for various land uses. The standards specify a limit of 60 dB DNL for single-family residential exterior areas and 45 dB DNL for residential interior living spaces

The noise exposures and noise levels shown below are without the application of mitigation measures, and represent the noise environment for the existing and project site conditions.

A. Exterior Noise Exposures

Table I, below, provides the exterior noise exposures at the most impacted side and rear yard, and at the most impacted planned building setback from Valley Avenue, Busch Road and Ironwood Drive/Corporation Yard.

TABLE I Exterior Noise Exposures, dB DNL											
Lot 20	Setback	Existing	Future	Existing	Future	Existing	Future				
Side and Rear Yards	140 ft. to Valley Ave. CL, 80 ft. to Busch Rd. CL	64	64	55	57	65	65				
Building Setback	145 ft. to Valley Ave. CL, 100 ft. to Busch Rd. CL	64	64	54	56	64	65				
Lots 5,6,7, 19	250 ft. to 158 ft. to Valley Ave. CL	60-63	60-63		**	60-63	60-63				
Lot 27	60 ft. to Iro	53	53								

Intermittent noise from activity at the Corporation Yard was noticeable at Location 2 (Lot 27). However, the instantaneous noise levels ranged from 48-54 dBA (backhoe operation) and were not significant. Noise from activity at the Corporation Yard are included in the Location 2 noise measurement data.

As shown above, the exterior noise exposures at lots along Valley Avenue will be up to 5 dB in excess of the 60 dB DNL standard of the City of Pleasanton Noise Element.

The future 60 dB DNL noise contour will be 250 ft. from the centerline of Valley Avenue.

B. <u>Interior Noise Exposures</u>

Table II, below, provides the interior noise exposures in the most impacted living spaces closest to Valley Avenue, Busch Road, Ironwood Drive and the City of Pleasanton Corporation Yard.

TABLE II											
Interior Noise Exposures, dB DNL											
		Valley Ave.		Busch Road		TOTAL					
Lot 20	Setback	Existing	Future	Existing	Future	Existing	Future				
Living Spaces	145 ft. to Valley Ave. CL, 100 ft. to Busch Rd. CL	39	39	29	31	39	40				
Lot 27 Living Spaces	80 ft. to Ire	26	26								

As shown above, the interior noise exposures will be within the 45 dB DNL limit of the City of Pleasanton Noise Element standards.

The findings reveal that exterior noise exposure excesses will occur at the site and mitigation measures will be required. The mitigation measures necessary to achieve the City of Pleasanton Noise Element standards are described in Section II of this report.

II. Noise Mitigation Measures

A. Exterior Noise

To achieve compliance with the 60 dB DNL standard of the City of Pleasanton Noise Element for the exterior living areas impacted by Valley Avenue traffic, the following noise control barrier will be required:

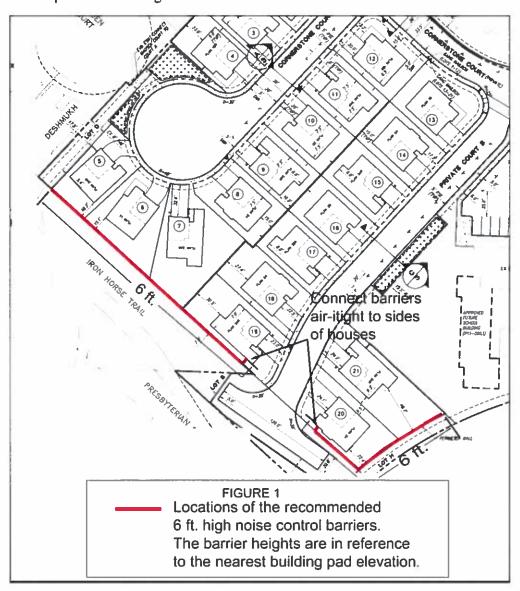
- Construct a 6 ft. high acoustically-effective barrier along the southwesterly lot lines of Lots 5, 6, 7 and 19. To control flanking noise turn the barrier along Lot 19 to connect air-tight to the side of the house.
- Construct a 6 ft. high acoustically-effective barrier along the southeasterly lot lines of Lots 20 and 21 contiguous with Busch Road. Continue the barrier along the southwesterly (side) lot line of Lot 20. To control flanking noise turn the barrier along Lot 20 to connect air-tight to the side of the house.

The barrier height is in reference to the nearest building pad elevation.

Please see Figure 1 for the locations of the recommended noise control barriers.

To achieve an acoustically-effective barrier, it must be made air-tight, i.e., without cracks, gaps, or other openings and must provide for long-term durability. The barriers can be constructed of wood, concrete, stucco, masonry, metal, earth berm or a combination thereof and must achieve a minimum surface weight of 2.5 lbs./sq. ft. If wood fencing is used, homogeneous sheet materials are preferable to conventional wood fencing as the latter has a tendency to warp and form openings with age. However, high quality, air-tight, tongue-and-groove, shiplap, or board and batten construction can be used, provided the minimum surface weight requirement is met and the construction is air-tight.

Gates may be incorporated into the barrier return segments at the sides of Lots 19 and 20. The gates must be of the same height as the main barrier and must fit tight to the main barrier when closed. The gaps at the hinge and closure jambs shall be covered with astragals/stops. The gap below the gate shall be no more than 1" high. The noise control barriers must be constructed so that all joints, including connections with posts, pilasters or the building shell are sealed air-tight and no openings are permitted between the upper barrier components and the ground.



III. Site, Traffic and Project Descriptions

The planned project site is located along Busch Road, Valley Avenue and Ironwood Drive in Pleasanton, and currently contains the Centerpointe Presbyterian Church. The site is relatively flat and at-grade with the surrounding roadways. Surrounding land uses include single-family and multi-family residential adjacent to the west and north, a City of Pleasanton corporation yard across Ironwood Drive to the east, vacant land across Busch Road to the south and Oldcastle Precast concrete company across Valley Avenue to the west. The Cornerstone Presbyterian Church will remain at the center of the site.

The primary source of noise at the site is traffic on Valley Avenue, which carries an existing Average Daily Traffic (ADT) of approximately 32,900 vehicles. Busch Road carries an ADT of approximately 11,950 vehicles. These traffic volumes were calculated as an interpolation of 2008 and 2025 traffic volumes provided in the City of Pleasanton Noise Element and the City of Pleasanton Circulation Element, Ref. (c). Ironwood Drive is a minor street that serves the residential area to the north of the project site.

The 2008 traffic volume for Busch Road was 3,900 vehicles ADT. The 2025 traffic volume is predicted to be 21,000 ADT. The change in traffic volume over those 17 years yields a growth rate of 10.4% per year. Applying this rate to 2008 to 2015 results in an existing traffic volume of 7,800 ADT. At a distance of 65 ft. from the centerline and at an average speed of 20 mph, the DNL was calculated to be 55 dB. Busch Road vehicle speeds are low near the intersection as Valley Avenue is the primary thoroughfare and the light at Busch Road is often red causing vehicles to come to a stop. There are few full speed passbys.

The 2008 traffic volume for Valley Avenue was 25,800 vehicles ADT. The 2025 traffic volume is predicted to be 35,000 ADT. The change in traffic volume over those 17 years yields a growth rate of 1.8% per year. Applying this rate to 2008 to 2015 results in an existing traffic volume of 29,252 ADT. At a distance of 140 ft. from the centerline and at an average speed of 40 mph, the DNL was calculated to be 64 dB.

The noise exposure from Busch Road (55 dB DNL) plus the noise exposure from Valley Avenue (64 dB DNL) equals 65 dB DNL. These noise levels correspond well with the measured traffic noise data.

The planned project includes the construction of 27 two-story single-family homes. Ingress and egress to the development will be by way of a project access street off of Valley Avenue. Six homes will be located on the east side of the church along Ironwood Drive and twenty-one homes will be located on the northwesterly side of the church.

IV. Analysis of the Noise Levels

A. Existing Noise Levels

To determine the existing noise environment at the site, continuous recordings of the sound levels were made at two locations. Location 1 was 65 ft. from the centerline of Busch Road and 140 ft. from the centerline of Valley Avenue corresponding to the most impacted planned lot line (rear yard of Lot 20). Location 2 was 60 ft. from the centerline of Ironwood Drive and 105 ft. from the Corporation Yard property line, near the lot line of Lot 27. The measurements were made on June 17-18, 2015 using Larson-Davis 812 Precision Integrating Sound Level Meters. The meters yield, by direct readout, a series of descriptors of the sound levels versus time. The measured descriptors included the L_1 , L_{10} , L_{50} , and L_{90} , i.e., those levels that are exceeded 1%, 10%, 50%, and 90% of the time. Also measured were the maximum and minimum levels, and the continuous equivalent-energy levels (L_{eq}), which are used to calculate the DNL. The measurements were made for a total period of 24 hours at each location and included recordings of the noise levels during representative hours of the daytime and nighttime periods of the DNL index. The results of the measurements are shown in the data table in Appendix C.

As shown in the tables, the L_{eq} 's at Location 1, 65 ft. from the centerline of Busch Road and 140 ft. from the centerline of Valley Avenue, ranged from 54.7 to 66.3 dBA during the daytime and from 46.6 to 63.2 dBA at night.

The L_{eq} noise levels at measurement Location 2, 60ft. from the centerline of Ironwood Drive ranged from 46.3 to 54.9 dBA during the daytime and from 38.9 to 50.2 dBA at night.

B. Future Noise Levels

The future (2025) traffic volume for Busch Road is reported in the Noise Element to be 21,000 ADT. This increase in traffic volume from the existing 7,800 ADT yields an increase of 4 dB in the Busch Road traffic noise levels. The future (20025) traffic volume from the existing 29,252 ADT for Valley Avenue is reported to be 35,000 ADT. This increase in traffic volume yields a 1 dB increase in the traffic noise levels.

V. <u>Evaluation of the Noise Exposures</u>

A. <u>Exterior Noise Exposures</u>

To evaluate the on-site noise exposures against the City of Pleasanton Noise Element standards, the DNL's for the survey locations were calculated by decibel averaging of the L_{eq}'s as they apply to the daily sub-periods of the DNL index. A 10 decibel nighttime weighting factor was applied to account for the increased human sensitivity to noise at night. Adjustments were made to the measured noise levels to account for the difference in distance between the measurement locations and the various building setbacks, using methods established by the Highway Research Board, Ref. (d). The DNL formula is shown in Appendix B. The results of the calculations are shown in Appendix C.

The calculations show that the existing noise exposure at measurement Location 1, 65 ft. from the centerline of Busch Road and 140 ft. from the centerline of Valley Avenue, was 65 dB DNL. Of this 65 dB, 55 dB is due to Busch Road traffic and 64 dB is due to Valley Avenue traffic.

At the most impacted lot line/rear yard at Lot 20, 80 ft. from the centerline of Busch Road and 140 ft. from the centerline of Valley Avenue, the noise exposures are 54 dB DNL from Busch Road and 64 dB DNL from Valley Avenue. The combined noise exposure is 64 dB DNL. Under future traffic conditions, the noise exposures were calculated to be 58 dB DNL from Busch Road traffic and 65 dB DNL from Valley Avenue traffic. The combined noise exposure is 66 dB DNL.

The noise exposures are combined using the formula:

$$66 \text{ dB} = 10\log_{10}(10^{58/10}) + (10^{65/10})$$

Thus, the noise exposures will be up to 6 dB in excess of the City of Pleasanton Noise Element standards.

At the planned minimum building setback of 100 ft. from the centerline of Busch Road and 145 ft. from the centerline of Valley Avenue, the traffic noise exposures reduce to 53 dB DNL from Busch Road and 64 dB DNL from Valley Avenue. The combined noise exposure is 64 dB DNL. Under future traffic conditions, the noise exposures are expected to increase to 57 dB DNL from Busch Road traffic and 65 dB DNL from Valley Avenue traffic. The combined noise exposure is 66 dB DNL.

The noise exposures at measurement Location 2, 60 ft. from the centerline of Ironwood Drive and 105 ft. from the City of Pleasanton Corporation Yard, is 53 dB DNL. As Ironwood Drive serves a built out residential area and traffic volume data are not available, we estimate that there will be no significant increase in the traffic noise levels. Thus, the noise exposures at the portion of the site along Ironwood Drive are within the limits of the City of Pleasanton Noise Element standards.

B. Interior Noise Exposures

To determine the interior noise exposures, a 25 dB reduction was applied to the exterior noise exposures at the minimum building setbacks to represent the attenuation provided by a typical building shell under a closed window condition. This condition assumes that residential dwellings have standard dual-pane, thermal insulating windows (nom. STC 28) that are kept closed all of the time, as adequate supplementary ventilation will be required by the Mechanical Code.

The interior noise exposures in living spaces of the home on Lot 20 (most impacted) closest to Busch Road and Valley Avenue will be up to 39 and 40 dB DNL under existing and future conditions, respectively. Thus, the interior noise exposures will be within the 45 dB DNL standard of the City of Pleasanton Noise Element standard.

As shown by the above evaluations, exterior noise exposure excesses will occur and mitigation measures will be required. The required noise mitigation measures are described in Section II of this report. The interior noise exposures will be within the limits of the standards. Noise mitigation measures for the interior living spaces will not be required.

The above report presents the results of a noise assessment study for the planned "Centerpointe" single-family development along Ironwood Drive in Pleasanton. The study findings for present conditions are based on field measurements and other data and are correct to the best of our knowledge. The future noise level predictions are based on information provided by the City of Pleasanton. Significant deviations in the predicted traffic volumes, future changes in motor vehicle technology, speed limits, noise regulations, or other changes beyond our control may produce long-range noise results different from our estimates.

If you need any additional information or would like an elaboration on this report, please call me.

Sincerely,

EDWARD L. PACK ASSOC., INC.

Jeffy K Park

Jeffrey K. Pack President

Attachment: Appendices A, B and C

APPENDIX A

References:

- (a) Site Development Plan, Centerpointe Presbyterian Church, by Ruggeri, Jensen, Azar, February 23, 2015
- (b) Noise Element of the General Plan 2005-2025, City of Pleasanton, July 21, 2009
- (c) Circulation Element of the General Plan 2005-2025, City of Pleasanton, July 21, 2009
- (d) Highway Research Board. "Highway Noise-A Design Guide for Highway Engineers". Report 117, 1971

APPENDIX B

Noise Standards, Terminology, Instrumentation and Building Shell Controls

1. Noise Standards

A. <u>City of Pleasanton Noise Element Standards</u>

The City of Pleasanton Noise Element, Chapter VIII, Adopted July 21, 2009 specifies exterior and interior noise exposure standards.

Residential Exterior

Residential Exterio	l .			
Source	<u>ce</u>	<u>Standard</u>		
Traffi	ic			
	Single-Family	60 dB DNL		
	Multi-Family (common areas)	65 dB DNL		
Railro	oad	70 dB DNL		
Aircra	ast	55 dB DNL		
Residential Interior	r	45 dB DNL		
. For ra	nilroad sources:	50 dBA L _{max} Bedrooms		
		55 dBA L _{max} Other Interior		
		Spaces		

If more than 4 trains daytime or any trains nighttime

Aircraft 50 dBA L_{max} Bedrooms 55 dBA L_{max} Living Spaces

2. Terminology

A. Statistical Noise Levels

Due to the fluctuating character of urban traffic noise, statistical procedures are needed to provide an adequate description of the environment. A series of statistical descriptors have been developed which represent the noise levels exceeded a given percentage of the time. These descriptors are obtained by direct readout of the Sound Level Meters. Some of the statistical levels used to describe community noise are defined as follows:

- L₁₀ A noise level exceeded for 10% of the time, considered to be an "intrusive" level.
- L₅₀ The noise level exceeded 50% of the time representing an "average" sound level.
- L₉₀ The noise level exceeded 90 % of the time, designated as a "background" noise level.
- L_{eq} The continuous-equivalent level is that level of a steady noise having the same energy as a given time-varying noise. The L_{eq} thus represents the decibel level of the time-averaged value of sound energy or sound pressure squared. The L_{eq} is the noise descriptor used to calculate the DNL and CNEL descriptors.

B. <u>Day-Night Level (DNL)</u>

Noise levels utilized in the standards are described in terms of the Day-Night Level (DNL). The DNL rating is determined by the cumulative noise exposures occurring over a 24-hour day in terms of A-Weighted sound energy. The 24-hour day is divided into two sub-periods for the DNL index, i.e., the daytime period from 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., and the nighttime period from 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. A 10 dBA weighting factor is applied (added) to the noise levels occurring during the nighttime period to account for the greater sensitivity of people to noise during these hours. The DNL is calculated from the measured Leq in accordance with the following mathematical formula:

DNL =
$$[[(10\log_{10}(10^{\sum Leq(7-10)})) \times 15] + [(10\log_{10}(10^{\sum Leq(10-7))}) \times 9]]/24$$

C. A-Weighted Sound Level

The decibel measure of the sound level utilizing the "A" weighted network of a sound level meter is referred to as "dBA". The "A" weighting is the accepted standard weighting system used when noise is measured and recorded for the purpose of determining total noise levels and conducting statistical analyses of the environment so that the output correlates well with the response of the human ear.

3. <u>Instrumentation</u>

The on-site field measurement data were acquired by the use of one or more of the sound analyzers listed below. The instrumentation provides a direct readout of the L exceedance statistical levels including the equivalent-energy level (L_{eq}). Input to the meters were provided by microphones extended to a height of 5 ft. above the ground unless otherwise noted. The "A" weighting network and the "Fast" response setting of the meters were used in conformance with the applicable standards. The meters conform to the Type 1 performance standards of ANSI S1.4. All instrumentation was acoustically calibrated before and after field tests to assure accuracy.

Bruel & Kjaer 2231 Precision Integrating Sound Level Meter Larson Davis LDL 812 Precision Integrating Sound Level Meter Larson Davis 2900 Real Time Analyzer Tascam DR-40 Linear PCM Digital Audio Recorder

4. **Building Shell Controls**

The following additional precautionary measures are required to assure the greatest potential for exterior-to-interior noise attenuation by the recommended mitigation measures. These measures apply at those units where closed windows are required:

- Unshielded entry doors having a direct or side orientation toward the primary noise source must be 1-5/8" or 1-3/4" thick, insulated metal or solid-core wood construction with effective weather seals around the full perimeter. Mail slots should not be used in these doors or in the wall of a living space, as a significant noise leakage can occur through them.
- If any penetrations in the building shell are required for vents, piping, conduit, etc., sound leakage around these penetrations can be controlled by sealing all cracks and clearance spaces with a nonhardening caulking compound.
- Ventilation openings shall not compromise the acoustical integrity of the building shell.

APPENDIX C

On-Site Noise Measurement Data and Calculation Tables

DNL CALCULATIONS

PONDEROSA HOMES
47-049
CENTERPOINTE
6/17-18/2015
VALLEY AVE., BUSCH ST., CORP YARD CLIENT: FILE: PROJECT: DATE: SOURCE:

I OCATION 1	Busch St Valley Ave		
Dist to Source	65 ft., 131 ft.		
TIME	Leq	10^Leq/10	
7:00 AM	65.1	3235936.6	
8:00 AM	66.3	4265795.2	
9:00 AM	64.2	2630268.0	
10:00 AM	63.9	2454708.9	
11:00 AM	63.4	2187761.6	
12:00 PM	63.0	1995262.3	
1:00 PM	62.5	1778279.4	
2:00 PM	62.5	1778279.4	
3:00 PM	62.7	1862087.1	
4:00 PM	59.6	912010.8	
5:00 PM	58.6	724436.0	
6:00 PM	58.1	645654.2	
7:00 PM	58.2	660693.4	
8:00 PM	56.8	478630.1	
9:00 PM	54.7	295120.9 SUM=	25904924
10:00 PM	53.8	239883,3 Ld=	62.4
11:00 PM	51.5	141253.8	
12:00 AM	49.5	89125.1	
1:00 AM	46.6	45708.8	
2:00 AM	47.5	56234.1	
3:00 AM	50.8	120226.4	
4:00 AM	59.7	933254.3	
5:00 AM	60.5	1122018.5	
6:00 AM	63.2	2089296.1 SUM=	4837000
		1.0 Ld=	57.3
	Daytime Level≖	74.2	
	Nighttime Level≈	76.8	
	DNL=	65	
	24-Hour Leg=	61.1	

TIME	Leg	10^Leq/10	
7:00 AM	52.3	169824.4	
8:00 AM	53.4	218776.2	
9:00 AM	54.5	281838.3	
10:00 AM	54.9	309029.5	
11:00 AM	50.8	120226.4	
12:00 PM	50.9	123026.9	
1:00 PM	50.6	114815.4	
2:00 PM	52.0	158489.3	
3:00 PM	51.2	131825.7	
4:00 PM	48.7	74131.0	
5:00 PM	51.2	131825.7	
6:00 PM	50.4	109647.8	
7:00 PM	50.4	109647.8	
8:00 PM	48.6	72443.6	
9:00 PM	46.3	42658.0 SUM≈	2168206
10:00 PM	44.4	27542.3 Ld=	51.6
11:00 PM	41.7	14791.1	
12:00 AM	40.0	10000.0	
1:00 AM	39.9	9772.4	
2:00 AM	38.9	7762.5	
3:00 AM	45.5	35481.3	
4:00 AM	44.1	25704.0	
5:00 AM	48.2	66069.3	
6:00 AM	50.2	104712.9 SUM=	301836
		-pn	45.3
	Daytime Level=	63.4	
	Nighttime Level=	64.8	
	=DNC	53	
	24•Hour I en≡	50.1	



853 LINCOLN WAY SUITE #208 AUBURN CALIFORNIA 95603 T 530 887 8500 T 530 885 8372 PUD-111 P15-0248, P15-0249 P15-0250 & P15-0390 RECEIVED July 21, 2015 EXHIBIT B

MEMORANDUM

To:

Pamela Hardy, Ponderosa Homes

From:

David Deckman, Dudek

Subject:

Centerpointe Presbyterian Church Project - Health Risk Assessment

Date:

June 23, 2015

Attachments:

1 Figures 1–3

2 Roadway Screening Analysis Calculator

cc:

Jennifer Reed, Dudek

Caitlin Munson, Dudek

This memorandum evaluates the anticipated health impacts resulting from roadways and stationary sources in the vicinity of Ponderosa Homes' Centerpointe Presbyterian Church Project (proposed project) based on significance thresholds and methodologies in the Bay Area Air Quality Management District's (BAAQMD's) California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Air Quality Guidelines (BAAQMD Guidelines; BAAQMD 2011). The proposed project site is located on the northeast side of Valley Avenue and north of Busch Road in the City of Pleasanton, California.

INTRODUCTION

Ponderosa Homes is proposing a development project consisting of 27 single-family dwelling units on a 6.22-acre site in the City of Pleasanton, California (Attachment 1, Figures 1–3). The proposed project involves the demolition of the existing Centerpointe Presbyterian Church buildings and construction of single-family homes located northwest of the Busch Road and Ironwood Drive intersection and northeast of Valley Avenue. The existing site includes the main Centerpointe Presbyterian Church building (stressed membrane structure) in the northwest corner, a courtyard in the center of the site, and two preschool/private school buildings in the eastern portion of the site. A parking lot stretches along the northern and eastern edges of the site. The existing daycare facilities would be retained and access to these buildings would be modified as part of the proposed project. The project would also include the extension of on-site roadways and related site improvements. The project would replace the approved church campus consisting of a 900-seat worship sanctuary at the corner of Valley Avenue and Busch Road, along with a fellowship hall, administrative buildings, and other ancillary structures.

In the City's Community Development Department incompleteness letter for the proposed project (May 22, 2015), the City's Planning Division staff requested "an air quality analysis ... to ascertain whether the project would meet air-quality health risk standards issued by the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD)." Per Dudek's discussion with Adam Weinstein, Acting Planning Director at the City of Pleasanton (June 5, 2015), only a screening health risk assessment is requested in the form of a focused technical memorandum using the BAAQMD health risk guidance to meet the needs of the City's planning staff (Weinstein, pers. comm., 2015).

Consistent with the City's request and BAAQMD guidance, this memorandum evaluates exposure to residents of the proposed project to toxic air contaminants (TAC) from "major roadways" and stationary sources (e.g., gasoline dispensing facilities, manufacturing facilities, and emergency generators). A substance released into the air is considered a TAC if it has the potential to cause adverse health effects in humans, including increasing the risk of cancer upon exposure, or acute and/or chronic noncancer health effects. Examples include certain aromatic and chlorinated hydrocarbons, certain metals, and asbestos. TACs are generated by a number of sources, including stationary sources such as dry cleaners, gas stations, combustion sources, manufacturing facilities, and laboratories; mobile sources such as automobiles and trucks; and area sources such as landfills. Adverse health effects associated with exposure to TACs may include carcinogenic (i.e., cancer-causing) and noncarcinogenic effects. Noncarcinogenic effects typically affect one or more target organ systems and may be experienced either on short-term (acute) or long-term (chronic) exposure to a given TAC.

BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT THRESHOLDS

The BAAQMD Guidelines provide guidance for Bay Area project proponents and the public for determining whether, based on substantial evidence, a project may have a significant effect on the environment under California Public Resources Code, Section 21082.2, or if a project may result in the exposure of sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations. In early 2012, the BAAQMD was ordered by the Alameda County Superior Court to set aside their air quality thresholds because the district board adopted the thresholds without undergoing CEQA review. The BAAQMD appealed this decision, and the Court of Appeal overturned the Superior Court decision. The appellate court decision, however, has been appealed to the California Supreme Court, which granted a limited review. The Supreme Court has limited review to the following issue: Under what circumstances, if any, does CEQA require an analysis of how existing environmental conditions will impact future residents or users (receptors) of a proposed project? With respect to the proposed project, this review would be related to the potential health impacts on its residents due to TAC emissions associated with major roadways and stationary sources in the vicinity of the project site. As of this date, a decision on this appeal is still pending. In light

of these rulings, the BAAQMD is recommending that lead agencies determine their own appropriate air quality thresholds. It is our understanding that the City of Pleasanton is choosing to use the BAAQMD thresholds contained in the 2011 version of the BAAQMD Guidelines to evaluate potential cancer risks on future residents associated with TACs.

Quantitative health-based thresholds prescribed in the BAAQMD Guidelines are shown in Table 1. Project-related air quality impacts estimated in this environmental analysis would be considered significant if any of the applicable significance thresholds presented in Table 1 are exceeded.

If health impacts would exceed these thresholds, the lead agency must implement feasible mitigation measures to reduce the associated impacts. The mitigated project's impacts are then compared again to the significance thresholds. If a project's impacts exceed the thresholds, the BAAQMD strongly encourages lead agencies to consider project alternatives that could lessen any identified significant impact, including a no project alternative in accordance with the CEQA Guidelines, Section 15126.6(e) (BAAQMD 2011).

Table 1

Bay Area Air Quality Management District Air Quality Significance
Thresholds
Risk and Hazards

Addi	tional BAAQMD Requirements		
Pollutant	Operational-Related		
Risk and Hazards for new sources and receptors (Individual Project)	Compliance with Qualified Community Risk Reduction Plan OR Increased cancer risk of > 10.0 in 1 million* Increased non-cancer risk of > 1.0 Hazard Index (Chronic or Acute)* Ambient PM2.5 increase: > 0.3 µg/m3 annual average* Zone of Influence: 1,000-foot radius from property line of source or receptor		
Risk and Hazards for new sources and receptors (Cumulative Threshold)	Compliance with Qualified Community Risk Reduction Plan OR Cancer: > 100 in 1 million (from all local sources)* Non-cancer: > 10.0 Hazard Index (from all local sources) (Chronic)* PM _{2.5} : > 0.8 µg/m³ annual average (from all local sources)* Zone of Influence: 1,000-foot radius from property line of source or receptor		

Source: BAAQMD 2011.
* Emphasis added.

http://www.baaqmd.gov/plans-and-climate/california-environmental-quality-act-cega

Local Community Risk and Hazard Impacts

Local community risk and hazard impacts are associated with TACs and particulate matter less than or equal to 2.5 microns in diameter (PM_{2.5}) because emissions of these pollutants can have significant health impacts at the local level. These thresholds from the BAAQMD Guidelines are intended to apply to projects that would site new permitted or non-permitted sources in proximity to receptors and for projects that would site new sensitive receptors in proximity to permitted or non-permitted sources of TAC or PM_{2.5} emissions. If impacts due to emissions of TACs or PM_{2.5} would exceed any of the thresholds listed below, the proposed project would result in a significant impact:

- Non-compliance with a Community Risk Reduction Plan
- An excess cancer risk level of more than 10 in one million, or a non-cancer (i.e., chronic or acute) hazard index greater than 1.0 would be a significant cumulatively considerable contribution
- An incremental increase of greater than 0.3 micrograms per cubic meter (μg/m³) annual average PM_{2.5} from a single source would be a significant cumulatively considerable contribution.

A project would result in a cumulatively considerable impact if the aggregate total of all past, present, and foreseeable future sources within a 1,000-foot radius from the fenceline of a source, or from the location of a receptor, plus the contribution from the project, would exceed any of the following thresholds:

- Non-compliance with a qualified Community Risk Reduction Plan
- An excess cancer risk levels of more than 100 in one million or a chronic non-cancer hazard index (from all local sources) greater than 10.0
- 0.8 μg/m³ annual average PM_{2.5}.

ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS

The BAAQMD recommends that a lead agency identify all TAC and PM_{2.5} sources located within a 1,000-foot radius of the proposed project site. A lead agency should enlarge the 1,000-foot radius on a case-by-case basis if an unusually large source or sources of risk or hazard emissions that may affect a proposed project is beyond the recommended radius. Permitted sources of TAC and PM_{2.5} should be identified and located as should freeways and major (high-volume) roadways (BAAQMD 2011).

Based on the BAAQMD guidance, major roadways with more than 10,000 annual average daily trips (AADT) were identified within the project vicinity. Valley Avenue was identified as the only roadway in the project vicinity with more than 10,000 AADT. Annual average daily traffic data were obtained for these roadways from the City's Traffic Counts Map, which includes major street traffic count data collected in 2014 (City of Pleasanton 2015). Busch Road was not included in this analysis because the reported AADT is only 3,900. The Roadway Screening Analysis Calculator provided by the BAAQMD was used to determine cancer risk based on the roadway's AADT, distance from the project site, and orientation (BAAQMD 2015). Values found in Table 2 were estimated by inputting the AADT² and distance from the closest residence on the project site to Valley Avenue into the Roadway Screening Analysis Calculator. The screening values for cancer risk and PM_{2.5} for Valley Avenue are shown in Table 2 (see Attachment 2 for the calculator output). The Roadway Screening Analysis Calculator does not provide acute or chronic noncancer hazard indices. According to the BAAQMD's Recommended Methods for Screening and Modeling Local Risks and Hazards, which includes screening tables of cancer risk and PM2.5 that have been replaced by the calculator, "... the maximum [acute and chronic] hazards estimated from the highest AADT were found to be extremely low" (BAAQMD 2012a).

The recently revised Air Toxics Hot Spot Program Risk Assessment Guidelines – Guidance Manual for Preparation of Health Risk Assessments (OEHHA 2015) prepared by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) suggests an adjustment of cancer risk to reflect the fact that people are not home all the time:³

"[The fraction of time at home] can be used to adjust exposure duration and cancer risk from a specific facility's emissions, based on the assumption that exposure to the facility's emissions are not occurring away from home. From the third trimester to age <2 years, 85% of time is spent at home (Table 8.4). From age 2 through <16 years, 72% of time is spent at home. From age 16 years and greater, 73% of time is spent at home (OEHHA 2015, p. 8-5).

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The City traffic count data show AADT at two locations on Valley Avenue in the vicinity of the proposed project: Valley Avenue at Kolln Street and Valley Avenue between Boulder Street and Stanley Boulevard. The higher AADT at the first location—28,700—was used in this analysis to provide a more conservative estimate of health impacts.

The previous 2003 OEHHA Air Toxics Hot Spot Program Risk Assessment Guidelines – Guidance Manual for Preparation of Health Risk Assessments assumed that people would be at their home for 24 hours a day, 7 days per week for a lifetime. The revised 2015 OEHHA guidance reflects the fraction of time at home estimates based on the OEHHA Technical Support Document for Exposure Assessment and Stochastic Analysis published in August 2012.

Over a 70-year lifetime, upon which the cancer risk estimate in the Roadway Screening Analysis Calculator is based, the age-weighted average fraction of time at home based on the above percentages is 73%. Applying this value to the cancer risk estimated using the Roadway Screening Analysis Calculator, the adjusted cancer risk is shown in Table 2.

Table 2
Screening Data for Existing Major Roadways
(within 1,000 feet of the proposed project)

Roadway Segment	Cancer Risk in 1 million	PM2.5 Concentration (µg/m ₃)			
Valley Avenue	13.3	0.26			
Fraction of Time at Home 0.73				9.7	N/A
BAAQMD Individual Screening Threshold				10	0.3
Threshold Exceeded?				No	No

Sources: City of Pleasanton 2015; BAAQMD 2015.

As indicated previously in Table 1, the BAAQMD risk and hazards screening analysis requires that each source's estimated cancer risk and $PM_{2.5}$ concentration be compared to the single-source thresholds (10 in 1 million for cancer risk and 0.3 μ g/m³ for $PM_{2.5}$ concentration). The major roadway would not result in individual impacts that would be above these thresholds, as shown in Table 2. Therefore, impacts related to cancer risk levels, acute and chronic hazard indices, and $PM_{2.5}$ concentrations from roadway sources would be less than significant.

Based on the BAAQMD guidance, existing permitted stationary sources were identified within 1,000 feet of the project vicinity. Stationary source and their screening values for health effects were obtained from the Stationary Source Screening Analysis Tool for Alameda County provided by BAAQMD (BAAQMD 2012b). The only stationary source identified using the stationary source tool is one gasoline dispensing facility (G8344). The source of TACs is apparently a fuel dispensing facility at the City's park maintenance center. The BAAQMD tool reported "N/A" for cancer risk, hazard, and PM_{2.5} for this source. It is assumed the fuel dispensing facility services city vehicles only and is not a commercial gasoline dispensing facility with a high gasoline throughput. Accordingly, it is anticipated that the facility would not exposure residents of the proposed project to substantial levels of TACs or PM_{2.5}. The reported

Other stationary sources identified by the stationary source tool in the vicinity of the proposed project site were more than 1,000 feet away and were not considered to be unusually large sources of TACs or PM_{2.5}. Using Google Earth, another potential stationary source is Utility Vault Company, Inc. (aka Oldcastle Precast, Inc.), which is located south of Valley Avenue from the project site. This source, however, is not identified by the stationary source tool as a permitted stationary source of TACs.

screening values for cancer risk, chronic hazard index, and PM_{2.5} for each of the identified stationary sources are shown in Table 3.

Table 3
Screening Data for Existing Permitted Stationary Sources
(within 1,000 feet of the proposed project)

Plant No.	Plant Name	Street Address	City	Cancer Risk in 1 million	PM _{2.5} Concentration (μg/m³)	Chronic Hazard Index
G8344	City of Pleasanton Service Center	3333 Busch Road	Pleasanton	N/A	N/A	N/A
BAAQMD Individual Screening Threshold				10	0.3	1.0
Threshold Exceeded?				No	No	No

Sources: BAAQMD 2012b.

As indicated previously in Table 1, the BAAQMD risk and hazards screening analysis requires that each source's estimated cancer risk be compared to the single-source thresholds (10 in 1 million for cancer risk, $0.3 \mu g/m^3$ for $PM_{2.5}$ concentration, and a chronic hazard index of 1.0). The existing permitted stationary sources would not result in individual impacts that would be above these thresholds, as shown in Table 3. Therefore, impacts related to cancer risk level, chronic hazard index, or $PM_{2.5}$ concentration from individual stationary sources would be less than significant, and no further analysis is required.

As recommended in the BAAQMD guidelines, all TAC sources that are located within 1,000 feet of a proposed project site should be examined and could include freeways, high volume roadways, truck distribution centers, ports, rail yards, refineries, chrome plating facilities, dry cleaners using perchloroethylene and gasoline dispensing facilities. As applicable, the risk levels from all TAC sources within the project vicinity should be combined to determine the cumulative risk to nearby sensitive receptors. The identified stationary source, however, had no reported cancer risk levels, chronic hazard index, or PM_{2.5} concentrations. Thus, the cumulative levels were not estimated, and the potential health impacts to the residents of the proposed project reflect only those associated with Valley Avenue. As stated previously, impacts related to excess cancer risk levels, acute and chronic hazard indices, and PM_{2.5} concentrations from roadway sources would be less than significant.

If you have any questions regarding this assessment, please feel free to contact me at 530.601.1613 or ddeckman@dudek.com or Jennifer Reed at 949.373.8333 or jreed@dudek.com.

REFERENCES

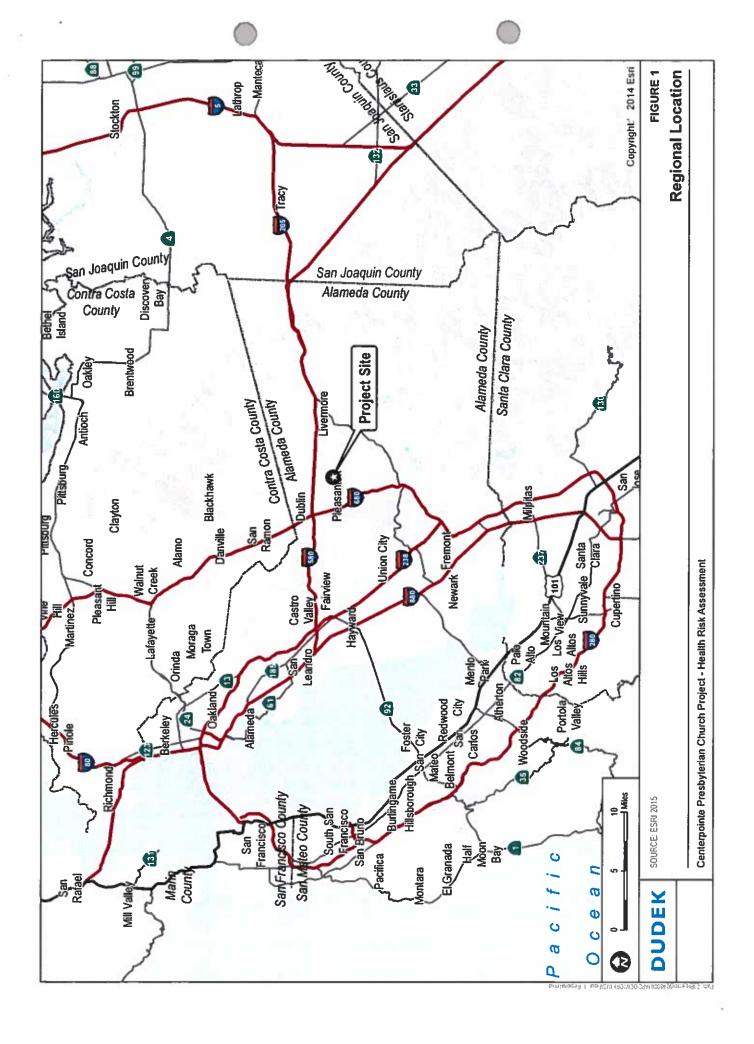
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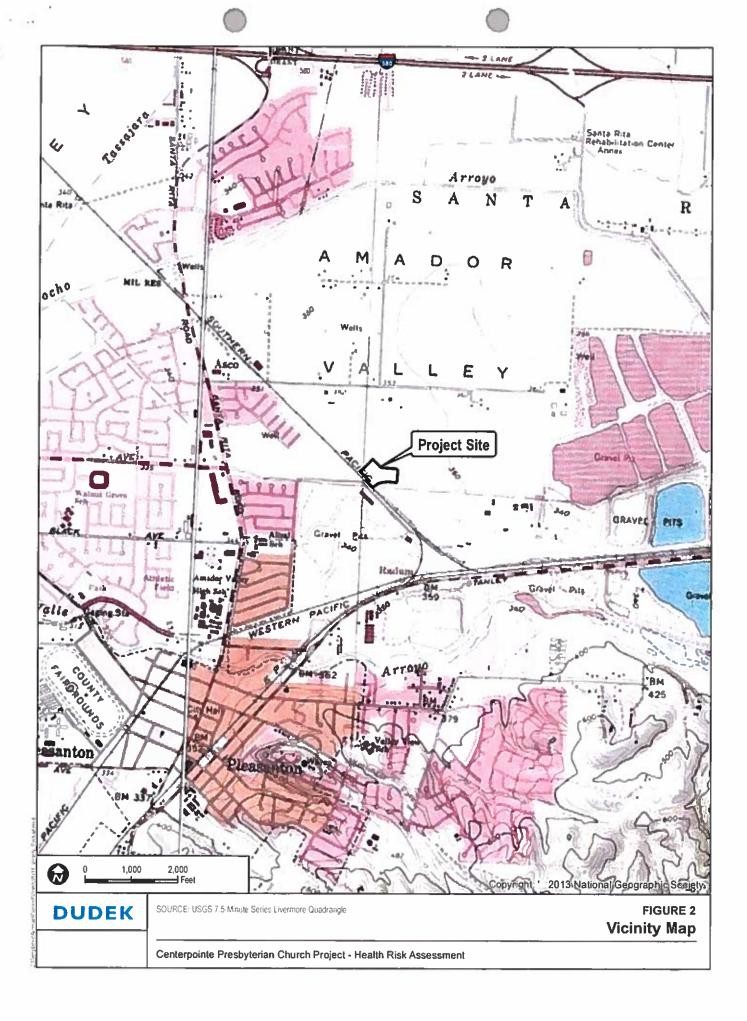
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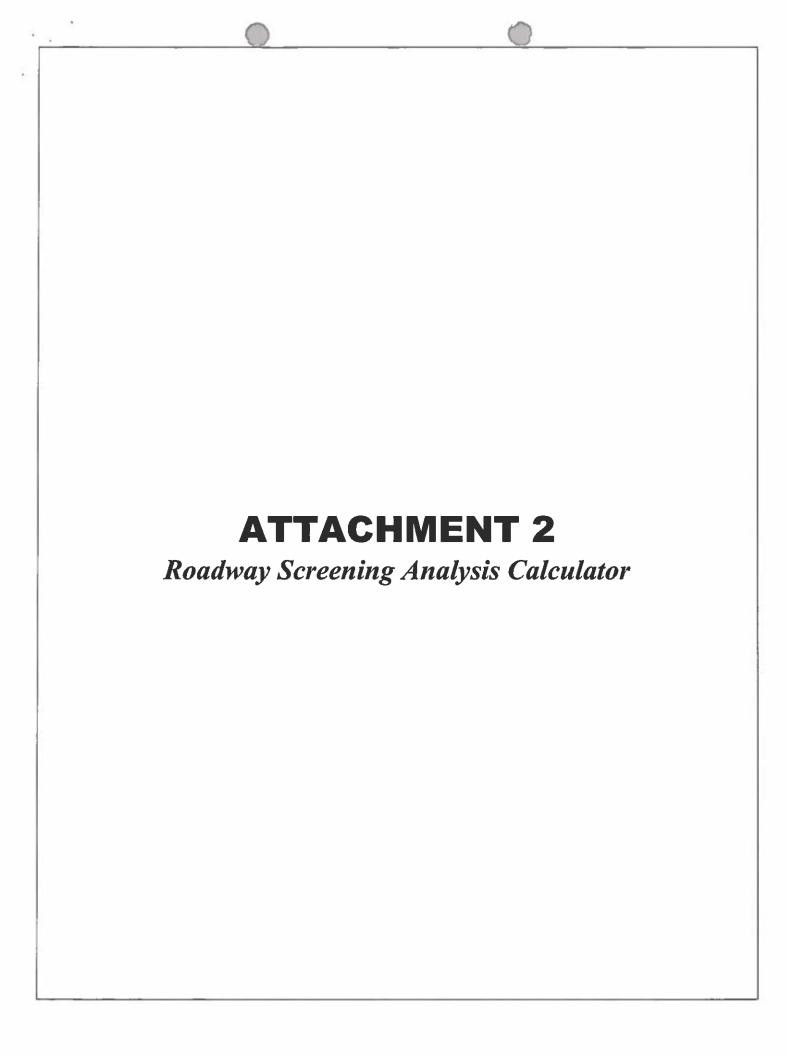




MET DESCRIPTION SHEET INDEX PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH PROPERTY CITY OF PLEASANTON, ALAMEDA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT PROJECT TEAM LOCATION MAP FOR: PONDEROSA HOMES GARDENS AT Civil Engineering & Planning Architecture CENTERPOINTE ABBREVIATIONS 7 Ja รหรนนัดลงติดลิตยที่ยี่ยี่ยะกละ*เ*รติดลิต รูร

Figure 3 Site Plan

Centerpointe Presbytenan Church Project - Health Risk Assassment



Bay Area Air Quality Management District

Roadway Screening Analysis Calculator

County specific tables containing estimates of risk and hazard impacts from roadways in the Bay Area.

MSTRUCTIONS:

Input the skie-specific characteristics of your project by using the drop down menu in the "Search Parameter" box. We recommend that this analysis be used for roadways with 10,000 AADT and above.

· County: Select the County where the project is located. The calculator is only applicable for projects within the raise Bay Area counties.

Roadway Direction: Select the orientation that beat matches the matches the madway, if the madway orientation is nather clearly math-south nor sest-west, use the highest values predicted from alther orientation.

Side of the Roadway: Identify on which side of the roadway the project is located.

- Distance from Roadway. Enter the distance in feet from the meanest edge of the roadway to the project alte. The calculator estimates values for distances greater than 1000 feet, the user can choose to extrapolate values using a distribution curve or apply 1000 feet values for greater distances.

- Annual Avenage Daily Traffic (ADT): Enter the annual avenage daily traffic on the roadway. These data may be collected from the city or the county (if the area is unincorporated):

When the user has completed the data entries, the screening level PMZ.5 armusi everage concentration and the cancer risk nestias will appear in the Results Box on the right. Please note that the needway tool is not applicable for California State Highways and the District refers the user to the Highway Screening Analysis Tool at http://www.basepnd.gov/Divisions/Planning-and-Research/CEQA-GuiDELINES/Tools-and-Methodology.aspx.

Notes and References fished below the Search Boxes

County	-		
Roadway Direction	East-West	ii.	
Side of the Roadway			
Distance from Roadway	110	feet	
Annual Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	28,700		

LY.		(µg/m³)		(per million)	Data for Alameda County based on meteorological data collected from Pleasanton in 2005
Alameda County	PMZ.5 ammusi average	0.256	Cancer Risk	13.31	Data for Alameda County based on

Notes and References:

- 1. Emissions were developed using EMFAC2011 for fleet mix in 2014 assuming 10,000 AADT and includes impacts from desel and gasoline vehicle exhaust, brake and tire wear, and resuspended dust.

 2. Roadways were modeled using CALINE4 air dispersion model assuming a source length of one fidometer. Meteomological data used to estimate the screening values are noted at the bottom of the "Results" box.

 3. Cancer risks were estimated for 70 year fetime exposure starting in 2014 that includes sensitivity values for early life exposures and OEHHA toxicity values adopted in 2013.